HOUSE BILL NO. 5156

October 24, 2019, Introduced by Reps. Guerra, Yancey, Pohutsky, Clemente, Cynthia Johnson, Lasinski, Kennedy, Sneller, Hood, Ellison, Rabhi, Wittenberg, Peterson, Stone, Hoadley, Brenda Carter, Gay-Dagnogo, Pagan, Whitsett, Cherry, Warren, Bolden, Sabo, Garrett, Manoogian, Tyrone Carter, Sowerby, Haadsma, Hope, Cambensy, Brixie, Yaroch, Hammoud and Camilleri and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

A bill to amend 1936 (Ex Sess) PA 1, entitled "Michigan employment security act,"

by amending sections 17 and 29 (MCL 421.17 and 421.29), section 17 as amended by 2011 PA 269 and section 29 as amended by 2013 PA 146, and by adding section 29a.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:

Sec. 17. (1) The unemployment agency shall maintain in the unemployment compensation fund a nonchargeable benefits account and a separate experience account for each employer as provided in this



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- 1 section. This act does not give an employer or individuals in the
- 2 employer's service prior claims or rights to the amount paid by the
- 3 employer to the unemployment compensation fund. All contributions
- 4 to that fund shall must be pooled and available to pay benefits to
- 5 any individual entitled to the benefits under this act,
- 6 irrespective of the source of the contributions.
- 7 (2) The nonchargeable benefits account shall be credited with 8 the following:
- 9 (a) All net earnings received on money, property, or10 securities in the fund.
- 11 (b) Any positive balance remaining in the employer's
 12 experience account as of the second June 30 computation date
 13 occurring after the employer has ceased to be subject to this act
 14 or after the employer has elected to change from a contributing
 15 employer to a reimbursing employer.
- (c) The proceeds of the nonchargeable benefits component of
 employers' contribution rates determined as provided in section
 19(a)(5).
- 19 (d) All reimbursements received under section 11(c).
- 20 (e) All amounts that may be paid or advanced by the federal 21 government under section 903 or section 1201 of the social security 22 act, 42 USC 1103 and 1321, to the account of the state in the 23 federal unemployment trust fund.
- 24 (f) All benefits improperly paid to claimants that have been
 25 recovered and that were previously charged to an employer's
 26 account.
- 27 (g) Any benefits forfeited by an individual by application of section 62(b).
- 29 (h) The amount of any benefit check, any employer refund



- 1 check, any claimant restitution refund check, or other payment duly
- 2 issued that has not been presented for payment within 1 year after
- 3 the date of issue.

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- 4 (i) Any other unemployment fund income not creditable to the5 experience account of any employer.
- 6 (j) Any negative balance transferred to an employer's new7 experience account pursuant to this section.
- 8 (k) Amounts transferred from the contingent fund under section
 9 10.
- 10 (3) The nonchargeable benefits account shall be charged with
 11 the following:
 - (a) Any negative balance remaining in an employer's experience account as of the second June 30 computation date occurring after the employer has ceased to be subject to this act or has elected to change from a contributing employer to a reimbursing employer.
- (b) Refunds of amounts erroneously collected due to the nonchargeable benefits component of an employer's contribution rate.
- (c) All training benefits paid under section 27(g) not
 reimbursable by the federal government and based on service with a
 contributing employer.
 - (d) Any positive balance credited or transferred to an employer's new experience account under this subsection.
 - (e) Repayments to the federal government of amounts advanced by it under section 1201 of the social security act, 42 USC 1321, to the unemployment compensation fund established by this act.
- (f) The amounts received by the unemployment compensation fund under section 903 of the social security act, 42 USC 1103, that may be appropriated to the unemployment agency in accordance with



- 1 subsection (8).
- 2 (g) All benefits determined to have been improperly paid to
 3 claimants that have been credited to employers' accounts in
 4 accordance with section 20(a).
- (h) The amount of any substitute check or other payment issued
 to replace an uncashed benefit check, employer refund check,
 claimant restitution refund check, or other payment previously
 credited to this account.
- 9 (i) The amount of any benefit check or other payment issued 10 that would be chargeable to the experience account of an employer 11 who has ceased to be subject to this act, and who has had a balance 12 transferred from the employer's experience account to the solvency 13 or nonchargeable benefits account.
- 14 (j) All benefits that become nonchargeable to an employer

 15 under section 19(b) or (c), $\frac{29(1)}{(a)} \frac{(ii)}{(ii)} \frac{(iii)}{(iii)} \frac{29(1)}{(a)} \frac{(i)}{(i)}$ to (iv)

