HOUSE BILL NO. 6525

December 17, 2020, Introduced by Reps. Kuppa, Hope, Cynthia Neeley, Aiyash, Guerra, Elder, Haadsma, Sowerby, Wittenberg, Rabhi, Peterson, Brixie and Camilleri and referred to the Committee on Elections and Ethics.

A bill to amend 1954 PA 116, entitled "Michigan election law,"

by amending sections 661, 759, 759a, 761, 764a, 765, 765a, 765b, 766, and 767 (MCL 168.661, 168.759, 168.759a, 168.761, 168.764a, 168.765, 168.765a, 168.765b, 168.766, and 168.767), section 661 as amended by 2012 PA 270, sections 759, 761, 764a, 765, 765a, and 765b as amended by 2020 PA 177, section 759a as amended by 2012 PA 523, section 766 as amended by 2018 PA 120, and section 767 as amended by 2005 PA 71, and by adding sections 759e, 764e, 766a, and

766b; and to repeal acts and parts of acts.

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THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:

Sec. 661. (1) When If the voter registration in a precinct using voting machines is 1,000 or less, there shall must be not less than 1 voting machine for each 500 active registered electors at the general November election and at the primary immediately preceding that election. When \mathbf{If} the voter registration in a precinct using voting machines is more than 1,000 and less than 3,000, there shall must be at least 1 voting machine for each 600 active registered electors at the general November election and at the primary immediately preceding that election. At other primaries and elections, the number of voting machines shall be is at the discretion of the local election commission. In making this determination, the local election commission shall take into consideration the number of choices the voter elector must make, the percentage of registered voters electors who voted at the last similar election in the jurisdiction, and the intensity of the interest of the electors in the jurisdiction concerning the candidates and proposals to be voted upon. When If the voter registration in a precinct using voting machines exceeds 2,999, the precinct shall must be divided or rearranged.

(2) Except as provided in subsection (3), city and township election commissions shall divide precincts according to law, not later than 210 days before the primary next preceding the general November election, and shall immediately notify the county clerk of the number of registered voters electors in each precinct in the city or township. The county clerk shall notify the secretary of state not later than 200 days before the primary of a precinct in the clerk's county which that has not been divided according to

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28 29 law, and the secretary of state shall proceed to make divisions as are necessary at the expense of the city or township involved, not later than 180 days before the primary next preceding the general November election. If the election commission of a city, village, or township using voting machines decides to use paper ballots for a primary or election, the preceding limitations shall must continue for that election. A division of precincts shall must be made effective not later than 180 days before the primary election next preceding the general November election.

(3) In the second year following each federal decennial census, precincts shall must be divided pursuant to under this subsection. City and township election commissions shall divide precincts — not later than 120 days before the primary election next preceding the general November election in order that a precinct, as far as is practical, is not split between districts and does not exceed 2,999 registered voters, electors, and shall immediately notify the county clerk of the number of registered voters electors in each precinct in each city or township. The county clerk shall notify the secretary of state not later than 110 days before the primary of any precincts in the county which that have not been divided, and the secretary of state shall proceed to make the divisions as are necessary, at the expense of the city or township involved, not later than 90 days before the primary election next preceding the general November election. The division of precincts shall must be made effective not later than 90 days before the primary election. The secretary of state may authorize, upon written request by a city or township election commission, a later division of a precinct which that contains portions of more than 1 elective district. All precinct divisions shall must be

- completed not later than 90 days before the primary election next preceding the general November election. In Subject to subsection

 (4), in determining the number of registered voters electors for a precinct under this subsection, a city or township election commission or the secretary of state, as applicable, may use either of the following:
 - (a) Only the active registered voters electors for that city or township, but not including those electors who are on a permanent absent voter list in that city or township.

- (b) Both the active registered voters electors for that city or township and the voters electors in the inactive voter file for that city or township, but not including those electors who are on a permanent absent voter list in that city or township.
- (4) Notwithstanding subsection (3), each city or township must have at least 1 election precinct.
- Sec. 759. (1) Subject to section 761(3), at any time during the 75 days before a primary or special primary, but not later than 8 p.m. on the day of a primary or special primary, an elector may apply for an absent voter ballot. The elector shall apply in person or by mail with the clerk of the township or city in which the elector is registered. The clerk of a city or township shall not send by first-class mail an absent voter ballot to an elector after 5 p.m. on the Friday immediately before the election. Except as otherwise provided in section 761(2), 766a, the clerk of a city or township shall not issue an absent voter ballot to a registered elector in that city or township after 4 p.m. on the day before the election. An application received before a primary or special primary may be for either that primary only, or for that primary and the election that follows. An individual may submit a voter

- 1 registration application and an absent voter ballot application at
- 2 the same time if applying in person with the clerk or deputy clerk
- 3 of the city or township in which the individual resides.
- 4 Immediately after his or her voter registration application and
- 5 absent voter ballot application are approved by the clerk or deputy
- 6 clerk, the individual may, subject to the identification
- 7 requirement in section 761(6), complete an absent voter ballot at
- 8 the clerk's office.
- 9 (2) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (1) and subject
- 10 to section 761(3), at any time during the 75 days before an
- 11 election, but not later than 8 p.m. on the day of an election, an
- 12 elector may apply for an absent voter ballot. The elector shall
- 13 apply in person or by mail with the clerk of the township, city, or
- 14 village in which the voter is registered. The clerk of a city or
- 15 township shall not send by first-class mail an absent voter ballot
- 16 to an elector after 5 p.m. on the Friday immediately before the
- 17 election. Except as otherwise provided in section $\frac{761(2)}{766a}$, the
- 18 clerk of a city or township shall not issue an absent voter ballot
- 19 to a registered elector in that city or township after 4 p.m. on
- 20 the day before the election. An individual may submit a voter
- 21 registration application and an absent voter ballot application at
- 22 the same time if applying in person with the clerk or deputy clerk
- 23 of the city or township in which the individual resides.
- 24 Immediately after his or her voter registration application and
- 25 absent voter ballot application are approved by the clerk, the
- 26 individual may, subject to the identification requirement in
- 27 section 761(6), complete an absent voter ballot at the clerk's
- 28 office.
- 29 (3) An application for an absent voter ballot under this

section may be made in any of the following ways:

- (a) By a written request signed by the voter.
- (b) On an absent voter ballot application form provided for that purpose by the clerk of the city or township.
 - (c) On a federal postcard application.
- (4) An applicant for an absent voter ballot shall sign the application. Subject to section 761(2), 766a, a clerk or assistant clerk shall not deliver an absent voter ballot to an applicant who does not sign the application. A person shall not be in possession of a signed absent voter ballot application except for the applicant; a member of the applicant's immediate family; a person residing in the applicant's household; a person whose job normally includes the handling of mail, but only during the course of his or her employment; a registered elector requested by the applicant to return the application; or a clerk, assistant of the clerk, or other authorized election official. A registered elector who is requested by the applicant to return his or her absent voter ballot application shall sign the certificate on the absent voter ballot application.
- (5) The clerk of a city or township shall have absent voter ballot application forms available in the clerk's office at all times and shall furnish an absent voter ballot application form to anyone upon a verbal or written request. The absent voter ballot application must be in substantially the following form:

"Application for absent voter ballot for:

26		[]	The	primary	or	special	primary	election	to	be	held	on
27	(Date).												

[] The election to be held on $_$ (Date).

29 (Check applicable election or elections)

1	I,, a United States
2	citizen and a qualified and registered elector of the
3	precinct of the township of or of the
4	ward of the city of \ldots , in the
5	county of and state of Michigan,
6	apply for an official ballot, or ballots, to be voted by me at the
7	election or elections as requested in this application.
8	Send absent voter ballot to me at:
9	
10	(Street No. or R.R.)
11	
12	(Post Office) (State) (Zip Code)
13	My registered address
14	(Street No. or R.R.)
15	
16	(Post Office) (State) (Zip Code)
17	Date
18	I certify that I am a United States citizen and that
19	the statements in this absent voter ballot application
20	are true.
21	
22	(Signature)
23	<u>WARNING</u>
24	You must be a United States citizen to vote. If you are not a
25	United States citizen, you will not be issued an absent voter
26	ballot.
27	A person making a false statement in this absent voter ballot
28	application is guilty of a misdemeanor. It is a violation of
29	Michigan election law for a person other than those listed in the

1	instructions to return, offer to return, agree to return, or
2	solicit to return your absent voter ballot application to the
3	clerk. An assistant authorized by the clerk who receives absent
4	voter ballot applications at a location other than the clerk's
5	office must have credentials signed by the clerk. Ask to see his or
6	her credentials before entrusting your application with a person
7	claiming to have the clerk's authorization to return your
8	application.
9	Certificate of Authorized Registered
10	Elector Returning Absent Voter
11	Ballot Application
12	I certify that my name is $\ldots \ldots \ldots$, my address is
13	\ldots , and my date of birth is \ldots ; that
14	I am delivering the absent voter ballot application of
15	at his or her request; that I did not solicit
16	or request to return the application; that I have not made any
17	markings on the application; that I have not altered the
18	application in any way; that I have not influenced the applicant;
19	and that I am aware that a false statement in this certificate is a
20	violation of Michigan election law.
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22	(Date) (Signature)"
23	(6) The following instructions for an applicant for an absent
24	voter ballot must be included with each application furnished an
25	applicant:
26	INSTRUCTIONS FOR APPLICANTS FOR ABSENT VOTER BALLOTS
27	Step 1. After completely filling out the application, sign and
28	date the application in the place designated. Your signature must

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appear on the application or you may not receive an absent voter

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1 ballot.

