SENATE BILL NO. 931

May 20, 2020, Introduced by Senator MOSS and referred to the Committee on Economic and Small Business Development.

A bill to prohibit an employer from taking certain actions against employees who engage in certain activities during a declared emergency related to coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19); to prohibit discrimination and retaliation for engaging in certain activities; and to provide remedies.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:

- 1 Sec. 1. As used in this act:
- 2 (a) "Adverse employment action" includes, but is not limited
- 3 to, any of the following:

JJR \$06683**'**20

- 1 (i) Disciplinary action.
- 2 (ii) Termination of employment.
- 3 (iii) A demotion or a failure to provide a promotion.
- 4 (iv) An involuntary change in a work shift.
- 5 (v) An involuntary reduction of work hours.
- 6 (vi) A reduction of employment benefits.
- 7 (vii) A reduction in salary or wage.
- 8 (viii) Any other adverse change in the terms or conditions of 9 employment that is reasonably likely to deter protected activity.
- 10 (b) "COVID-19" means coronavirus disease 2019.
- 11 (c) "Employee" means an individual employed by an employer.
- (d) "Employer" means a person or a state or local governmentalentity that employs 1 or more individuals.
- (e) "Person" means an individual, partnership, corporation,association, or other legal entity.
- 16 (f) "Principal symptoms of COVID-19" means any of the
 17 following:
- 18 (i) Fever.
- 19 (ii) Atypical cough.
- 20 (iii) Atypical shortness of breath.
- Sec. 3. (1) An employer shall not take adverse employment
- 22 action or otherwise discriminate or retaliate against an employee
- 23 who is absent from work during an emergency declared by the
- 24 governor related to COVID-19 if the employee did not attend work
- 25 for any of the following reasons:
- 26 (a) The employee was self-isolating or self-quarantining for
- 27 any of the following reasons:
- 28 (i) In response to an elevated risk from COVID-19 due to an

JJR \$06683**'**20

- 1 existing health condition.
- 2 (ii) After displaying 1 or more of the principal symptoms of COVID-19.
- 4 (iii) While seeking a medical diagnosis from a health care5 provider after suffering symptoms related to COVID-19.
- 6 (iv) After having had contact in the last 14 days with an individual with a confirmed diagnosis of COVID-19.
- 8 (v) After having had contact in the last 14 days with an
 9 individual displaying 1 or more of the principal symptoms of COVID10 19 who was seeking a medical diagnosis from a health care provider.
- 11 (vi) After having received a diagnosis of COVID-19.
- 12 (vii) In response to a reasonable fear related to COVID-19 due 13 to an objective condition existing at the employee's place of work.
- 14 (b) The employee was required to care for another individual
 15 self-isolating or self-quarantining for 1 of the following reasons:
- (i) In response to an elevated risk from COVID-19 due to anexisting health condition.
- 18 (ii) After displaying 1 or more of the principal symptoms of 19 COVID-19.
- 20 (iii) While seeking a medical diagnosis from a health care21 provider after suffering symptoms related to COVID-19.
- 22 (iv) After having had contact in the last 14 days with an individual with a confirmed diagnosis of COVID-19.
- (v) After having had contact in the last 14 days with an
 individual displaying 1 or more of the principal symptoms of COVID 19 who was seeking a medical diagnosis from a health care provider.
- (vi) After the individual receives a confirmed diagnosis of COVID-19.

JJR \$06683**'**20

- 1 (c) The employee has a family care responsibility for 1 of the
 2 following reasons:
- 3 (i) The closure of a school, day care, or other child care4 facility or provider.
- 5 (ii) The closure of a nursing home or other adult care facility $\mathbf{6}$ or provider.
- 7 (d) The employee lacks a transportation option that would
 8 enable the employee to travel to and from the employee's place of
 9 work either alone or solely with other members of the employee's
 10 household.
- 11 (2) An employer shall not take an adverse employment action or 12 otherwise discriminate or retaliate against an employee because the 13 employee does any of the following:
- 14 (a) Opposes a violation of this act.
- 15 (b) Brings an action under this act.
- 16 (c) Testifies, assists, or participates in an action brought
 17 under this act.
- Sec. 5. (1) An employee aggrieved by a violation of this act may bring a civil action for appropriate injunctive relief or damages, or both, in the circuit court for the county where the alleged violation occurred or for the county where the employer against whom the action is filed is located or has its principal place of business.
- 24 (2) A court shall award to a plaintiff who prevails in an 25 action brought under this act both of the following:
- (a) The plaintiff's actual damages or \$5,000.00, whichever isqreater.
- (b) The plaintiff's reasonable costs and reasonable attorneyfees.