 16 or (3), or 42a.
- 17 (k) For benefit years beginning before October 1, 2000, with 18 benefits allocated under section 20(c)(2) for a week of 19 unemployment in which a claimant earns remuneration with a 20 contributing employer that equals or exceeds the amount of benefits 21 allocated to that contributing employer, and for benefit years 22 beginning on or after October 1, 2000, with benefits allocated 23 under section 20(f) for a week of unemployment in which a claimant 24 earns remuneration with a contributing employer that equals or 25 exceeds the amount of benefits allocated to that contributing 26 employer.
 - (l) Benefits that are nonchargeable to an employer's account in accordance with section 20(i) or (j).
 - (m) Benefits otherwise chargeable to the account of an



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employer when the benefits are payable solely on the basis of
combining wages paid by a Michigan employer with wages paid by a
non-Michigan employer under the interstate arrangement for
combining employment and wages under 20 CFR 616.1 to 616.11.

- (4) All contributions paid by an employer shall must be credited to the unemployment compensation fund, and, except as otherwise provided with respect to the proceeds of the nonchargeable benefits component of employers' contribution rates by section 19(a)(5), to the employer's experience account, as of the date when paid. However, those the contributions paid during any July shall be credited as of the immediately preceding June 30. Additional contributions paid by an employer as the result of a retroactive contribution rate adjustment, solely for the purpose of this subsection, shall must be credited to the employer's experience account as if paid when due, if the payment is received within 30 days after the issuance of the initial assessment that results from the contribution rate adjustment and a written request for the application is filed by the employer during this period.
 - (5) If an employer who has ceased to be subject to this act, and who has had a positive or negative balance transferred as provided in subsection (2) or (3) from the employer's experience account to the solvency or nonchargeable benefits account as of the second computation date after the employer has ceased to be subject to this act, becomes subject to this act again within 6 years after that computation date, the unemployment agency shall transfer the positive or negative balance, adjusted by the debits and credits that are made after the date of transfer, to the employer's new experience account.
 - (6) If an employer's status as a reimbursing employer is



- 1 terminated within 6 years after the date the employer's experience
- 2 account as a prior contributing employer was transferred to the
- 3 solvency or nonchargeable benefits account as provided in
- 4 subsection (2) or (3) and the employer continues to be subject to
- 5 this act as a contributing employer, any positive or negative
- 6 balance in the employer's experience account as a prior
- 7 contributing employer , which that was transferred to the solvency
- 8 or nonchargeable benefits account , shall must be transferred to
- 9 the employer's new experience account. However, an employer who is
- 10 delinquent with respect to any reimbursement payments in lieu of
- 11 contributions for which the employer may be liable shall must not
- 12 have a positive balance transferred during the delinquency.
- 13 (7) If a balance is transferred to an employer's new account
- 14 under subsection (5) or (6), the employer shall is not be
- 15 considered a "qualified employer" until the employer has again been
- 16 subject to this act for the period set forth in section 19(a)(1).
- 17 (8) All money credited under section 903 of the social
- 18 security act, 42 USC 1103, to the account of the state in the
- 19 federal unemployment trust fund shall-must immediately be credited
- 20 by the unemployment agency to the fund's nonchargeable benefits
- 21 account. There is authorized to be appropriated to the unemployment
- 22 agency from the money credited to the nonchargeable benefits
- 23 account under this subsection, an amount determined to be necessary
- 24 for the proper and efficient administration by the unemployment
- 25 agency of this act for purposes for which federal grants under
- 26 title 3 of the social security act, 42 USC 501 to $\frac{504}{}$, 505, and the
- 27 Wagner-Peyser act, 29 USC 49 to 49l-2, are not available or are
- 28 insufficient. The appropriation shall expire expires not more than
- 29 2 years after the date of enactment and shall must provide that any



unexpended balance shall then be is credited to the nonchargeable 1 benefits account. An appropriation shall not be made under this 2 subsection for an amount that exceeds must not exceed the "adjusted 3 balance" of the nonchargeable benefits account on the most recent 4 5 computation date. Appropriations made under this subsection shall 6 must limit the total amount that may be obligated by the 7 unemployment agency during a fiscal year to an amount that does not 8 exceed the amount by which the aggregate of the amounts credited to 9 the nonchargeable benefits account under this subsection during the 10 fiscal year and the 24 preceding fiscal years, exceeds the 11 aggregate of the amounts obligated by the unemployment agency by 12 appropriation under this subsection and charged against the amounts 13 thus credited to the nonchargeable benefits account during any of 14 the 25 fiscal years and any amounts credited to the nonchargeable 15 benefits account that have been used for the payment of benefits. 16 Sec. 29. (1) Except as provided in subsection (5), an 17 individual is disqualified from receiving benefits if he or she: 18 (a) Left work voluntarily without good cause attributable to 19 the employer or employing unit. An individual who left work is 20 presumed to have left work voluntarily without good cause 21 attributable to the employer or employing unit. An individual who is absent from work for a period of 3 consecutive work days or more 22 23 without contacting the employer in a manner acceptable to the 24 employer and of which the individual was informed at the time of 25 hire shall be is considered to have voluntarily left work without good cause attributable to the employer. An individual who becomes 26 27 unemployed as a result of negligently losing a requirement for the job of which he or she was informed at the time of hire shall be is 28 29 considered to have voluntarily left work without good cause