Step 2. Deliver the application by 1 of the following methods:

- (a) Place the application in an envelope addressed to the appropriate clerk and place the necessary postage upon the return envelope and deposit it in the United States mail or with another public postal service, express mail service, parcel post service, or common carrier.
- (b) Deliver the application personally to the clerk's office, to the clerk, or to an authorized assistant of the clerk.
- (c) In either (a) or (b), a member of the immediate family of the voter including a father-in-law, mother-in-law, brother-in-law, sister-in-law, son-in-law, daughter-in-law, grandparent, or grandchild or a person residing in the voter's household may mail or deliver the application to the clerk for the applicant.
- (d) If an applicant cannot return the application in any of the above methods, the applicant may select any registered elector to return the application. The person returning the application must sign and return the certificate at the bottom of the application.
- (7) A person who prints and distributes absent voter ballot applications shall print on the application the warning, certificate of authorized registered elector returning absent voter ballot application, and instructions required by this section.
- (8) A person who makes a false statement in an absent voter ballot application is guilty of a misdemeanor. A person who forges a signature on an absent voter ballot application is guilty of a felony. A person who is not authorized in this act and who both distributes absent voter ballot applications to absent voters and returns those absent voter ballot applications to a clerk or

assistant of the clerk is quilty of a misdemeanor.

 Sec. 759a. (1) An absent uniformed services voter or an overseas voter who is not registered, but possessed the qualifications of an elector under section 492, may apply for registration by using the federal postcard application. The department of state, bureau of elections, is responsible for disseminating information on the procedures for registering and voting to an absent uniformed services voter and an overseas voter.

- (2) Upon the request of an absent uniformed services voter or an overseas voter, the clerk of a county, city, township, or village shall electronically transmit a blank voter registration application or blank absent voter ballot application to the voter. The clerk of a county, city, township, or village shall accept a completed voter registration application or completed absent voter ballot application electronically transmitted by an absent uniformed services voter or overseas voter. A voter registration application or absent voter ballot application submitted by an absent uniformed services voter or overseas voter shall must contain the signature of the voter.
- (3) A spouse or dependent of an overseas voter who is a citizen of the United States, is accompanying that overseas voter, and is not a qualified and registered elector anywhere else in the United States, may apply for an absent voter ballot even though the spouse or dependent is not a qualified elector of a city or township of this state.
- (4) An absent uniformed services voter or an overseas voter, whether or not registered to vote, may apply for an absent voter ballot. Upon receipt of an application for an absent voter ballot under this section that complies with this act, a county, city,

village, or township clerk shall forward to the applicant the 1 absent voter ballots requested, the forms necessary for 2 registration, and instructions for completing the forms. If the 3 ballots are not yet available at the time of receipt of the 4 application, the clerk shall immediately forward to the applicant 5 6 the registration forms and instructions —and forward the ballots 7 as soon as they are available. If a federal postcard application or an application from the official United States department 8 Department of defense Defense website is filed, the clerk shall 9 10 accept the federal postcard application or the application from the 11 official United States department Department of defense Defense website as the registration application and shall not send any 12 additional registration forms to the applicant. If the ballots and 13 14 registration forms are received before the close of the polls on 15 election day and if the registration complies with the requirements 16 of this act, the absent voter ballots shall must be delivered to 17 the proper election board to be counted and tabulated. If the 18 absent voter ballot return envelope containing a marked absent voter ballot is postmarked before or on election day and the absent 19 20 voter ballot is received by the city or township clerk within 48 hours after 8 p.m. on election day, the city or township clerk 21 shall count and tabulate that absent voter ballot. Not later than 22 23 the third day after election day, each city and township clerk shall transmit the results of the absent voter ballots tabulated 24 25 after the election to the board of county canvassers of the county 26 in which that city or township is located. If the registration does 27 not comply with the requirements of this act, the clerk shall retain the absent voter ballots until the expiration of the time 28 29 that the voted ballots must be kept and shall then destroy the

ballots without opening the envelope. The clerk may retain
registration forms completed under this section in a separate file.
The address in this state shown on a registration form is the residence of the registrant.

- (5) Not later than 45 days before an election, a county, city, township, or village clerk shall electronically transmit or mail as appropriate an absent voter ballot to each absent uniformed services voter or overseas voter who applied for an absent voter ballot 45 days or more before the election.
- (6) Upon the request of an absent uniformed services voter or overseas voter, the clerk of a county, city, township, or village shall electronically transmit an absent voter ballot to the voter. The voter shall print the absent voter ballot and return the voted ballot by mail to the appropriate clerk.
- (7) The secretary of state shall prescribe electronic absent voter ballot formats and electronic absent voter ballot transmission methods. Each county, city, township, or village clerk shall employ the prescribed electronic ballot formats to fulfill an absent voter ballot request received from an absent uniformed services voter or overseas voter who wishes to receive his or her absent voter ballot through an electronic transmission. The secretary of state shall establish procedures to implement the requirements in this section and for the processing of a marked absent voter ballot returned by an absent uniformed services voter or overseas voter who obtained his or her absent voter ballot through an electronic transmission.
- (8) The secretary of state shall modify the printed statement provided under section 761(4) and the absent voter ballot instructions provided under section 764a as appropriate to

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- accommodate the procedures developed for electronically transmitting an absent voter ballot to an absent uniformed services voter or overseas voter. A statement shall must be included in the certificate signed by the absent voter who obtained his or her absent voter ballot through an electronic transmission that the secrecy of the absent voter ballot may be compromised during the duplication process. The absent voter ballot instructions provided to an absent uniformed services voter or overseas voter shall must include the proper procedures for returning the absent voter ballot 10 to the appropriate clerk.
 - (9) The size of a precinct shall must not be determined by registration forms completed under this section.
 - (10) An absent uniformed services voter or an overseas voter who submits an absent voter ballot application is eligible to vote as an absent voter in any local, state, or federal election occurring in the calendar year in which the election is held for that ballot requested if the absent voter ballot application is received by the county, city, village, or township clerk not later than 2 p.m. of the Saturday before the election. A county, city, or township clerk receiving an absent voter ballot application from an absent uniformed services voter or overseas voter shall transmit to a village clerk and the school district election coordinators, where applicable, the necessary information to enable the village clerk and school district election coordinators to forward an absent voter ballot for each applicable election in that calendar year to the absent voter. A village clerk receiving an absent voter ballot application from an absent uniformed services voter or overseas voter shall transmit to the township clerk and the school district election coordinators, where applicable, the necessary

information to enable the city or township clerk and school
district election coordinators to forward an absent voter ballot
for each applicable election in that calendar year to the absent
voter. If the local elections official rejects a voter registration
application or absent voter ballot application submitted by an
absent uniformed services voter or overseas voter, the election
official shall notify the voter of the rejection.

- (11) An electronic mail address provided by an absent uniformed services voter or overseas voter for the purposes of this section is confidential and exempt from disclosure under the freedom of information act, 1976 PA 442, MCL 15.231 to 15.246.
- (12) Under the uniformed and overseas citizens absentee voting act, the state director of elections shall approve a ballot form and registration procedures for absent uniformed services voters and overseas voters.
- (13) An absent uniformed services voter or an overseas voter may use the federal write-in absentee ballot, in accordance with the provisions of the uniformed and overseas citizens absentee voting act, at a regular election or special election to vote for a local, state, or federal office or on a ballot question. An absent uniformed services voter or an overseas voter who uses the federal write-in absentee ballot shall return his or her voted federal write-in absentee ballot by mail to the appropriate clerk. The state bureau of elections shall do both of the following:
- (a) Make the ballot format for each election available to absent uniformed services voters and overseas voters by electronic mail or on an internet website maintained by the department of state.
- (b) Make the ballot information, including the offices, names

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28 29 of candidates, and ballot proposals, for each election available to absent uniformed services voters and overseas voters on an internet website maintained by the department of state.

