HOUSE BILL NO. 5031

September 25, 2019, Introduced by Rep. Bollin and referred to the Committee on Elections and Ethics.

by amending section 662 (MCL 168.662), as amended by 2004 PA 92.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:

- 1 Sec. 662. (1) The legislative body in each city , village, and
- 2 township shall designate and prescribe the place or places of
- 3 holding an election for a city, village, or township election, and
- 4 shall provide a suitable polling place in or for each precinct
- 5 located in the city , village, or township for use at each
- 6 election. Except as otherwise provided in this section, school





- buildings, fire stations, police stations, and other publicly owned 1 2 or controlled buildings shall must be used as polling places. If it is not possible or convenient to use a publicly owned or controlled 3 4 building as a polling place, the legislative body of the city -or 5 township , or village may use as a polling place a building owned or controlled by an organization that is exempt from federal income 6 7 tax as provided by section 501(c), other than 501(c)(4), (5), or 8 (6), of the internal revenue code of 1986, or any successor 9 statute. 26 USC 501. The legislative body of a city - or township -10 or village shall not designate as a polling place a building that 11 is owned by a person who that is a sponsor of a political committee or independent committee. A city - or township - or village shall 12 13 not use as a polling place a building that does not meet the 14 requirements of this section. As used in this subsection, "sponsor 15 of a political committee or independent committee" means a person 16 who-that is described as being a sponsor under section 24(3) of the Michigan campaign finance act, 1976 PA 388, MCL 169.224, and 17 18 includes a subsidiary of a corporation or a local of a labor organization, if the corporation or labor organization is 19 20 considered a sponsor under section 24(3) of the Michigan campaign 21 finance act, 1976 PA 388, MCL 169.224. (2) The legislative body in each city , village, and township 22 shall make arrangements for the rental or erection of suitable 23 24 buildings for use as polling places if publicly owned or controlled 25 buildings are not available, and shall have the polling places 26 equipped with the necessary facilities for lighting and with
- 28 may establish a central polling place or places for 6 precincts or

adequate facilities for heat and ventilation. The legislative body

29 less if it is possible and convenient for the electors to vote at



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the central polling place. The legislative body may abolish other
polling places not required as a result of the establishment of a
central polling place.

- 4 (3) The legislative body of a city , village, or township may 5 establish a polling place at a for profit or nonprofit residence or facility in which 150 persons individuals or more aged 62 or older 6 reside, or at an apartment building or complex in which 150 persons 7 8 individuals or more reside, or, unless prohibited under subsection 9 (1), any privately owned building. A township board may provide 10 polling places located within the limits of a city that has been 11 incorporated from territory formerly a part of the township, and the electors of the township may cast their ballots at those 12 13 polling places. If 2 contiguous townships utilize a combined 14 township hall or other publicly owned or controlled building within 15 1 of the township's boundaries and outside of the other township's 16 boundaries, and there is not another publicly owned or controlled building or a building owned or controlled by an organization that 17 18 is exempt from federal income tax, as provided by section 501(c), other than 501(c)(4), (5), or (6), of the internal revenue code of 19 20 1986, 26 USC 501, available or suitable for a polling place within 21 the other township, then each township board may provide a polling 22 place in that publicly owned building for 1 or more election 23 precinct.
 - (4) The legislative body of a city , village, or township shall not establish, move, or abolish a polling place less than 60 days before an election unless necessary because a polling place has been damaged, destroyed, or rendered inaccessible or unusable as a polling place.
 - (5) The legislative body of a city , village, or township



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shall ensure that a polling place established under this section is accessible and complies with the voting accessibility for the elderly and handicapped act and the help America vote act of 2002.

(6) As used in this section, "accessible" means the removal or modification of policies, practices, and procedures that deny an individual with a disability the opportunity to vote, including the removal of physical barriers as identified in section 261(b) of the help America vote act of 2002, 42 USC 15421, 52 USC 21021, so as to ensure individuals with disabilities the opportunity to participate in elections in this state.

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