- 1 attributable to the employer. An individual claiming benefits under
- 2 this act has the burden of proof to establish that he or she left
- 3 work involuntarily or for good cause that was attributable to the
- 4 employer or employing unit. An individual claiming to have left
- 5 work involuntarily for medical reasons must have done all of the
- 6 following before the leaving: secured a statement from a medical
- 7 professional that continuing in the individual's current job would
- 8 be harmful to the individual's physical or mental health;
- 9 unsuccessfully attempted to secure alternative work with the
- 10 employer; and unsuccessfully attempted to be placed on a leave of
- 11 absence with the employer to last until the individual's mental or
- 12 physical health would no longer be harmed by the current job.
- 13 However, if any of the following conditions is are met, the leaving
- 14 does not disqualify the individual:
- 15 (i) The individual has an established benefit year in effect
- 16 and during that benefit year leaves unsuitable work within 60 days
- 17 after the beginning of that work. Benefits paid after a leaving
- 18 under this subparagraph shall must not be charged to the experience
- 19 account of the employer the individual left, but shall must be
- 20 charged instead to the nonchargeable benefits account.
- 21 (ii) The individual is the spouse of a full-time member of the
- 22 United States armed forces, Armed Forces, and the leaving is due to
- 23 the military duty reassignment of that member of the United States
- 24 armed forces Armed Forces to a different geographic location.
- 25 Benefits paid after a leaving under this subparagraph shall must
- 26 not be charged to the experience account of the employer the
- 27 individual left, but shall must be charged instead to the
- 28 nonchargeable benefits account.
- 29 (iii) The individual is concurrently working part-time for an



- 1 employer or employing unit and for another employer or employing
- 2 unit and voluntarily leaves the part-time work while continuing
- 3 work with the other employer. The portion of the benefits paid in
- 4 accordance with this subparagraph that would otherwise be charged
- 5 to the experience account of the part-time employer that the
- 6 individual left shall must not be charged to the account of that
- 7 employer, but shall must be charged instead to the nonchargeable
- 8 benefits account.
- 9 (iv) The individual is a victim of domestic violence who meets
 10 the requirements in section 29a. Benefits paid after a leaving
 11 under this subparagraph must not be charged to the experience
- 12 account of the employer the individual left, but must be charged
- 13 instead to the nonchargeable benefits account.
- (b) Was suspended or discharged for misconduct connected with
- 15 the individual's work or for intoxication while at work.
- 16 (c) Failed without good cause to apply diligently for
- 17 available suitable work after receiving notice from the
- 18 unemployment agency of the availability of that work or failed to
- 19 apply for work with employers that could reasonably be expected to
- 20 have suitable work available.
- 21 (d) Failed without good cause while unemployed to report to
- 22 the individual's former employer or employing unit within a
- 23 reasonable time after that employer or employing unit provided
- 24 notice of the availability of an interview concerning available
- 25 suitable work with the former employer or employing unit.
- (e) Failed without good cause to accept suitable work offered
- 27 to the individual or to return to the individual's customary self-
- 28 employment, if any, when directed by the employment office or the
- 29 unemployment agency. An employer that receives a monetary



- 1 determination under section 32 may notify the unemployment agency
- 2 regarding the availability of suitable work with the employer on
- 3 the monetary determination or other form provided by the
- 4 unemployment agency. Upon receipt of the notice of the availability
- 5 of suitable work, the unemployment agency shall notify the claimant
- 6 of the availability of suitable work. Until 1 year after the
- 7 effective date of the amendatory act that added this sentence, an
- 8 individual is considered to have refused an offer of suitable work
- 9 if the prospective employer requires as a condition of the offer a
- 10 drug test that is subject to the same terms and conditions as a
- ${\tt 11}$ drug test administered under subdivision (m), and the employer
- 12 withdraws the conditional offer after either of the following:
- 13 (i) The individual tests positive for a controlled substance
- 14 and lacks a valid, documented prescription, as defined in section
- 15 17708 of the public health code, 1978 PA 368, MCL 333.17708, for
- 16 the controlled substance issued to the individual by his or her
- 17 treating physician.
- 18 (ii) The individual refuses without good cause to submit to the
- 19 drug test.
- (f) Lost his or her job due to absence from work resulting
- 21 from a violation of law for which the individual was convicted and
- 22 sentenced to jail or prison. This subdivision does not apply if
- 23 conviction of an individual results in a sentence to county jail
- 24 under conditions of day parole as provided in 1962 PA 60, MCL
- 25 801.251 to 801.258, or if the conviction was for a traffic
- 26 violation that resulted in an absence of less than 10 consecutive
- 27 work days from the individual's place of employment.
- 28 (g) Is discharged, whether or not the discharge is
- 29 subsequently reduced to a disciplinary layoff or suspension, for