(14) The clerk of a city, village, or township shall submit to the county clerk of the county in which that city, village, or township is located a written statement no later than 45 days before each election indicating whether absent voter ballots were issued to absent uniformed services voters or overseas voters in compliance with this section and the uniformed and overseas citizens absentee voting act. The city, village, or township clerk shall provide to the county clerk a written explanation describing remedial actions taken by the city, village, or township clerk if the city, village, or township clerk fails to comply with this section and the uniformed and overseas citizens absentee voting act. Not later than 42 days before each election, each county clerk shall submit to the state bureau of elections a written report compiled from the written statements submitted by the city, village, and township clerks. The written report shall must identify the cities, villages, and townships that complied with the 45-day deadline under this subsection, the cities, villages, and townships that did not comply with the 45-day deadline under this subsection, but provided a written explanation, and those cities, villages, and townships that did not comply with the 45-day deadline under this subsection and that did not provide a written explanation. The state bureau of elections may require the clerk of a city, village, or township that did not comply with the 45-day deadline under this subsection, but provided a written explanation, to provide additional information. The state bureau of elections shall require the clerk of a city, village, or township that did

not comply with the 45-day deadline and that did not provide a written explanation to file a written explanation, describing the remedial actions taken by the city, village, or township clerk, within 1 business day after the state bureau of elections notifies the clerk of that city, village, or township.

- (15) For a presidential primary election, the secretary of state shall prescribe procedures for contacting an elector who is an absent uniformed services voter or an overseas voter, as described in this section, and who is eligible to receive an absent voter ballot or who applies for an absent voter ballot for the presidential primary election, offering the elector the opportunity to select a political party ballot for the presidential primary election.
- (16) The secretary of state shall order a city, village, or township clerk to extend the ballot receipt deadline for any absentee voter ballots under this section that were not transmitted to an absent uniformed services voter or overseas voter in compliance with subsection (5). The extension shall must equal the total number of days beyond the deadline as provided in subsection (5) that the city, village, or township clerk transmitted the requested absentee voter ballots. These absentee voter ballots received during the extension time shall must be counted and tabulated for the final results of the election provided that the absentee voter ballots are executed and sent by the close of the polls on election day. The election may be formally certified before the end of the extension time if the number of outstanding absentee voter ballots under this subsection will not alter the outcome of the election.
- 29 (17) As used in this section:

(a) "Absent uniformed services voter" means any of the following:

- (i) A member of a uniformed service on active duty who, by reason of being on active duty, is absent from the place of residence where the member is otherwise qualified to vote.
- (ii) A member of the merchant marine who, by reason of service in the merchant marine, is absent from the place of residence where the member is otherwise qualified to vote.
- (iii) A spouse or dependent of a member referred to in subparagraph (i) or (ii) who, by reason of the active duty or service of the member, is absent from the place of residence where the spouse or dependent is otherwise qualified to vote.
- (b) "Member of the merchant marine" means an individual, other than a member of a uniformed service or an individual employed, enrolled, or maintained on the Great Lakes or the inland waterways, who is either of the following:
- (i) Employed as an officer or crew member of a vessel documented under the laws of the United States, a vessel owned by the United States, or a vessel of foreign-flag registry under charter to or control of the United States.
- (ii) Enrolled with the United States for employment or training for employment, or maintained by the United States for emergency relief service, as an officer or crew member of a vessel documented under the laws of the United States, a vessel owned by the United States, or a vessel of foreign-flag registry under charter to or control of the United States.
 - (c) "Overseas voter" means any of the following:
- (i) An absent uniformed services voter who, by reason of activeduty or service, is absent from the United States on the date of an

1 election.

- (ii) A person who resides outside of the United States and is qualified to vote in the last place in which the person was domiciled before leaving the United States.
- (iii) A person who resides outside of the United States and who, but for such residence outside of the United States, would be qualified to vote in the last place in which he or she was domiciled before leaving the United States.
- (d) "Uniformed services" means the army, navy, air force, marine corps, coast guard, Army, the Navy, the Air Force, the Marine Corps, the Coast Guard, the commissioned corps Commissioned Corps of the public health service, Public Health Service, the commissioned corps Commissioned Corps of the national oceanic National Oceanic and atmospheric administration, Atmospheric Administration, a reserve component of a uniformed service, or the Michigan national guard National Guard as that term is defined in section 105 of the Michigan military act, 1967 PA 150, MCL 32.505.
- Sec. 759e. Beginning on the effective date of the amendatory act that added this section, the clerk of each city and township shall, not later than 75 days before each election held in the city or township, send to each registered elector in the city or township both of the following:
 - (a) An absent voter ballot application.
- (b) A postage prepaid return envelope for the absent voter ballot application.

Sec. 761. (1) If the clerk of a city or township receives an application for an absent voter ballot from a person registered to vote in that city or township and if the signature on the application agrees with the signature for the person contained in

the qualified voter file or on the registration card as required in 1 subsection (2), the clerk immediately upon receipt of the 2 application or, if the application is received before the printing 3 of the absent voter ballots, as soon as the ballots are received by the clerk, shall forward by mail, postage prepaid, or shall deliver 5 6 personally 1 of the ballots or set of ballots if there is more than 7 1 kind of ballot to be voted to the applicant. Subject to the identification requirement in subsection (6), absent voter ballots 8 may be delivered to an applicant in person at the office of the 9 10 clerk. If the clerk of a city or township receives an application 11 for an absent voter ballot from an individual registered to vote in that city or township and the signature on the application does not 12 agree with the signature for the individual contained in the 13 14 qualified voter file or on the registration card as required in 15 subsection (2), the clerk of the city or township shall proceed as 16 provided in section 766a(1). If the clerk of a city or township 17 receives an application for an absent voter ballot from an individual registered to vote in that city or township and the 18 individual failed to sign the application, the clerk of the city or 19 20 township shall proceed as provided in section 766a(2).

(2) The qualified voter file must be used to determine the genuineness of a signature on an application for an absent voter ballot. Signature comparisons must be made with the digitized signature in the qualified voter file. If the qualified voter file does not contain a digitized signature of an elector, or is not accessible to the clerk, the city or township clerk shall compare the signature appearing on the application for an absent voter ballot to the signature contained on the master card. If before 8 p.m. on the day before election day the clerk of a city or township

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28 29 rejects an absent voter ballot application because the signature on the absent voter ballot application does not agree sufficiently with the signature on the master card or the digitized signature contained in the qualified voter file so as to identify the elector or because the elector failed to sign the absent voter ballot application, the city or township clerk shall as soon as practicable, but in no event later than 48 hours after determining the signatures do not agree sufficiently or that the signature is missing, or by 8 p.m. on the day before election day, whichever occurs first, notify the elector of the rejection by mail, telephone, or electronic mail.

(3) Subject to the identification requirement in subsection (6) and except as otherwise provided in this subsection, a person an individual may apply in person at the clerk's office before 8 p.m. on election day to vote as an absent voter. Except as otherwise provided in subsection (2), section 766a, only an individual who is not a registered elector, or an individual who is not registered to vote in the city or township in which he or she is registering to vote, and who registers to vote on election day in person with the clerk of the city or township in which the individual resides may apply for and complete an absent voter ballot in person at the clerk's office on election day. Except as otherwise provided in subsection (2), section 766a, the clerk of a city or township shall not issue an absent voter ballot to a registered elector in that city or township after 4 p.m. on the day before the election. The applicant shall receive his or her absent voter ballot and vote the ballot in the clerk's office. All other absent voter ballots, except ballots delivered pursuant to an emergency absent voter ballot application under section 759b, must

be mailed or delivered to the registration address of the applicant unless the application requests delivery to an address outside the city or township or to a hospital or similar institution, in which case the absent voter ballots must be mailed or delivered to the address given in the application. However, a clerk may mail or deliver an absent voter ballot, upon request of the absent voter, to a post office box if the post office box is where the absent voter normally receives personal mail and the absent voter does not receive mail at his or her registration address.

