SUBSTITUTE FOR HOUSE BILL NO. 5699

A bill to amend 1949 PA 300, entitled "Michigan vehicle code,"

by amending sections 311 and 907 (MCL 257.311 and 257.907), section 311 as amended by 1983 PA 63 and section 907 as amended by 2015 PA 126.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:

- 1 Sec. 311. (1) The licensee shall have his or her operator's or
- 2 chauffeur's license, or the receipt described in section 311a, in
- ${f 3}$ his or her immediate possession at all times when operating a motor
- 4 vehicle, and shall display the same upon his or her operator's or
- 5 chauffeur's license, or the receipt described in section 311a, on
- 6 demand of any a police officer, who shall identify himself or
- 7 herself as such.a police officer.



- 1 (2) Except as provided in subsection (4), a licensee who
 2 violates subsection (1) is guilty of a misdemeanor punishable by
 3 imprisonment for not more than 90 days or a fine of not more than
 4 \$300.00, or both.
- 5 (3) If a licensee is not in immediate possession of his or her 6 operator's or chauffeur's license, or receipt described in section 7 311a, a police officer shall request from the licensee alternative 8 means to verify the licensee's identity, including, but not limited 9 to, any of the following:
- 10 (a) A photograph of the operator's license that the police 11 officer may use to verify the licensee's identity using the law 12 enforcement information network.
 - (b) A receipt or photograph of a valid registration for the motor vehicle that the police officer may use to verify the licensee's identity using the law enforcement information network.
- 16 (c) Information sufficient for the police officer to verify
 17 the licensee's identity through the law enforcement information
 18 network, including, but not limited to, the licensee's name and
 19 date of birth.
 - (4) If a licensee who violates subsection (1) provides sufficient alternate means to verify his or her identity under subsection (3), the licensee is responsible for a civil infraction and may be ordered to pay a civil fine of not more than \$150.00.
- Sec. 907. (1) A violation of this act, or a local ordinance
 that substantially corresponding corresponds to a provision of this
 act, that is designated a civil infraction shall—is not be
 considered a lesser included offense of a criminal offense.
- 28 (2) If a person is determined under sections 741 to 750 to be
 29 responsible or responsible "with explanation" for a civil

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infraction under this act or a local ordinance that substantially 1 2 corresponding corresponds to a provision of this act, the judge or 3 district court magistrate may order the person to pay a civil fine of not more than \$100.00 and costs as provided in subsection (4). 4 However, if the civil infraction was a moving violation that 5 6 resulted in an at-fault collision with another vehicle, a person, 7 or any other object, the civil fine ordered under this section 8 shall must be increased by \$25.00 but the total civil fine shall 9 must not exceed \$100.00. However, for a violation of section 311 10 that is a civil infraction, the licensee may be ordered to pay a 11 civil fine of not more than \$150.00. For a violation of section 602b, the person shall must be ordered to pay costs as provided in 12 subsection (4) and a civil fine of \$100.00 for a first offense and 13 14 \$200.00 for a second or subsequent offense. For a violation of 15 section 674(1)(s) or a local ordinance that substantially corresponding corresponds to section 674(1)(s), the person shall 16 must be ordered to pay costs as provided in subsection (4) and a 17 18 civil fine of not less than \$100.00 or more than \$250.00. For a 19 violation of section 676c, the person shall must be ordered to pay 20 costs as provided in subsection (4) and a civil fine of \$1,000.00. For a violation of section 328, the civil fine ordered under this 21 subsection shall must be not more than \$50.00. For a violation of 22 23 section 710d, the civil fine ordered under this subsection shall must not exceed \$10.00, subject to subsection (12). For a violation 24 25 of section 710e, the civil fine and court costs ordered under this subsection shall must be \$25.00. For a violation of section 682 or 26 a local ordinance substantially corresponding to section 682, the 27 28 person shall must be ordered to pay costs as provided in subsection 29 (4) and a civil fine of not less than \$100.00 or more than \$500.00.

- 1 For a violation of section 240, the civil fine ordered under this
- 2 subsection shall must be \$15.00. For a violation of section
- 3 252a(1), the civil fine ordered under this subsection shall must be
- 4 \$50.00. For a violation of section 676a(3), the civil fine ordered
- 5 under this section shall must be not more than \$10.00. For a first
- 6 violation of section 319f(1), the civil fine ordered under this
- 7 section shall must be not less than \$2,500.00 or more than
- 8 \$2,750.00; for a second or subsequent violation, the civil fine
- 9 shall must be not less than \$5,000.00 or more than \$5,500.00. For a
- 10 violation of section 319g(1)(a), the civil fine ordered under this
- 11 section shall must be not more than \$10,000.00. For a violation of
- 12 section 319g(1)(g), the civil fine ordered under this section shall
- 13 must be not less than \$2,750.00 or more than \$25,000.00. Permission
- 14 may be granted for payment of a civil fine and costs to be made
- 15 within a specified period of time or in specified installments, but
- 16 unless permission is included in the order or judgment, the civil
- 17 fine and costs shall must be payable immediately.
- 18 (3) Except as provided in this subsection, if a person is
- 19 determined to be responsible or responsible "with explanation" for
- 20 a civil infraction under this act or a local ordinance that
- 21 substantially corresponding corresponds to a provision of this act
- 22 while driving a commercial motor vehicle, he or she shall must be
- 23 ordered to pay costs as provided in subsection (4) and a civil fine
- 24 of not more than \$250.00.
- 25 (4) If a civil fine is ordered under subsection (2) or (3),
- 26 the judge or district court magistrate shall summarily tax and
- 27 determine the costs of the action, which are not limited to the
- 28 costs taxable in ordinary civil actions, and may include all
- 29 expenses, direct and indirect, to which the plaintiff has been put