- 1 participation in either of the following:
- 2 (i) A strike or other concerted action in violation of an
- 3 applicable collective bargaining agreement that results in
- 4 curtailment of work or restriction of or interference with
- 5 production.
- 6 (ii) A wildcat strike or other concerted action not authorized
- 7 by the individual's recognized bargaining representative.
- 8 (h) Was discharged for an act of assault and battery connected
- 9 with the individual's work.
- 10 (i) Was discharged for theft connected with the individual's
- **11** work.
- 12 (j) Was discharged for willful destruction of property
- 13 connected with the individual's work.
- 14 (k) Committed a theft after receiving notice of a layoff or
- 15 discharge, but before the effective date of the layoff or
- 16 discharge, resulting in loss or damage to the employer who would
- 17 otherwise be chargeable for the benefits, regardless of whether the
- 18 individual qualified for the benefits before the theft.
- (l) Was employed by a temporary help firm, which as used in
- 20 this section means an employer whose primary business is to provide
- 21 a client with the temporary services of 1 or more individuals under
- 22 contract with the employer, to perform services for a client of
- 23 that firm if each of the following conditions is met:
- 24 (i) The temporary help firm provided the employee with a
- 25 written notice before the employee began performing services for
- 26 the client stating in substance both of the following:
- 27 (A) That within 7 days after completing services for a client
- 28 of the temporary help firm, the employee is under a duty to notify
- 29 the temporary help firm of the completion of those services.



- 1 (B) That a failure to provide the temporary help firm with
 2 notice of the employee's completion of services pursuant to sub3 subparagraph (A) constitutes a voluntary quit that will affect the
 4 employee's eligibility for unemployment compensation should—if the
 5 employee seek seeks unemployment compensation following completion
 6 of those services.
- 7 (ii) The employee did not provide the temporary help firm with 8 notice that the employee had completed his or her services for the 9 client within 7 days after completion of his or her services for 10 the client.
- (m) Was discharged for illegally ingesting, injecting, 11 12 inhaling, or possessing a controlled substance on the premises of 13 the employer; refusing to submit to a drug test that was required 14 to be administered in a nondiscriminatory manner; or testing 15 positive on a drug test, if the test was administered in a nondiscriminatory manner. If the worker disputes the result of the 16 17 testing, and if a generally accepted confirmatory test has not been 18 administered on the same sample previously tested, then a generally 19 accepted confirmatory test shall must be administered on that 20 sample. If the confirmatory test also indicates a positive result 21 for the presence of a controlled substance, the worker who is 22 discharged as a result of the test result will be disqualified 23 under this subdivision. A report by a drug testing facility showing a positive result for the presence of a controlled substance is 24 25 conclusive unless there is substantial evidence to the contrary. As 26 used in this subdivision: and subdivision (e):
 - (i) "Controlled substance" means that term as defined in section 7104 of the public health code, 1978 PA 368, MCL 333.7104.
 - (ii) "Drug test" means a test designed to detect the illegal



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- 1 use of a controlled substance.
- 2 (iii) "Nondiscriminatory manner" means administered impartially
- 3 and objectively in accordance with a collective bargaining
- 4 agreement, rule, policy, a verbal or written notice, or a labor-
- 5 management contract.
- 6 (n) Theft from the employer that resulted in the employee's
- 7 conviction, within 2 years of the date of the discharge, of theft
- 8 or a lesser included offense.
- 9 (2) A disqualification under subsection (1) begins the week in
- 10 which the act or discharge that caused the disqualification occurs
- 11 and continues until the disqualified individual requalifies under
- 12 subsection (3).
- 13 (3) After the week in which the disqualifying act or discharge
- 14 described in subsection (1) occurs, an individual who seeks to
- 15 requalify for benefits is subject to all of the following:
- 16 (a) For benefit years established before October 1, 2000, the
- 17 individual shall must complete 6 requalifying weeks if he or she
- 18 was disqualified under subsection (1)(c), (d), (e), (f), (g), or
- 19 (l), or 13 requalifying weeks if he or she was disqualified under
- 20 subsection (1)(h), (i), (j), (k), or (m). A requalifying week
- 21 required under this subdivision is each week in which the
- 22 individual does any of the following:
- 23 (i) Earns or receives remuneration in an amount at least equal
- 24 to an amount needed to earn a credit week, as that term is defined
- **25** in section 50.
- (ii) Otherwise meets all of the requirements of this act to
- 27 receive a benefit payment if the individual were not disqualified
- 28 under subsection (1).
- 29 (iii) Receives a benefit payment based on credit weeks



