## **HOUSE BILL NO. 6459**

December 01, 2020, Introduced by Rep. Anthony and referred to the Committee on Elections and Ethics.

A bill to amend 1954 PA 116, entitled "Michigan election law,"

by amending section 662 (MCL 168.662), as amended by 2004 PA 92.

## THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:

- 1 Sec. 662. (1) The legislative body in each city, village, and
- 2 township shall designate and prescribe the place or places of
- 3 holding an election for a city, village, or township election, and
- 4 shall provide a suitable polling place in or for each precinct
- 5 located in the city, village, or township for use at each election.
- 6 Except as otherwise provided in this section, school buildings,

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- 1 fire stations, police stations, and other publicly owned or
- 2 controlled buildings shall must be used as polling places. If it is
- 3 not possible or convenient to use a publicly owned or controlled
- 4 building as a polling place, the legislative body of the city,
- 5 township, or village may use as a polling place a building owned or
- 6 controlled by an organization that is exempt from federal income
- 7 tax as provided by section 501(c), other than 501(c)(4), (5), or
- 8 (6), of the internal revenue code of 1986, or any successor
- 9 statute. 26 USC 501. The legislative body of a city, township, or
- 10 village shall not designate as a polling place a building that is
- 11 owned by a person who is a sponsor of a political committee or
- 12 independent committee. A city, township, or village shall not use
- 13 as a polling place a building that does not meet the requirements
- 14 of this section. As used in this subsection, "sponsor of a
- 15 political committee or independent committee" means a person who is
- 16 described as being a sponsor under section 24(3) of the Michigan
- 17 campaign finance act, 1976 PA 388, MCL 169.224, and includes a
- 18 subsidiary of a corporation or a local of a labor organization, if
- 19 the corporation or labor organization is considered a sponsor under
- 20 section 24(3) of the Michigan campaign finance act, 1976 PA 388,
- **21** MCL 169.224.
- 22 (2) The legislative body in each city, village, and township
- 23 shall make arrangements for the rental or erection of suitable
- 24 buildings for use as polling places if publicly owned or controlled
- 25 buildings are not available, and shall have the polling places
- 26 equipped with the necessary facilities for lighting and with
- 27 adequate facilities for heat and ventilation. The legislative body
- 28 may establish a central polling place or places for 6 precincts or
- 29 less if it is possible and convenient for the electors to vote at

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- the central polling place. The legislative body may abolish other
  polling places not required as a result of the establishment of a
  central polling place.
- (3) The legislative body of a city, village, or township may 4 5 establish a polling place at a for profit or nonprofit residence or facility in which 150 persons or more aged 62 or older reside or at 6 an apartment building or complex in which 150 persons or more 7 8 reside. A township board may provide polling places located within 9 the limits of a city that has been incorporated from territory 10 formerly a part of the township, and the electors of the township 11 may cast their ballots at those polling places. If 2 contiquous townships utilize a combined township hall or other publicly owned 12 13 or controlled building within 1 of the township's boundaries and outside of the other township's boundaries, and there is not 14 15 another publicly owned or controlled building or a building owned 16 or controlled by an organization that is exempt from federal income tax, as provided by section 501(c), other than 501(c)(4), (5), or 17 18 (6), of the internal revenue code of 1986, 26 USC 501, available or 19 suitable for a polling place within the other township, then each 20 township board may provide a polling place in that publicly owned 21 building for 1 or more election precinct.
- 22 (4) The legislative body of a city, village, or township shall not establish, move, or abolish a polling place less than 60 days before an election unless necessary because a polling place has been damaged, destroyed, or rendered inaccessible or unusable as a polling place.
- (5) The legislative body of a city, village, or township shall
  ensure that a polling place established under this section is
  accessible and complies with the voting accessibility for the

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- 1 elderly and handicapped act and the help America vote act of 2002.
- 2 In addition, the legislative body of a city, village, or township
- 3 shall ensure that each polling place established under this section
- 4 has proper signage that identifies the route for an individual with
- 5 a disability to use from the parking area to the entrance of the
- 6 polling place. If an individual with a disability is required to
- 7 navigate a hallway or corridor to reach the voting area inside a
- 8 polling place, the route to the voting area must be marked with
- 9 large print signs.

in elections in this state.

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10 (6) As used in this section, "accessible" means the removal or 11 modification of policies, practices, and procedures that deny an 12 individual with a disability the opportunity to vote, including the 13 removal of physical barriers as identified in section 261(b) of the 14 help America vote act of 2002, 42 USC 15421, 52 USC 21021, so as to ensure individuals with disabilities the opportunity to participate