(4) Absent voter ballots must be issued in the same order in which applications are received by the clerk of a city, township, or village, as nearly as may be, and each ballot issued must bear the lowest number of each kind available for this purpose. However, this provision does not prohibit a clerk from immediately issuing an absent voter ballot to an absent voter who applies in person in the clerk's office for absent voter ballots. The clerk shall enclose with the ballot or ballots a **postage prepaid** return envelope properly addressed to the clerk and bearing upon the back of the envelope a printed statement in substantially the following form:

TO BE COMPLETED

22		BY	THE CLE	RK			
23							
4		Name of Voter		Street Address or R.R.			
5							
6		City or Townsh	ip	County			
7	Ward _	Prec	inct	Date of Election			
8			======				
29		TO BE COMPLETE	D BY THE	ABSENT VOTER			

I assert that I am a United States citizen and a qualified and 1 registered elector of the city or township named above. I am voting 2 as an absent voter in conformity with state election law. Unless 3 otherwise indicated below, I personally marked the ballot enclosed 5 in this envelope without exhibiting it to any other person. 6 I further assert that this absent voter ballot is being 7 returned to the clerk or an assistant of the clerk by me personally; by public postal service, express mail service, parcel 8 9 post service, or other common carrier; by a member of my immediate 10 family; or by a person residing in my household. 11 DATE: _____ SIGN HERE: X Signature of Absent Voter 12 The above form must be signed or your vote may not be counted. 13 AN ABSENT VOTER WHO KNOWINGLY MAKES A FALSE STATEMENT IS 14 15 GUILTY OF A MISDEMEANOR. ______ 16 TO BE COMPLETED ONLY IF VOTER IS ASSISTED IN VOTING 17 18 BY ANOTHER PERSON I assisted the above named absent voter who is disabled or 19 20 otherwise unable to mark the ballot in marking his or her absent voter ballot pursuant to his or her directions. The absent voter 21 ballot was inserted in the return envelope without being exhibited 22 23 to any other person. 24 25 Signature of Person Street Address City or Township 26 Assisting Voter or R.R. 27 Printed Name of Person Assisting Voter 28

1 A PERSON WHO ASSISTS AN ABSENT VOTER AND WHO KNOWINGLY MAKES A
2 FALSE STATEMENT IS GUILTY OF A FELONY.

4 WARNING

PERSONS WHO CAN LEGALLY BE IN POSSESSION OF AN ABSENT VOTER
BALLOT ISSUED TO AN ABSENT VOTER ARE LIMITED TO THE ABSENT VOTER; A
PERSON WHO IS A MEMBER OF THE ABSENT VOTER'S IMMEDIATE FAMILY OR
RESIDES IN THE ABSENT VOTER'S HOUSEHOLD AND WHO HAS BEEN ASKED BY
THE ABSENT VOTER TO RETURN THE BALLOT; A PERSON WHOSE JOB IT IS TO
HANDLE MAIL BEFORE, DURING, OR AFTER BEING TRANSPORTED BY A PUBLIC
POSTAL SERVICE, EXPRESS MAIL SERVICE, PARCEL POST SERVICE, OR
COMMON CARRIER, BUT ONLY DURING THE NORMAL COURSE OF HIS OR HER
EMPLOYMENT; AND THE CLERK, ASSISTANTS OF THE CLERK, AND OTHER
AUTHORIZED ELECTION OFFICIALS OF THE CITY OR TOWNSHIP. ANY OTHER
PERSON IN POSSESSION OF AN ABSENT VOTER BALLOT IS GUILTY OF A
FELONY.

- (5) An absent voter who knowingly makes a false statement on the absent voter ballot return envelope is guilty of a misdemeanor. A person who assists an absent voter and who knowingly makes a false statement on the absent voter ballot return envelope is guilty of a felony.
- (6) If an elector obtains his or her absent voter ballot in person from the clerk of the city or township in which he or she is registered, the clerk of the city or township shall not provide an absent voter ballot to that elector until the elector identifies himself or herself to the clerk by presenting identification for election purposes. If an elector does not have identification for election purposes, the elector may sign an affidavit to that effect before the clerk of the city or township and be allowed to obtain

- 1 his or her absent voter ballot in person from the clerk. The clerk
- 2 of the city or township shall indicate to each elector who is
- 3 registered in that city or township and who obtains his or her
- 4 absent voter ballot in person from the clerk that the elector may
- 5 sign an affidavit indicating that the elector does not have
- 6 identification for election purposes in order to obtain his or her
- 7 absent voter ballot in person from the clerk. However, if an
- 8 elector obtains his or her absent voter ballot in person from the
- 9 clerk and votes by absent voter ballot without providing
- 10 identification for election purposes required under this
- 11 subsection, the absent voter ballot of that elector must be
- 12 prepared as a challenged ballot as provided in section 727 and must
- 13 be counted as any other ballot is counted unless determined
- 14 otherwise by a court of law under section 747 or 748 or any other
- **15** applicable law.
- 16 Sec. 764a. The following instructions for an absent voter must
- 17 be included with each ballot or set of ballots furnished an absent
- 18 voter:

19 INSTRUCTIONS FOR ABSENT VOTERS

- Step 1. Enclosed you will find voting instructions as to the
- 21 method of voting. Read these carefully and then vote the ballot.
- Step 2. After voting a ballot, place the ballot in the secrecy
- 23 sleeve, if any. If a secrecy sleeve is not provided, refold the
- 24 ballot to conceal your votes.
- 25 Step 3. Place the ballot or ballots in the **postage prepaid**
- 26 return envelope and securely seal the **return** envelope.
- Step 4. Sign and date the return envelope in the place
- 28 designated. Your signature must appear on the return envelope or
- 29 the ballot will not be counted. If you are disabled or otherwise

 unable to mark the ballot and required assistance in voting your absent voter ballot, have the individual who assisted you complete the section on the return envelope entitled "TO BE COMPLETED ONLY IF VOTER IS ASSISTED IN VOTING BY ANOTHER INDIVIDUAL".

Step 5. Deliver the return envelope by 1 of the following methods:

- (a) Place the necessary postage upon the return envelope and deposit it Deposit the postage prepaid return envelope in the United States mail or with another public postal service, express mail service, parcel post service, or common carrier.
- (b) Deliver the **return** envelope personally to the office of the clerk, to the clerk, or to an authorized assistant of the clerk, or to a secure drop box located in the city or township.
- (c) In either (a) or (b), a member of the immediate family of the voter including a father-in-law, mother-in-law, brother-in-law, sister-in-law, son-in-law, daughter-in-law, grandparent, or grandchild or an individual residing in the voter's household may mail or deliver a ballot to the clerk for the voter.
- (d) You may request by telephone that the clerk who issued the ballot provide assistance in returning the ballot. The clerk is required to provide assistance if you are unable to return your absent voter ballot as specified in (a), (b), or (c) above, if it is before 5 p.m. on the Friday immediately preceding the election, and if you are asking the clerk to pick up the absent voter ballot within the jurisdictional limits of the city, township, or village in which you are registered. Your absent voter ballot will then be picked up by the clerk or an election assistant sent by the clerk. All individuals authorized to pick up absent voter ballots are required to carry credentials issued by the clerk. If using this

absent voter ballot return method, do not give your ballot to anyone until you have checked their credentials.

Step 6. The absent voter ballot return envelope containing a marked absent voter ballot must be postmarked before or on election day and must reach the clerk or an authorized assistant of the clerk before the close of the polls within 48 hours after 8 p.m. on election day. An If the return envelope containing an absent voter ballot is postmarked after election day or is received by the clerk or assistant of the clerk more than 48 hours after the close of the polls 8 p.m. on election day, the absent voter ballot will not be counted.

12 WARNING

All of the following actions are violations of the Michigan election law and are illegal in this state:

- (1) To vote an absent voter ballot at a meeting or gathering at which other individuals are voting absent voter ballots.
- (2) For an individual who is assisting an absent voter in marking the ballot to suggest or in any manner attempt to influence the absent voter on how he or she should vote.
- (3) For an individual who is present and knows that an individual is voting an absent voter ballot to suggest or in any manner attempt to influence the absent voter on how he or she should vote.
- (4) For an individual other than those listed in these instructions to return, offer to return, agree to return, or solicit to return an absent voter ballot to the clerk.
- (5) For an individual other than the absent voter; an
 individual listed in these instructions; or an individual whose job
 it is to handle mail before, during, or after being transported by

a public postal service, express mail service, parcel post service,
or common carrier, but only during the normal course of his or her
employment to be in possession of a voted or unvoted absent voter
ballot.

- Sec. 764e. (1) This state shall reimburse each city or township for the cost of providing prepaid postage on absent voter ballot return envelopes and absent voter ballot application return envelopes. The reimbursement must not exceed the verified account of actual costs of providing prepaid postage on absent voter ballot return envelopes and absent voter ballot application return envelopes as provided in this section.
- (2) Payment must be made upon presentation and approval of a verified account of actual costs to the department of treasury, local audit and finance division.
- (3) The legislature shall appropriate from the general fund of this state an amount necessary to implement this section.
- (4) To qualify for reimbursement, a city or township must submit its verified account of actual costs for providing prepaid postage on absent voter ballot return envelopes and absent voter ballot application return envelopes before the expiration of 90 days after the date of an election. This state shall pay or disapprove all or a portion of the verified account before the expiration of 90 days after this state receives a verified account of actual costs under this subsection.
- (5) If this state disapproves all or a portion of a verified account of actual costs under subsection (4), this state shall send a notice of disapproval along with the reasons for the disapproval to the city or township. Upon request of a city or township whose verified account or portion of a verified account was disapproved

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28 29 under this section, this state shall review the disapproved costs with the city or township.