- 1 subsequent to the disqualifying act or discharge.
- 2 (b) For benefit years established before October 1, 2000, if
- 3 the individual is disqualified under subsection (1)(a) or (b), he
- 4 or she shall must requalify, after the week in which the
- 5 disqualifying discharge occurred by earning in employment for an
- 6 employer liable under this act or the unemployment compensation act
- 7 of another state an amount equal to, or in excess of, 7 times the
- 8 individual's potential weekly benefit rate, calculated on the basis
- 9 of employment with the employer involved in the disqualification,
- 10 or by earning in employment for an employer liable under this act
- 11 or the unemployment compensation act of another state an amount
- 12 equal to, or in excess of, 40 times the state minimum hourly wage
- 13 times 7, whichever is the lesser amount.
- 14 (c) For benefit years established before October 1, 2000, a
- 15 benefit payable to an individual disqualified under subsection
- 16 (1)(a) or (b) shall must be charged to the nonchargeable benefits
- 17 account, and not to the account of the employer with whom the
- 18 individual was involved in the disqualification.
- 19 (d) For benefit years beginning on or after October 1, 2000,
- 20 after the week in which the disqualifying act or discharge
- 21 occurred, an individual shall must complete 13 requalifying weeks
- 22 if he or she was disqualified under subsection (1)(c), (d), (e),
- 23 (f), (g), or (l), or 26 requalifying weeks if he or she was
- 24 disqualified under subsection (1)(h), (i), (j), (k), (m), or (n). A
- 25 requalifying week required under this subdivision is each week in
- 26 which the individual does any of the following:
- 27 (i) Earns or receives remuneration in an amount equal to at
- 28 least 1/13 of the minimum amount needed in a calendar quarter of
- 29 the base period for an individual to qualify for benefits, rounded



- 1 down to the nearest whole dollar.
- 2 (ii) Otherwise meets all of the requirements of this act to receive a benefit payment if the individual was not disqualified under subsection (1).
- (e) For benefit years beginning on or after October 1, 2000 and beginning before April 26, 2002, if the individual is disqualified under subsection (1)(a) or (b), he or she shall must requalify, after the week in which the disqualifying act or discharge occurred by earning in employment for an employer liable under this act or the unemployment compensation law of another state at least the lesser of the following:
- 12 (i) Seven times the individual's weekly benefit rate.
- 13 (ii) Forty times the state minimum hourly wage times 7.
- (f) For benefit years beginning on or after April 26, 2002, if the individual is disqualified under subsection (1)(a), he or she shall must requalify, after the week in which the disqualifying act or discharge occurred by earning in employment for an employer liable under this act or the unemployment compensation law of another state at least 12 times the individual's weekly benefit rate.
 - (g) For benefit years beginning on or after April 26, 2002, if the individual is disqualified under subsection (1)(b), he or she shall must requalify, after the week in which the disqualifying act or discharge occurred by earning in employment for an employer liable under this act or the unemployment compensation law of another state at least 17 times the individual's weekly benefit rate.
- (h) A benefit payable to the individual disqualified orseparated under disqualifying circumstances under subsection (1)(a)



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- ${f 1}$ or (b), ${f shall}$ must be charged to the nonchargeable benefits
- 2 account, and not to the account of the employer with whom the
- 3 individual was involved in the separation. Benefits payable to an
- 4 individual determined by the unemployment agency to be separated
- 5 under disqualifying circumstances shall must not be charged to the
- 6 account of the employer involved in the disqualification for any
- 7 period after the employer notifies the unemployment agency of the
- 8 claimant's possible ineligibility or disqualification. However, an
- 9 individual filing a new claim for benefits who reports the reason
- 10 for separation from a base period employer as a voluntary leaving
- 11 shall be is presumed to have voluntarily left without good cause
- 12 attributable to the employer and shall be is disqualified unless
- 13 the individual provides substantial evidence to rebut the
- 14 presumption. If a disqualifying act or discharge occurs during the
- 15 individual's benefit year, any benefits that may become payable to
- 16 the individual in a later benefit year based on employment with the
- 17 employer involved in the disqualification shall must be charged to
- 18 the nonchargeable benefits account.
- (4) The maximum amount of benefits otherwise available undersection 27(d) to an individual disqualified under subsection (1) is
- section 27(d) to an individual disqualified under subsection (1)
- 21 subject to all of the following conditions:
- 22 (a) For benefit years established before October 1, 2000, if
- 23 the individual is disqualified under subsection (1)(c), (d), (e),
- **24** (f), (q), or (l) and the maximum amount of benefits is based on
- 25 wages and credit weeks earned from an employer before an act or
- 26 discharge involving that employer, the amount shall must be reduced
- 27 by an amount equal to the individual's weekly benefit rate as to
- 28 that employer multiplied by the lesser of either of the following:
- 29 (i) The number of requalifying weeks required of the individual