- 1 in connection with the civil infraction, up to the entry of
- 2 judgment. Costs shall must not be ordered in excess of \$100.00. A
- 3 civil fine ordered under subsection (2) or (3) shall must not be
- 4 waived unless costs ordered under this subsection are waived.
- 5 Except as otherwise provided by law, costs are payable to the
- 6 general fund of the plaintiff.
- 7 (5) In addition to a civil fine and costs ordered under
- 8 subsection (2) or (3) and subsection (4) and the justice system
- 9 assessment ordered under subsection (13), the judge or district
- 10 court magistrate may order the person to attend and complete a
- 11 program of treatment, education, or rehabilitation.
- 12 (6) A district court magistrate shall impose the sanctions
- 13 permitted under subsections (2), (3), and (5) only to the extent
- 14 expressly authorized by the chief judge or only judge of the
- 15 district court district.
- 16 (7) Each district of the district court and each municipal
- 17 court may establish a schedule of civil fines, costs, and
- 18 assessments to be imposed for civil infractions that occur within
- 19 the respective district or city. If a schedule is established, it
- 20 shall must be prominently posted and readily available for public
- 21 inspection. A schedule need not include all violations that are
- 22 designated by law or ordinance as civil infractions. A schedule may
- 23 exclude cases on the basis of a defendant's prior record of civil
- 24 infractions or traffic offenses, or a combination of civil
- 25 infractions and traffic offenses.
- 26 (8) The state court administrator shall annually publish and
- 27 distribute to each district and court a recommended range of civil
- 28 fines and costs for first-time civil infractions. This
- 29 recommendation is not binding upon on the courts having

- jurisdiction over civil infractions but is intended to act as a
 normative guide for judges and district court magistrates and a
 basis for public evaluation of disparities in the imposition of
- 4 civil fines and costs throughout the state.
- (9) If a person has received a civil infraction citation for defective safety equipment on a vehicle under section 683, the court shall waive a civil fine, costs, and assessments upon on receipt of certification by a law enforcement agency that repair of the defective equipment was made before the appearance date on the citation.
- 11 (10) A default in the payment of a civil fine or costs ordered under subsection (2), (3), or (4) or a justice system assessment 12 ordered under subsection (13), or an installment of the fine, 13 14 costs, or assessment, may be collected by a means authorized for 15 the enforcement of a judgment under chapter 40 of the revised judicature act of 1961, 1961 PA 236, MCL 600.4001 to 600.4065, or 16 under chapter 60 of the revised judicature act of 1961, 1961 PA 17 236, MCL 600.6001 to 600.6098. 18
 - (11) If a person fails to comply with an order or judgment issued under this section within the time prescribed by the court, the driver's driver license of that person shall must be suspended under section 321a until full compliance with that order or judgment occurs. In addition to this suspension, the court may also proceed under section 908.
- 25 (12) The court may waive any civil fine, cost, or assessment 26 against a person who received a civil infraction citation for a 27 violation of section 710d if the person, before the appearance date 28 on the citation, supplies the court with evidence of acquisition, 29 purchase, or rental of a child seating system meeting the

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- 1 requirements of section 710d.
- 2 (13) In addition to any civil fines or costs ordered to be
- 3 paid under this section, the judge or district court magistrate
- 4 shall order the defendant to pay a justice system assessment of
- 5 \$40.00 for each civil infraction determination, except for a
- 6 parking violation or a violation for which the total fine and costs
- 7 imposed are \$10.00 or less. Upon payment of the assessment, the
- 8 clerk of the court shall transmit the assessment collected to the
- 9 state treasury to be deposited into the justice system fund created
- 10 in section 181 of the revised judicature act of 1961, 1961 PA 236,
- 11 MCL 600.181. An assessment levied under this subsection is not a
- 12 civil fine for purposes of section 909.
- 13 (14) If a person has received a citation for a violation of
- 14 section 223, the court shall waive any civil fine, costs, and
- 15 assessment, upon receipt of certification by a law enforcement
- 16 agency that the person, before the appearance date on the citation,
- 17 produced a valid registration certificate that was valid on the
- 18 date the violation of section 223 occurred.
- 19 (15) If a person has received a citation for a violation of
- 20 section 328(1) for failing to produce a certificate of insurance
- 21 under section 328(2), the court may waive the fee described in
- 22 section 328(3)(c) and shall waive any fine, costs, and any other
- 23 fee or assessment otherwise authorized under this act upon receipt
- 24 of verification by the court that the person, before the appearance
- 25 date on the citation, produced valid proof of insurance that was in
- 26 effect at the time the violation of section 328(1) occurred.
- 27 Insurance obtained subsequent to the time of the violation does not
- 28 make the person eligible for a waiver under this subsection.
- 29 (16) If a person is determined to be responsible or

- 1 responsible "with explanation" for a civil infraction under this
- 2 act or a local ordinance substantially corresponding to a provision
- 3 of this act and the civil infraction arises out of the ownership or
- 4 operation of a commercial quadricycle, he or she shall must be
- 5 ordered to pay costs as provided in subsection (4) and a civil fine
- **6** of not more than \$500.00.
- 7 (17) As used in this section, "moving violation" means an act
- 8 or omission prohibited under this act or a local ordinance
- 9 substantially corresponding to this act that involves the operation
- 10 of a motor vehicle and for which a fine may be assessed.