Sec. 765. (1) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (6), a—A clerk who receives an absent voter ballot return envelope containing the marked ballots of an absent voter shall not open that envelope before delivering the envelope to the board of election inspectors as provided in this section. Except as otherwise provided in subsection (2) or (6), the city or township clerk shall safely keep in his or her office until election day any absent voter ballot return envelopes received by the clerk before election day containing the marked ballots of an absent voter.

(2) If a city or township establishes absent voter counting boards under section 765a that meet to open, process, and tabulate absent voter ballots before election day, the clerk of that city or township shall deliver the absent voter ballot return envelopes to the chairperson or other member of the board of election inspectors in that absent voter's absent voter counting board precinct each day that the absent voter counting board meets before election day. Before the opening of the polls on election day or as soon after the opening of the polls as possible, the clerk shall deliver the absent voter ballot return envelopes to the chairperson or other member of the board of election inspectors in the absent voter's precinct, together with the signed absent voter ballot applications received by the clerk from any voters of that precinct and the clerk's list or record kept relative to those absent voters. However, if higher numbered ballots are used under section 717, the clerk shall retain the applications and lists in his or her office and shall keep the applications and lists open to public inspection

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at all reasonable hours. Absent Except as otherwise provided in

 section 765a, absent voter ballots must not be tabulated before the
opening of the polls on election day.

- (3) The city or township clerk, or authorized designee of the clerk, shall call for and receive absent voter ballots from the post office at which the city or township clerk regularly receives mail addressed to the city or township clerk on election day. Any envelopes containing absent voter ballots that are received from the post office or from voters who voted by absentee ballot in person in the clerk's office on election day must be delivered to the board of election inspectors or, except as otherwise provided in section 764d, the absent voter counting boards to be tabulated.
- (4) If the absent voter ballot return envelope containing a marked absent voter ballot is postmarked before or on election day and the absent voter ballot is received by the city or township clerk within 48 hours after 8 p.m. on election day, the city or township clerk shall count and tabulate that absent voter ballot. Not later than the third day after election day, each city and township clerk shall transmit the results of the absent voter ballots tabulated after the election to the board of county canvassers of the county in which that city or township is located. If the absent voter ballot return envelope containing a marked absent voter ballot is postmarked after election day or is received by the clerk more than 48 hours after the close of the polls, 8 p.m. on election day, the clerk shall plainly mark the return envelope with the time and date of receipt and shall file the return envelope in his or her office.
- (5) On or before 8 a.m. on election day, the clerk shall post in the clerk's office or otherwise make public the number of absent voter ballots the clerk distributed to absent voters and the number

of absent voter ballot return envelopes containing the marked 1 ballots of absent voters received by the clerk before election day 2 and to be delivered to the board of election inspectors or the 3 absent voter counting boards under this act. On or before 9 p.m. on 5 election day, the clerk shall post in the clerk's office or 6 otherwise make public the number of absent voter ballot return 7 envelopes containing the marked ballots of absent voters received by the clerk on election day and delivered to the board of election 8 inspectors, under subsection (3), along with the total number of 9 10 absent voter ballot return envelopes containing the marked ballots 11 of absent voters received by the clerk both before and on election day and delivered to the board of election inspectors or the absent 12 voter counting boards under this act. As soon as possible after all 13 14 precincts in the city or township are processed, the clerk shall 15 post in the clerk's office or otherwise make public the number of 16 absent voter ballot return envelopes containing the marked ballots 17 of absent voters received by the election inspectors at the 18 precincts on election day, along with the total number of absent voter ballot return envelopes containing the marked ballots of 19 20 absent voters received in the city or township for that election. This subsection applies only to elections in which a federal or 21 state office appears on the ballot. 22

(6) For the November 3, 2020 general election only, if the clerk of a city or township with a population of at least 25,000 provides written notice in compliance with this subsection to the secretary of state 20 days or more before election day, that city or township clerk, or his or her authorized designee, may between the hours of 10 a.m. and 8 p.m. on the day before election day perform certain absent voter ballot pre-processing activities as

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described in this subsection. The written notice provided to the 1 secretary of state must include the location and hours that the 2 absent voter ballot return envelopes will be opened in that city or 3 township. The secretary of state shall post any written notice 4 received from the clerk of a city or township under this subsection 5 6 on the department of state website. In addition, the clerk of the 7 city or township shall post the written notice provided to the secretary of state on the city or township website. The board of 8 election commissioners shall appoint election inspectors to the 9 10 location where absent voter ballot return envelopes will be opened 11 in that city or township not less than 21 days or more than 40 days before the day at which they are to be used. Election inspectors 12 may be appointed by the board of election commissioners under this 13 14 subsection before written notice is provided to the secretary of 15 state under this subsection. Sections 673a and 674 apply to the 16 appointment of election inspectors under this subsection. All 17 requirements for election inspectors appointed to an absent voter 18 counting board under section 765a apply to election inspectors appointed under this subsection. At all times, at least 1 election 19 20 inspector from each major political party must be present at the location and the policies and procedures adopted by the secretary 21 of state regarding the handling of absent voter ballot return 22 envelopes and absent voter ballot secrecy envelopes must be 23 followed. After providing written notice to the secretary of state 24 25 in compliance with this subsection, a city or township clerk, or his or her authorized designee, on the day before election day is 26 27 only authorized to perform standard processing activities up to and including the opening of absent voter ballot return envelopes and 28 29 the removal of absent voter ballot secrecy envelopes containing

absent voter ballots and to verify that the ballot number on the 1 ballot stub agrees with the ballot number on the absent voter 2 ballot return envelope label. The city or township clerk, or his or 3 her authorized designee, is not authorized to remove absent voter 4 5 ballots from the absent voter ballot secrecy envelopes. If an 6 opened absent voter ballot return envelope contains an absent voter 7 ballot that is not contained in an absent voter ballot secrecy envelope, the city or township clerk, or his or her designee, shall 8 immediately insert that absent voter ballot into an absent voter 9 10 ballot secrecy envelope. The opening of absent voter ballot return 11 envelopes must be done at a location designated by the city or township clerk, and the location and opening of absent voter ballot 12 return envelopes must be accessible to challengers as described in 13 14 section 730. The election inspectors appointed to the location 15 where absent voter ballot return envelopes will be opened in that 16 city or township must never leave the absent voter ballot secrecy 17 envelopes unattended. Once the absent voter ballot return envelopes 18 have been opened as provided in this subsection, the absent voter ballot secrecy envelopes containing the absent voter ballots to be 19 20 counted must be stored, secured, and sealed in an absent voter ballot secrecy envelope container, as described in section 24k, or 21 stored, secured, and sealed in a ballot container approved under 22 23 section 24j. The city or township clerk shall record the seal number in the poll book, or an addendum to the poll book, and 24 25 follow all other policies and procedures adopted by the secretary of state regarding absent voter ballots. The poll book, or an 26 27 addendum to the poll book, must be signed and dated by 1 election inspector from each major political party who is present at the 28 29 location on the day before election day. The city or township clerk

shall store the absent voter ballot secrecy envelope container containing the absent voter ballot secrecy envelopes in a secure location until election day.