- 1 under this section.
- 2 (ii) The number of weeks of benefit entitlement remaining with 3 that employer.
- 4 (b) If the individual has insufficient or no potential benefit
 5 entitlement remaining with the employer involved in the
 6 disqualification in the benefit year in existence on the date of
 7 the disqualifying determination, a reduction of benefits described
 8 in this subsection applies in a succeeding benefit year with
- 9 respect to any benefit entitlement based upon credit weeks earned 10 with the employer before the disqualifying act or discharge.
- 11 (c) For benefit years established before October 1, 2000, an 12 individual disqualified under subsection (1)(h), (i), (j), (k), or 13 (m) is not entitled to benefits based on wages and credit weeks 14 earned before the disqualifying act or discharge with the employer 15 involved in the disqualification.
- (d) The benefit entitlement of an individual disqualifiedunder subsection (1)(a) or (b) is not subject to reduction as aresult of that disqualification.
- (e) A denial or reduction of benefits under this subsectiondoes not apply to benefits based upon multiemployer credit weeks.
- (f) For benefit years established on or after October 1, 2000, if the individual is disqualified under subsection (1)(c), (d), (e), (f), (g), or (l), the maximum number of weeks otherwise
- applicable in calculating benefits for the individual under section 27 (d) shall must be reduced by the lesser of the following:
- 26 (i) The number of requalifying weeks required of the individual $\mathbf{27}$ under this section.
- 28 (ii) The number of weeks of benefit entitlement remaining on
 29 the claim.



- (g) For benefit years beginning on or after October 1, 2000, 1 2 the benefits of an individual disqualified under subsection (1)(h), (i), (j), (k), (m), or (n) shall must be reduced by 13 weeks and 3 any weekly benefit payments made to the claimant thereafter shall 4 5 must be reduced by the portion of the payment attributable to base 6 period wages paid by the base period employer involved in a 7 disqualification under subsection (1)(h), (i), (j), (k), (m), or 8 (n).
- 9 (5) If an individual leaves work to accept permanent full-time 10 work with another employer or to accept a referral to another 11 employer from the individual's union hiring hall and performs 12 services for that employer, or if an individual leaves work to 13 accept a recall from a former employer, all of the following apply:
- 14 (a) Subsection (1) does not apply.
- 15 (b) Wages earned with the employer whom the individual last
 16 left, including wages previously transferred under this subsection
 17 to the last employer, for the purpose of computing and charging
 18 benefits, are wages earned from the employer with whom the
 19 individual accepted work or recall, and benefits paid based upon
 20 those wages shall must be charged to that employer.
 - (c) When issuing a determination covering the period of employment with a new or former employer described in this subsection, the unemployment agency shall advise the chargeable employer of the name and address of the other employer, the period covered by the employment, and the extent of the benefits that may be charged to the account of the chargeable employer.
- (6) In determining whether work is suitable for an individual,
 the unemployment agency shall consider the degree of risk involved
 to the individual's health, safety, and morals, the individual's



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- 1 physical fitness and prior training, the individual's length of
- 2 unemployment and prospects for securing local work in the
- 3 individual's customary occupation, and the distance of the
- 4 available work from the individual's residence. Additionally, the
- 5 unemployment agency shall consider the individual's experience and
- 6 prior earnings, but an unemployed individual who refuses an offer
- 7 of work determined to be suitable under this section shall must be
- 8 denied benefits if the pay rate for that work is at least 70% of
- 9 the gross pay rate he or she received immediately before becoming
- 10 unemployed. Beginning January 15, 2012, after an individual has
- 11 received benefits for 50% of the benefit weeks in the individual's
- 12 benefit year, work shall—is not be—considered unsuitable because it
- 13 is outside of the individual's training or experience or unsuitable
- 14 as to pay rate if the pay rate for that work meets or exceeds the
- 15 minimum wage; is at least the prevailing mean wage for similar work
- 16 in the locality for the most recent full calendar year for which
- 17 data are available as published by the department of technology,
- 18 management, and budget as "wages by job title", by standard
- 19 metropolitan statistical area; and is 120% or more of the
- 20 individual's weekly benefit amount.
- 21 (7) Work is not suitable and benefits shall must not be denied
- 22 under this act to an otherwise eliqible individual for refusing to
- 23 accept new work under any of the following conditions:
- 24 (a) If the position offered is vacant due directly to a
- 25 strike, lockout, or other labor dispute.
- 26 (b) If the remuneration, hours, or other conditions of the
- 27 work offered are substantially less favorable to the individual
- 28 than those prevailing for similar work in the locality.
- (c) If as a condition of being employed, the individual would



