## SUBSTITUTE FOR

## SENATE BILL NO. 23

A bill to prohibit the theft of mail; to provide for the powers and duties of certain state and local governmental officers and entities; and to prescribe penalties and provide remedies.

## THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:

- 1 Sec. 1. This act shall be known and may be cited as the "mail
- 2 and mail depository protection act".
- 3 Sec. 2. As used in this act:
- 4 (a) "Mail" means a letter, postal card, package, bag, or any
- 5 other article or thing contained therein, or other sealed article
- 6 addressed to a person.
- 7 (b) "Mail carrier" means a person who is employed to deliver
- 8 and collect mail.
- 9 (c) "Mail depository" means a mailbox, letter box, or mail
- 10 receptacle, a post office or a station of a post office, a postal

- 1 service vehicle, or any authorized depository for mail.
- 2 (d) "Person" means an individual, partnership, corporation,
- 3 limited liability company, association, or other legal entity.
- 4 Sec. 3. (1) A person shall not do any of the following with
- 5 respect to mail that is addressed to another person:
- 6 (a) Knowingly and intentionally remove mail from a mail
- 7 depository.
- 8 (b) Knowingly and intentionally take mail from a mail carrier.
- 9 (c) Obtain custody of mail by intentionally deceiving a mail
- 10 carrier, or other person who rightfully possesses or controls the
- 11 mail, by making a written, verbal, or electronic representation
- 12 that the person knows to be false with intent to deceive and
- 13 actually deceive a mail carrier or other person who possesses or
- 14 controls the mail.
- 15 (d) Knowingly and intentionally remove the contents of mail.
- 16 (e) Knowingly and intentionally take mail that has been left
- 17 for delivery at the location specified on the mail.
- 18 (f) Knowingly and intentionally take mail that has been left
- 19 for collection on or adjacent to a mail depository.
- 20 (g) Knowingly and intentionally destroy or damage mail.
- 21 (h) Receive, possess, transfer, or conceal mail, knowing or
- 22 having reason to believe the mail was obtained in violation of this
- 23 section or in a manner that is otherwise prohibited by the law of
- 24 this state or of the United States.
- 25 (2) Except for a person that is charged with a violation of
- 26 subsection (1)(c), a person may assert 1 or more of the following
- 27 as an affirmative defense to an alleged violation of subsection

- **1** (1):
- 2 (a) That the person acted with the consent of the person to
- 3 whom the mail was addressed, unless that person gave consent
- 4 knowing that the information would be used to commit an unlawful
- 5 act.
- 6 (b) That the action taken was authorized or required by state
- 7 or federal law, rule, or regulation, or a court order or rule.
- 8 (c) That the person is the legal guardian of a child or an
- 9 adult and is authorized to possess the mail of that child or adult
- 10 and to make decisions regarding access to that mail.
- 11 (3) A person asserting an affirmative defense under subsection
- 12 (2) has the burden of establishing the affirmative defense by a
- 13 preponderance of the evidence.
- 14 (4) A person who violates this section is guilty of a crime
- punishable as follows:
- 16 (a) Except as otherwise provided in subdivisions (b), (c), and
- 17 (d), the person is guilty of a misdemeanor punishable by
- 18 imprisonment for not more than 1 year or a fine of not more than
- **19** \$500.00, or both.
- 20 (b) If the violation is a second violation of this section,
- 21 the person is guilty of a felony punishable by imprisonment for not
- 22 more than 5 years or a fine of not more than \$1,000.00, or both.
- 23 (c) If the violation is a third or subsequent violation of
- 24 this section, the person is guilty of a felony punishable by
- 25 imprisonment for not more than 10 years or a fine of not more than
- 26 \$2,000.00, or both.
- 27 (d) If the violation of this section involved the theft of

- 1 mail by a person with the intent to commit fraud, the person is
- 2 guilty of a felony punishable by imprisonment for not more than 5
- 3 years or a fine of not more than \$1,000.00, or both.
- 4 (5) This section applies whether a person whose mail is
- 5 obtained, or attempted to be obtained, if the person is an
- 6 individual, in violation of this section is alive or deceased at
- 7 the time of the violation.
- 8 (6) This section does not prohibit a person from being charged
- 9 with, convicted of, or sentenced for any other violation of law
- 10 committed by that person using mail obtained in violation of this
- 11 section or any other violation of law committed by that person
- 12 while violating or attempting to violate this section.
- 13 (7) It is an affirmative defense to a prosecution under this
- 14 section that the person lawfully transferred, obtained, or
- 15 attempted to obtain mail for the purpose of detecting, preventing,
- 16 or deterring mail theft or another crime. The defendant has the
- 17 burden of establishing the affirmative defense by a preponderance
- 18 of the evidence.
- 19 Enacting section 1. This act takes effect 90 days after the
- 20 date it is enacted into law.