- (7) The election inspectors who are appointed under subsection
 (6) shall record in the poll book, or an addendum to the poll book,
 all of the following:
- (a) The number of absent voter ballot return envelopes that were opened on the day before election day.
- (b) The number of absent voter ballot return envelopes delivered to the election inspectors that did not contain an elector's signature and that were returned to the city or township clerk.
- (c) The number of absent voter ballot return envelopes that were challenged, not opened by the election inspectors, and set aside to be processed by the election inspectors on election day.
- (8) The election inspectors who are appointed to an absent voter counting board on election day as provided in section 765a shall do all of the following:
- (a) Verify the seal number recorded in the poll book, or an addendum to the poll book, for any absent voter ballot secrecy envelope container delivered to the absent voter counting board.
- (b) Count and record in the poll book, or an addendum to the poll book, both of the following:
- (i) The number of absent voter ballot return envelopes opened by the election inspectors on the day before election day as provided under subsection (6) and the number of absent voter ballot secrecy envelopes delivered to the absent voter counting board on election day.
 - (ii) The number of absent voter ballot return envelopes that

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- were challenged, not opened by the election inspectors on the day before election day, and set aside to be processed by the election inspectors on election day.
- (9) Not later than March 1, 2021, the secretary of state shall provide a written report to the house and senate committees dealing with elections that contains all of the following information:
- (a) The number of cities and townships that performed absent voter ballot pre-processing activities as described in subsection (6).
- 10 (b) The names of the cities and townships that performed
 11 absent voter ballot pre-processing activities as described in
 12 subsection (6), and all of the following information for each of
 13 those cities and townships:
 - (i) The number of registered electors in each city or township.
- 15 (ii) The number of active registered electors in each city or township.
- 17 (iii) The number of electors who voted by absent voter ballot in each city or township.
- 19 (iv) The number of electors who voted in person on election day 20 in each city or township.
- 21 (ν) The number of absent voter ballots that were not returned 22 in each city or township.
- 23 (vi) The number of electors on a permanent absent voter list in each city or township, if applicable.
- 25 (vii) The number of ballots that had to be duplicated in each city or township.
- (c) The total number of absent voter ballot return envelopesthat were opened on the day before election day.
- 29 (d) The total number of absent voter ballot return envelopes

- delivered to the election inspectors that did not contain an elector's signature and that were returned to the city or township clerk.
- (e) The total number of absent voter ballot return envelopes that were challenged, not opened by the election inspectors, and set aside to be processed by the election inspectors on election day.
- (f) The total number of absent voter ballot secrecy envelopes that were stored in an absent voter ballot secrecy envelope container.
- (g) For each city or township that performed absent voter ballot pre-processing activities as described in subsection (6), whether the number of absent voter ballot return envelopes opened on the day before election day matched the number of absent voter ballot secrecy envelopes delivered to the absent voter counting board on election day.
- Sec. 765a. (1) Subject to section 764d, if a city or township decides to use absent voter counting boards, the board of election commissioners of that city or township shall establish an absent voter counting board for each election day precinct in that city or township. A city or township may authorize absent voter counting boards to be established to meet not only on election day, but also for up to 5 days before election day. The city or township shall provide notice of those absent voter counting boards authorized to meet on days before election day as provided in subsection (14). Absent voter counting boards established and authorized to meet on days before election day must comply with the requirements in subsection (15). The ballot form of an absent voter counting board must correspond to the ballot form of the election day precinct for

- which it is established. After the polls close on election day, the county, city, or township clerk responsible for producing the accumulation report of the election results submitted by the boards of precinct election inspectors shall format the accumulation report to clearly indicate all of the following:
 - (a) The election day precinct returns.

- (b) The corresponding absent voter counting board returns.
- (c) A total of each election day precinct return and each corresponding absent voter counting board return.
- (2) Subject to section 764d, the board of election commissioners shall establish the absent voter counting boards. Subject to section 764d, the board of election commissioners shall appoint the election inspectors to those absent voter counting boards not less than 21 days or more than 40 days before the election at which they are to be used. Sections 673a and 674 apply to the appointment of election inspectors to absent voter counting boards under this section. The board of election commissioners shall determine the number of ballots that may be expeditiously counted by an absent voter counting board in a reasonable period of time, taking into consideration the size and complexity of the ballot to be counted pursuant to the guidelines of the secretary of state. Combined ballots must be regarded as the number of ballots as there are sections to the ballot.
- (3) If more than 1 absent voter counting board is to be used, the city or township clerk shall determine the number of electronic voting systems or the number of ballot boxes and the number of election inspectors to be used in each of the absent voter counting boards and to which absent voter counting board the absent voter ballots for each precinct are assigned for counting.

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- (4) In a city or township that uses absent voter counting boards under this section, absent voter ballots must be counted in the manner provided in this section and, except as otherwise provided in section 764d, absent voter ballots must not be delivered to the polling places. Subject to section 764d, the board of election commissioners shall provide a place for each absent voter counting board to count the absent voter ballots. Section 662 applies to the designation and prescribing of the absent voter counting place or places in which the absent voter counting board 10 performs its duties under this section, except the location may be 11 in a different jurisdiction if the county provides a tabulator for 12 use at a central absent voter counting board location in that county. The places must be designated as absent voter counting 13 14 places. Except as otherwise provided in this section, laws relating 15 to paper ballot precincts, including laws relating to the 16 appointment of election inspectors, apply to absent voter counting 17 places. The provisions of this section relating to placing of 18 absent voter ballots on electronic voting systems apply. More than 1 absent voter counting board may be located in 1 building. 19
 - (5) The clerk of a city or township that uses absent voter counting boards shall supply each absent voter counting board with supplies necessary to carry out its duties under this act. The supplies must be furnished to the city or township clerk in the same manner and by the same persons or agencies as for other precincts.
 - (6) Subject to section 764d, absent voter ballots received by the clerk before election day must be delivered to the absent voter counting board by the clerk or the clerk's authorized assistant at the time the election inspectors of the absent voter counting

boards report for duty, which time must be established by the board 1 of election commissioners or, if absent voter counting boards are 2 authorized to be established before election day, by the city or 3 township. Except as otherwise provided in section 764d, absent 5 voter ballots received by the clerk before the time set for the 6 closing of the polls on election day must be delivered to the 7 absent voter counting boards. Except as otherwise provided in section 765(6), absent woter ballots must be delivered to 8 the absent voter counting boards or combined absent voter counting 9 10 boards in the sealed absent voter ballot return envelopes in which 11 they were returned to the clerk. Written or stamped on each of the return envelopes must be the time and the date that the envelope 12 was received by the clerk and a statement by the clerk that the 13 14 signatures of the absent voters on the envelopes have been checked 15 and found to agree with the signatures of the voters on the 16 registration cards or the digitized signatures of voters contained 17 in the qualified voter file as provided under section 766. If it is determined after 8 p.m. on the day before election day that a 18 signature on the registration card or a digitized signature 19 20 contained in the qualified voter file and on the absent voter ballot return envelope does not agree as provided under section 766 21 , or if it is determined after 8 p.m. on the day before election 22 23 day that the absent voter failed to sign the envelope, or if the clerk shall proceed as provided in section 766b. If the statement 24 25 of the absent voter is not properly executed, the clerk shall mark the envelope "rejected" and the reason for the rejection and shall 26 27 place his or her name under the notation. An envelope marked "rejected" must not be delivered to the absent voter counting board 28 29 or combined absent voter counting board but must be preserved by

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- the clerk until other ballots are destroyed in the manner provided in this act. If before 8 p.m. on the day before election day the clerk of a city or township rejects an absent voter ballot return envelope because the signature on the absent voter ballot return envelope does not agree sufficiently with the signature on the master card or the digitized signature contained in the qualified voter file so as to identify the elector or because the elector failed to sign the absent voter ballot return envelope, the city or township clerk shall as soon as practicable, but in no event later 10 than 48 hours after determining the signatures do not agree 11 sufficiently or that the signature is missing, or by 8 p.m. on the 12 day before election day, whichever occurs first, notify the elector 13 of the rejection by mail, telephone, or electronic mail. The clerk 14 shall also comply with section 765(5).
 - (7) This chapter does not prohibit an absent voter from voting in person within the voter's precinct at an election, notwithstanding that the voter may have applied for an absent voter ballot and the ballot may have been mailed or otherwise delivered to the voter. The voter, the election inspectors, and other election officials shall proceed in the manner prescribed in section 769. The clerk shall preserve the canceled ballots for 2 years.
 - (8) The absent voter counting boards and combined absent voter counting boards shall process the ballots and returns in as nearly as possible the same manner as ballots are processed in paper ballot precincts. The poll book may be combined with the absent voter list or record required by section 760, and the applications for absent voter ballots may be used as the poll list. The Except as otherwise provided in this section, the processing and tallying

of absent voter ballots may commence at 7 a.m. on the day of the election.

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28 29 (9) An election inspector, challenger, or any other person individual in attendance at an absent voter counting place or combined absent voter counting place at any time after the processing of ballots has begun shall take and sign the following oath that may be administered by the chairperson or a member of the absent voter counting board or combined absent voter counting board:

"I (name of person individual taking oath) do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I shall not communicate in any way any information relative to the processing or tallying of votes that may come to me while in this counting place until after the polls are closed.".