- be required to join a company union or to resign from or refrainfrom joining a bona fide labor organization.
- 3 (8) All of the following apply to an individual who seeks
 4 benefits under this act:
- (a) An individual is disqualified from receiving benefits for
 a week in which the individual's total or partial unemployment is
 due to either of the following:
- 8 (i) A labor dispute in active progress at the place at which
 9 the individual is or was last employed, or a shutdown or start-up
 10 operation caused by that labor dispute.
 - (ii) A labor dispute, other than a lockout, in active progress or a shutdown or start-up operation caused by that labor dispute in any other establishment within the United States that is both functionally integrated with the establishment described in subparagraph (i) and operated by the same employing unit.
 - (b) An individual's disqualification imposed or imposable under this subsection is terminated if the individual performs services in employment with an employer in at least 2 consecutive weeks falling wholly within the period of the individual's total or partial unemployment due to the labor dispute, and in addition earns wages in each of those weeks in an amount equal to or greater than the individual's actual or potential weekly benefit rate.
- (c) An individual is not disqualified under this subsection if the individual is not directly involved in the labor dispute. An individual is not directly involved in a labor dispute unless any of the following are established:
- (i) At the time or in the course of a labor dispute in the
 establishment in which the individual was then employed, the
 individual in concert with 1 or more other employees voluntarily



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- 1 stopped working other than at the direction of the individual's
 2 employing unit.
- 3 (ii) The individual is participating in, financing, or directly
 4 interested in the labor dispute that causes the individual's total
 5 or partial unemployment. The payment of regular union dues, in
 6 amounts and for purposes established before the inception of the
 7 labor dispute, is not financing a labor dispute within the meaning
 8 of this subparagraph.
- 9 (iii) At any time a labor dispute in the establishment or
 10 department in which the individual was employed does not exist, and
 11 the individual voluntarily stops working, other than at the
 12 direction of the individual's employing unit, in sympathy with
 13 employees in some other establishment or department in which a
 14 labor dispute is in progress.
- 15 (iv) The individual's total or partial unemployment is due to a
 16 labor dispute that was or is in progress in a department, unit, or
 17 group of workers in the same establishment.
- 18 (d) As used in this subsection, "directly interested" shall 19 must be construed and applied so as not to disqualify individuals unemployed as a result of a labor dispute the resolution of which 20 may not reasonably be expected to affect their wages, hours, or 21 22 other conditions of employment, and to disqualify individuals whose 23 wages, hours, or conditions of employment may reasonably be 24 expected to be affected by the resolution of the labor dispute. A 25 "reasonable expectation" of an effect on an individual's wages, hours, or other conditions of employment exists, in the absence of 26 a substantial preponderance of evidence to the contrary, in any of 27 28 the following situations:
 - (i) If it is established that there is in the particular



- 1 establishment or employing unit a practice, custom, or contractual
- 2 obligation to extend within a reasonable period to members of the
- 3 individual's grade or class of workers in the establishment in
- 4 which the individual is or was last employed changes in terms and
- 5 conditions of employment that are substantially similar or related
- 6 to some or all of the changes in terms and conditions of employment
- 7 that are made for the workers among whom there exists the labor
- 8 dispute that has caused the individual's total or partial
- 9 unemployment.
- 10 (ii) If it is established that 1 of the issues in or purposes
- 11 of the labor dispute is to obtain a change in the terms and
- 12 conditions of employment for members of the individual's grade or
- 13 class of workers in the establishment in which the individual is or
- 14 was last employed.
- 15 (iii) If a collective bargaining agreement covers both the
- 16 individual's grade or class of workers in the establishment in
- 17 which the individual is or was last employed and the workers in
- 18 another establishment of the same employing unit who are actively
- 19 participating in the labor dispute, and that collective bargaining
- 20 agreement is subject by its terms to modification, supplementation,
- 21 or replacement, or has expired or been opened by mutual consent at
- 22 the time of the labor dispute.
- (e) In determining the scope of the grade or class of workers,
- 24 evidence of the following is relevant:
- (i) Representation of the workers by the same national or
- 26 international organization or by local affiliates of that national
- 27 or international organization.
- (ii) Whether the workers are included in a single, legally
- 29 designated, or negotiated bargaining unit.