(10) The oaths administered under subsection (9) must be placed in an envelope provided for the purpose and sealed with the red state seal. Following the election, the oaths must be delivered to the city or township clerk. Except as otherwise provided in subsection (12), a person an individual in attendance at the absent voter counting place or combined absent voter counting place shall not leave the counting place after the tallying has begun until the polls close. Subject to this subsection, the clerk of a city or township may allow the election inspectors appointed to an absent voter counting board in that city or township to work in shifts. A second or subsequent shift of election inspectors appointed for an absent voter counting board may begin that shift at any time on election day as provided by the city or township clerk. However, an election inspector shall not leave the absent voter counting place after the tallying has begun until the polls close. If the election inspectors appointed to an absent voter counting board are

- authorized to work in shifts, at no time shall there be a gap between shifts and the election inspectors must never leave the absent voter ballots unattended. At all times, at least 1 election inspector from each major political party must be present at the absent voter counting place and the policies and procedures adopted by the secretary of state regarding the counting of absent voter ballots must be followed. A person An individual who causes the polls to be closed or who discloses an election result or in any manner characterizes how any ballot being counted has been voted in a voting precinct before the time the polls can be legally closed on election day is quilty of a felony.
 - (11) Voted absent voter ballots must be placed in an approved ballot container, and the ballot container must be sealed in the manner provided by this act for paper ballot precincts. The seal numbers must be recorded on the statement sheet and in the poll book.

 (12) Subject to this subsection, a local election official who has established an absent voter counting board or combined absent voter counting board, the deputy or employee of that local election official, an employee of the state bureau of elections, a county clerk, an employee of a county clerk, or a representative of a voting equipment company may enter and leave an absent voter counting board or combined absent voter counting board after the tally has begun but before the polls close, and between 8 a.m. and 5 p.m. on any day before election day authorized by a city or township if absent voter counting boards are established to open, process, and tabulate absent voter ballots before election day. A person—An individual described in this subsection may enter an absent voter counting board or combined absent voter counting board

only for the purpose of responding to an inquiry from an election 1 inspector or a challenger or providing instructions on the 2 operation of the counting board. Before entering an absent voter 3 4 counting board or combined absent voter counting board, a person an 5 individual described in this subsection must take and sign the oath 6 prescribed in subsection (9). The chairperson of the absent voter 7 counting board or combined absent voter counting board shall record 8 in the poll book the name of a person an individual described in this subsection who enters the absent voter counting board or 9 10 combined absent voter counting board. A person An individual 11 described in this subsection who enters an absent voter counting board or combined absent voter counting board and who discloses an 12 election result or in any manner characterizes how any ballot being 13 14 counted has been voted in a precinct before the time the polls can 15 be legally closed on election day is quilty of a felony. As used in 16 this subsection, "local election official" means a county, city, or 17 township clerk.

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28 29 (13) The secretary of state shall develop instructions consistent with this act for the conduct of absent voter counting boards or combined absent voter counting boards. The secretary of state shall distribute the instructions developed under this subsection to county, city, and township clerks 40 days or more before a general election in which absent voter counting boards or combined absent voter counting boards will be used. A county, city, or township clerk shall make the instructions developed under this subsection available to the public and shall distribute the instructions to each challenger in attendance at an absent voter counting board or combined absent voter counting board. The instructions developed under this subsection are binding upon the

operation of an absent voter counting board or combined absent voter counting board used in an election conducted by a county, city, or township.

- (14) No later than 5 days before the first day absent voter ballots can be opened, processed, or tabulated, a city or township that authorizes absent voter counting boards to be established before election day shall provide notice in a newspaper of general circulation in that city or township of the location, dates, and hours the absent voter counting boards will meet before election day. In addition, the notice required under this subsection must state that an absent voter who votes and returns his or her absent voter ballot to the city or township clerk is not permitted to spoil his or her absent voter ballot after the date the absent voter counting boards in that city or township are authorized to meet to open, process, and tabulate absent voter ballots. The city or township shall also provide the notice described in this subsection to the county chairperson of each political party where that city or township is located.
- (15) Absent voter counting boards established and authorized to meet on days before election day shall meet only between 8 a.m. and 5 p.m. on those days authorized by the city or township before election day, and shall meet beginning at 7 a.m. on election day. Absent voter counting boards established and authorized to meet on days before election day are only permitted to open, process, and tabulate absent voter ballots and are not permitted to tally or count the results of those absent voter ballots. A tabulator used in an absent voter counting board before election day must be programmed to not reveal any election results until election day. Each day before election day, the absent voter ballots that have

- been opened, processed, and tabulated in an absent voter counting board must be secured in an approved ballot container and sealed in the manner as provided in subsection (11). The ballot container must be kept in a secure location until election day.
 - Sec. 765b. (1) Not Except as otherwise provided in subsection (9), not later than 5 p.m. on the Friday immediately before an election, an elector may submit a signed, written statement to his or her city or township clerk requesting that the clerk do both of the following:
 - (a) Spoil the elector's absent voter ballot.

- (b) Provide or mail a new absent voter ballot to the elector.
- (2) Upon receipt of a signed, written statement from an elector as described in subsection (1), the city or township clerk shall mark the absent voter ballot return envelope of that elector as "spoiled" and retain the envelope. In addition, the city or township clerk shall provide or mail a new absent voter ballot to that elector.
- (3) An Except as otherwise provided in subsection (9), an elector who has returned an absent voter ballot may, before 10 a.m. on the day before an election except Sunday or a legal holiday, appear in person at his or her city or township clerk's office to do both of the following:
- (a) Spoil his or her absent voter ballot by submitting a signed, written statement to the city or township clerk indicating that the elector wishes to have his or her absent voter ballot spoiled.
 - (b) Vote a new absent voter ballot in the clerk's office.
- (4) Upon receipt of the signed, written statement from anelector as described in subsection (3)(a), the city or township

- clerk shall mark the absent voter ballot return envelope of that elector as "spoiled" and retain the envelope. In addition, the city or township clerk shall issue the elector a new absent voter ballot that must be voted by the elector in the clerk's office.
- (5) Not later than 5 p.m. on the Friday immediately before an election, an elector who has lost his or her absent voter ballot or not yet received his or her absent voter ballot in the mail may submit a signed, written statement to his or her city or township clerk requesting that the clerk do both of the following:
 - (a) Spoil the elector's absent voter ballot.
 - (b) Provide or mail a new absent voter ballot to the elector.
- (6) Upon receipt of a signed, written statement from an elector as described in subsection (5), the city or township clerk shall indicate in the qualified voter file that the original ballot is spoiled. In addition, the city or township clerk shall provide or mail a new absent voter ballot to that elector.
- (7) An elector who has lost his or her absent voter ballot or not yet received his or her absent voter ballot in the mail may, before 4 p.m. on the day before an election except Sunday or a legal holiday, appear in person at his or her city or township clerk's office to do both of the following:
- (a) Spoil his or her absent voter ballot by submitting a signed, written statement to the city or township clerk indicating that the elector wishes to have his or her absent voter ballot spoiled.
 - (b) Vote a new absent voter ballot in the clerk's office.
- (8) Upon receipt of the signed, written statement from an elector described in subsection (7)(a), the city or township clerk shall indicate in the qualified voter file that the original ballot

 is spoiled. In addition, the city or township clerk shall issue the elector a new absent voter ballot that must be voted by the elector in the clerk's office.

- (9) If a city or township authorizes that absent voter counting boards be established to open, process, and tabulate absent voter ballots before election day as provided in section 765a, an elector who has voted and returned his or her absent voter ballot to the city or township clerk is not permitted to spoil his or her absent voter ballot after the date absent voter counting boards in that city or township are authorized to meet and begin opening, processing, and tabulating absent voter ballots.
- Sec. 766. (1) Upon receipt from the city or township clerk of any envelope containing the marked ballot or ballots of an absent voter, the board of **election** inspectors of election—shall verify the legality of the vote by doing both of the following:
- (a) Examining the digitized signature for the absent voter included in the qualified voter file under section 509q or the registration record as provided in subsection (2) to see that the person—individual has not voted in person, that he or she is a registered voter, and, subject to subsection (3), that the signature on the statement agrees with the signature on the registration record.
- (b) Examining the statement of the voter to see that it is properly executed.
- (2) The qualified voter file must be used to determine the genuineness of a signature on an envelope containing an absent voter ballot. Signature comparisons must be made with the digitized signature in the qualified voter file. If the qualified voter file does not contain a digitized signature of an elector, or is not

- accessible to the clerk, the city or township clerk shall compare the signature appearing on an envelope containing an absent voter ballot to the signature contained on the master card.
- (3) If the board of election inspectors determines that the signature on the statement does not agree with the signature on the registration record, the board of election inspectors shall notify the clerk of the city or township that the signatures do not agree and the clerk of the city or township shall proceed as provided in section 766b.
- Sec. 766a. (1) If the clerk of a city or township rejects an absent voter ballot application because the signature on the absent voter ballot application does not agree with the signature on the master card or the digitized signature contained in the qualified voter file so as to identify the elector, the city or township clerk shall as soon as practicable notify the elector of the rejection by mail, telephone, or electronic mail. An elector who is notified of a rejection by a clerk under this subsection may, subject to the identification requirement in section 761(6), appear in person at the clerk's office before 8 p.m. on election day to verify his or her signature and obtain his or her absent voter ballot.
- (2) If the clerk of a city or township rejects an absent voter ballot application because the elector failed to sign the absent voter ballot application, the city or township clerk shall as soon as practicable notify the elector of the rejection by mail, telephone, or electronic mail. An elector who is notified of a rejection by a clerk under this subsection may, subject to the identification requirement in section 761(6), appear in person at the clerk's office before 8 p.m. on election day to sign his or her

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absent voter ballot application and obtain his or her absent voter ballot.