- (iii) Whether the workers are or within the past 6 months have 2 been covered by a common master collective bargaining agreement
- 3 that sets forth all or any part of the terms and conditions of the
- 4 workers' employment, or by separate agreements that are or have
- 5 been bargained as a part of the same negotiations.
- $\mathbf{6}$ (iv) Any functional integration of the work performed by those workers.
- 8 (v) Whether the resolution of those issues involved in the
 9 labor dispute as to some of the workers could directly or
 10 indirectly affect the advancement, negotiation, or settlement of
 11 the same or similar issues in respect to the remaining workers.
 - (vi) Whether the workers are currently or have been covered by the same or similar demands by their recognized or certified bargaining agent or agents for changes in their wages, hours, or other conditions of employment.
 - (vii) Whether issues on the same subject matter as those involved in the labor dispute have been the subject of proposals or demands made upon the employing unit that would by their terms have applied to those workers.
 - (9) Notwithstanding subsections (1) to (8), if the employing unit submits notice to the unemployment agency of possible ineligibility or disqualification beyond the time limits prescribed by unemployment agency rule and the unemployment agency concludes that benefits should not have been paid, the claimant shall repay the benefits paid during the entire period of ineligibility or disqualification. The unemployment agency shall not charge interest on repayments required under this subsection.
- (10) An individual is disqualified from receiving benefits forany week or part of a week in which the individual has received, is



- 1 receiving, or is seeking unemployment benefits under an
- 2 unemployment compensation law of another state or of the United
- 3 States. If the appropriate agency of the other state or of the
- 4 United States finally determines that the individual is not
- 5 entitled to unemployment benefits, the disqualification described
- 6 in this subsection does not apply.
- 7 Sec. 29a. (1) Notwithstanding any other provision of this act,
- 8 an otherwise eligible individual, as described in section
- 9 29(1)(a)(iv), is not disqualified from receiving benefits if the
- 10 individual demonstrates to the commission that the reason for the
- 11 individual's leaving work is due to domestic violence, including 1
- 12 or more of the following:
- 13 (a) The individual's reasonable fear of future domestic
- 14 violence at or en route to or from the individual's place of
- 15 employment.
- 16 (b) The individual's need to relocate to another geographic
- 17 area to avoid future domestic violence.
- (c) The individual's need to address the physical,
- 19 psychological, or legal effects of domestic violence.
- 20 (d) The individual's need to leave employment as a condition
- 21 of receiving services or shelter from an agency that provides
- 22 support services or shelter to victims of domestic violence.
- (e) The individual's reasonable belief that termination of
- 24 employment is necessary for the future safety of the individual or
- 25 the individual's family because of domestic violence.
- 26 (2) An individual may demonstrate to the unemployment agency
- 27 the existence of domestic violence by providing 1 or more
- 28 documents, including, but not limited to, the following:
- 29 (a) A restraining order or other documentation of equitable



- 1 relief issued by a court of competent jurisdiction in a domestic 2 violence case.
- 3 (b) A police record documenting domestic violence.
- 4 (c) Documentation that the perpetrator of the domestic
- 5 violence against the individual making a claim for benefits under
- 6 this act has been convicted of a crime involving domestic violence.
- 7 (d) Medical documentation of domestic violence.
- 8 (e) A statement provided on business or organization
- 9 letterhead by a counselor, social worker, health worker, member of
- 10 the clergy, shelter worker, attorney, or other professional who has
- 11 assisted the individual in addressing the effects of the domestic
- 12 violence on the individual or the individual's family.
- 13 (3) The unemployment agency shall not disclose evidence of
- 14 domestic violence experienced by an individual, including the
- 15 individual's statement or corroborating evidence.
- 16 (4) As used in this section:
- 17 (a) "Domestic violence" means any of the following that are
- 18 not acts of self-defense:
- (i) Causing or attempting to cause physical or mental harm to a
- 20 family or household member.
- 21 (ii) Placing a family or household member in fear of physical
- 22 or mental harm.
- 23 (iii) Causing or attempting to cause a family or household
- 24 member to engage in involuntary sexual activity by force, threat of
- 25 force, or duress.
- 26 (iv) Engaging in activity toward a family or household member
- 27 that would cause a reasonable person to feel terrorized,
- 28 frightened, intimidated, threatened, harassed, or molested.
- 29 (b) "Family or household member" includes any of the



- 1 following:
- 2 (i) A spouse or former spouse.
- 3 (ii) An individual with whom the person resides or has resided.
- 4 (iii) An individual with whom the person has or has had a dating 5 relationship.
- 6 (iv) An individual with whom the person is or has engaged in a 7 sexual relationship.
- 8 (ν) An individual to whom the person is related or was 9 formerly related by marriage.
- 10 (vi) An individual with whom the person has a child in common.
- 11 (vii) The minor child of an individual described in 12 subparagraphs (i) to (vi).
- Enacting section 1. This amendatory act takes effect 90 days after the date it is enacted into law.