Sec. 766b. (1) If the clerk of a city or township or the board of election inspectors rejects an absent voter ballot return envelope because the signature on the absent voter ballot return envelope does not agree with the signature on the master card or the digitized signature contained in the qualified voter file so as to identify the elector, the return envelope must not be opened and the city or township clerk shall as soon as practicable, but not less than 10 days before the certification of the election, notify 10 11 the elector of the rejection by mail, telephone, or electronic mail. An elector who is notified of a rejection by a city or 12 13 township clerk under this subsection may, no later than 5 p.m. of 14 the third day before the certification of the election, verify his 15 or her signature by delivering in person, by mail, by facsimile, or by electronic mail to the city or township clerk a signature 16 17 verification statement signed by the elector. If an elector who is 18 notified of a rejection under this subsection fails to verify his 19 or her signature as provided in this section, the absent voter 20 ballot for that elector must not be counted.

(2) The signature verification statement, and the notice and instructions for that statement, must be in substantially the following form:

24		SIGNATURE	E VERIFICATION STATEMENT
25	I,		, am a registered voter of
26		_ county,	city or township,
27	State of Michigan.		
28	I declare unde	r penaltv	of perjury that I requested and

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returned an absent voter ballot return envelope. I am a resident of

the precinct in which I have voted, and I am the individual whose
name appears on the absent voter ballot return envelope. I
understand that if I commit or attempt any fraud in connection with
voting, or if I aid or abet fraud or attempt to aid or abet fraud
in connection with voting, I may be convicted of a felony. I
understand that my failure to sign this statement means that my
absent voter ballot will not be counted.

8	Voter's S	Signature:	
9	Voter's A	Address: _	

NOTICE AND INSTRUCTIONS

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY. FAILURE TO FOLLOW THESE INSTRUCTIONS MAY CAUSE YOUR ABSENT VOTER BALLOT TO NOT BE COUNTED.

- 1. We have determined that the signature you provided on your absent voter ballot return envelope does not agree with the signature on file in your voter record. In order to ensure that your absent voter ballot will be counted, the signature verification statement must be completed and returned as soon as possible.
- 2. The signature verification statement must be received by the city or township clerk of the city or township where you are registered to vote no later than 5 p.m. of the third day before the certification of the election (Deadline Date:).
- 3. You must sign your name where specified on the signature verification statement (Voter's Signature).
- 4. Place the signature verification statement into a mailing envelope addressed to your city or township clerk. Mail, deliver, or have the completed statement delivered to the city or township clerk. Be sure there is sufficient postage if mailed and that the

address of the city or township clerk is correct.

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- 5. If you do not wish to send the signature verification statement by mail or have it delivered, you may submit your completed statement by electronic mail or facsimile transmission to your city or township clerk using the information provided.
- (3) Upon receiving a signature verification statement signed by an elector, the city or township clerk shall compare the signature on the statement with the signature on the master card or the digitized signature contained in the qualified voter file for that elector. If the city or township clerk determines that the signatures agree, the absent voter ballot of that elector must be counted. Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, if the city or township clerk determines that the signatures do not agree, the return envelope for that absent voter must not be opened and the absent voter ballot of that elector must not be counted. The city or township clerk shall write the cause of the rejection on the face of an absent voter ballot return envelope that is rejected. If an elector returns his or her signature verification statement in person to the city or township clerk and the elector presents identification for election purposes to the city or township clerk, the absent voter ballot of that elector must be counted even if the signatures do not agree.
- (4) If the clerk of a city or township rejects an absent voter ballot return envelope because the elector failed to sign the absent voter ballot return envelope, the return envelope must not be opened and the city or township clerk shall as soon as practicable, but not less than 10 days before the certification of the election, notify the elector of the rejection by mail, telephone, or electronic mail. An elector who is notified of a

1	rejection by a city or township clerk under this subsection may, no				
2	later than 5 p.m. of the third day before the certification of the				
3	election, complete and submit by delivering in person, by mail, by				
4	facsimile, or by electronic mail to the city or township clerk an				
5	unsigned ballot statement signed by the elector. If an elector who				
6	is notified of a rejection under this subsection fails to submit a				
7	signed statement as provided in this subsection, the absent voter				
8	ballot for that elector must not be counted.				
9	(5) The unsigned ballot statement, and the notice and				
10	instructions for that statement, must be in substantially the				
11	following form:				
12	UNSIGNED BALLOT STATEMENT				
13	I,, am a registered voter of				
14	county, city or township,				
15	State of Michigan.				
16	I declare under penalty of perjury that I requested and				
17	returned an absent voter ballot return envelope and that I have not				
18	and will not vote more than 1 ballot in this election. I am a				
19	resident of the precinct in which I have voted, and I am the				
20	individual whose name appears on the absent voter ballot return				
21	envelope. I understand that if I commit or attempt any fraud in				
22	connection with voting, or if I aid or abet fraud or attempt to aid				
23	or abet fraud in connection with voting, I may be convicted of a				
24	felony. I understand that my failure to sign this statement means				
25	that my absent voter ballot will not be counted.				
26	Voter's Signature:				
27	Voter's Address:				

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NOTICE AND INSTRUCTIONS

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1 READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY BEFORE COMPLETING THE
2 STATEMENT. FAILURE TO FOLLOW THESE INSTRUCTIONS MAY CAUSE YOUR
3 ABSENT VOTER BALLOT TO NOT BE COUNTED.

- 1. In order to ensure that your absent voter ballot will be counted, the unsigned ballot statement must be completed and returned as soon as possible so that it can reach the city or township clerk of the city or township in which you are registered to vote no later than 5 p.m. of the third day before the certification of the election (Deadline Date:).
- 2. You must sign your name where specified on the unsigned ballot statement (Voter's Signature).
- 3. Place the unsigned ballot statement into a mailing envelope addressed to your city or township clerk. Mail, deliver, or have the completed statement delivered to the city or township clerk. Be sure there is sufficient postage if mailed and that the address of the city or township clerk is correct.
- 4. If you do not wish to send the unsigned ballot statement by mail or have it delivered, you may submit your completed statement by electronic mail or facsimile transmission to your city or township clerk using the information provided.
 - (6) Upon receiving an unsigned ballot statement signed by an elector, the city or township clerk shall compare the signature on the statement with the signature on the master card or the digitized signature contained in the qualified voter file for that elector. If the city or township clerk determines that the signatures agree, the absent voter ballot of that elector must be counted. Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, if the city or township clerk determines that the signatures do not agree, the return envelope for that absent voter must not be opened and

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- the absent voter ballot of that elector must not be counted. The city or township clerk shall write the cause of the rejection on the face of an absent voter ballot return envelope that is rejected. If an elector returns his or her unsigned ballot statement in person to the city or township clerk and the elector presents identification for election purposes to the city or 7 township clerk, the absent voter ballot of that elector must be 8 counted even if the signatures do not agree.
 - (7) The clerk of each city or township shall include the signature verification statement and unsigned ballot statement on the city or township website. The portion of the city or township website containing the signature verification statement and unsigned ballot statement must include the city or township clerk's mailing address, electronic mail address, and facsimile transmission number.
 - Sec. 767. If upon an examination of examining the envelope containing an absent voter's ballot or ballots , it is determined that the signature on the envelope does not agree sufficiently with the signature on the registration card or the digitized signature contained in the qualified voter file as provided under section 766 so as to identify the voter or if the board shall have has knowledge that the person individual voting the ballot or ballots has died, or if it is determined by a majority of the board that such the vote is illegal for any other reason, then such the vote shall must be rejected, and thereupon some member of the board shall, without opening the envelope, mark across the face of such the envelope, "rejected as illegal", and the reason therefor. for the rejection. The statement shall must be initialed by the chairman chairperson of the board of election inspectors. Said The

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- envelope and the absent voter ballot or ballots contained therein

 shall in the envelope must be returned to the city —or township or

 village—clerk and retained and preserved in the manner now provided

 by law for the retention and preservation of official ballots voted

 at such an election.
- Enacting section 1. Section 14b of the Michigan election law,1954 PA 116, MCL 168.14b, is repealed.