SUBSTITUTE FOR HOUSE BILL NO. 4348

A bill to license and regulate pharmacy benefit managers; to require reporting of certain data; to provide for the powers and duties of certain state governmental officers and entities; to provide remedies; to require the promulgation of rules; and to require and to provide sanctions for violation of this act.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:

- Sec. 1. This act shall be known as and may be cited as the
 "pharmacy benefit manager licensure and regulation act".
- Sec. 3. For purposes of this act, the words and phrases
 defined in sections 5 to 9 have the meanings ascribed to them in
 those sections.
- Sec. 5. (1) "Affiliated pharmacy" means a network pharmacy
 that directly, or indirectly through 1 or more intermediaries,

- 1 controls, is controlled by, or is under common control with, a
- 2 pharmacy benefit manager.
- 3 (2) "Aggregate retained rebate percentage" means the
- 4 percentage of all rebates received by a pharmacy benefit manager
- 5 from all manufacturers, that is not passed on to the pharmacy
- 6 benefit manager's health plan or insurer clients. Aggregate
- 7 retained rebate percentage must be expressed without disclosing any
- 8 identifying information regarding any health plan, drug, or
- 9 therapeutic class, and must be calculated as follows:
- 10 (a) Calculate the aggregate dollar amount of all rebates that
- 11 the pharmacy benefit manager received during the prior calendar
- 12 year from all manufacturers and did not pass through to the
- 13 pharmacy benefit manager's health plan or insurer clients.
- 14 (b) Divide the result of the calculation under subdivision (a)
- 15 by the aggregate dollar amount of all rebates that the pharmacy
- 16 benefit manager received during the prior calendar year from all
- 17 manufacturers.
- 18 (3) "Carrier" means that term as defined in section 3701 of
- 19 the insurance code of 1956, 1956 PA 218, MCL 500.3701.
- 20 (4) "Claim" means a request for payment for administering,
- 21 filling, or refilling a drug or for providing a pharmacy service or
- 22 a medical supply or device to an enrollee.
- 23 (5) "Claims processing services" means the administrative
- 24 services performed in connection with the processing and
- 25 adjudicating of claims relating to pharmacist services that include
- 26 any of the following:
- 27 (a) Receiving payments for pharmacist services.
- (b) Making payments to pharmacists or pharmacies for
- 29 pharmacist services.

- (c) Receiving and making the payments described in
 subdivisions (a) and (b).
- 3 (6) "Covered person" means a person that is insured in a4 health plan.
- (7) "Department" means the department of insurance andfinancial services.

- (8) "Director" means the director of the department.
- 8 (9) "Enrollee" means that term as defined in section 116 of 9 the insurance code of 1956, 1956 PA 218, MCL 500.116.
- 10 (10) "Financially viable" means that 1 of the following 11 conditions is met:
- (a) The pharmacy benefit manager has received an unqualified
 opinion from an independent public accountant showing it is solvent
 based on generally accepted accounting principles.
- (b) If no independent public accountant opinion is obtained,
 the pharmacy benefit manager remains solvent after adjusting for
 qoodwill and intangible assets.
- (11) "Health plan" means a qualified health plan as that termis defined in section 1261 of the insurance code of 1956, 1956 PA20 218, MCL 500.1261.
- 21 (12) "Individual responsible for the conduct of affairs of the
 22 pharmacy benefit manager" means any of the following:
- (a) A member of the board of directors, board of trustees,executive committee, or other governing board or committee.
- (b) A principal officer for a corporation or a partner ormember for a partnership, association, or limited liabilitycompany.
- (c) A shareholder or member holding directly or indirectly 10%or more of the voting stock, voting securities, or voting interest

- 1 of the pharmacy benefit manager.
- 2 (d) Any person who exercises control or influence over the3 affairs of the pharmacy benefit manager.
- 4 (13) "Insurer" means an insurer that delivers, issues for 5 delivery, or renews in this state a health plan that provides drug 6 coverage under the insurance code of 1956, 1956 PA 218, MCL 500.100 7 to 500.8302.
- Sec. 7. (1) "Mail-order pharmacy" means a pharmacy whose primary business is to receive prescriptions by mail, fax, or through electronic submissions, dispense drugs to enrollees through the use of the United States Postal Service or other common carrier services, and provide consultation with patients electronically rather than face-to-face.
- 14 (2) "Manufacturer" means that term as defined in section 17706
 15 of the public health code, 1978 PA 368, MCL 333.17706.
- 16 (3) "Maximum allowable cost" means the maximum amount that a
 17 pharmacy benefit manager will reimburse a network pharmacy for the
 18 ingredient cost for a generic drug.
- 19 (4) "Maximum allowable cost list" means a listing of drugs
 20 used by a pharmacy benefit manager, directly or indirectly, to set
 21 the maximum allowable cost.
- (5) "Multiple source drug" means a therapeutically equivalentdrug that is available from at least 2 manufacturers.
- (6) "Network pharmacy" means a retail pharmacy or other
 pharmacy that contracts directly or through a contracting agent
 with a pharmacy benefit manager.
- (7) "Nonaffiliated pharmacy" means a network pharmacy that
 directly, or indirectly through 1 or more intermediaries, does not
 control, is not controlled by, or is not under common control with,

- 1 a pharmacy benefit manager.
- 2 (8) "Other drug or device services" means services other than
- 3 claims processing services, provided directly or indirectly,
- 4 whether in connection with or separate from claims processing
- 5 services, including, but not limited to, any of the following:
- 6 (a) Negotiating rebates, discounts, or other financial
- 7 incentives and arrangements with manufacturers.
- 8 (b) Disbursing or distributing rebates.
- 9 (c) Managing or participating in incentive programs or
- 10 arrangements for pharmacist services.
- (d) Negotiating or entering into contractual arrangements withpharmacists or pharmacies.
- 13 (e) Developing drug formularies.
- 14 (f) Designing prescription drug benefit programs.
- 15 (g) Advertising or promoting services.
- 16 (9) "Person" means an individual, partnership, corporation,
- 17 association, or governmental entity.
- 18 (10) "Pharmacist" means that term as defined in section 17707
- 19 of the public health code, 1978 PA 368, MCL 333.17707.
- 20 (11) "Pharmacist services" means products, goods, and
- 21 services, or any combination of products, goods, and services,
- 22 provided as a part of the practice of pharmacy.
- 23 (12) "Pharmacy" means that term as defined in section 17707 of
- 24 the public health code, 1978 PA 368, MCL 333.17707.
- 25 (13) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (14),
- 26 "pharmacy benefit manager" means a person that contracts with a
- 27 pharmacy or a pharmacy's agent on behalf of an employer, multiple
- 28 employer welfare arrangement, public employee benefit plan, state
- 29 agency, insurer, managed care organization, or other third-party

- 1 payer to provide pharmacy health benefits services or
- 2 administration that includes, but is not limited to, all of the
- 3 following:
- 4 (a) Contracting directly or indirectly with pharmacies to
- 5 provide drugs to enrollees or other covered persons.
- 6 (b) Administering a drug benefit.
- 7 (c) Processing or paying pharmacy claims.
- 8 (d) Creating or updating drug formularies.
- **9** (e) Making or assisting in making prior authorization
- 10 determinations on drugs.
- 11 (f) Administering rebates on drugs.
- 12 (g) Establishing a pharmacy network.
- 13 (14) "Pharmacy benefit manager" does not include the
- 14 department of health and human services or an insurer.
- 15 (15) "Pharmacy benefit manager network" means a network of
- 16 pharmacists or pharmacies that are offered by an agreement or
- 17 contract to provide pharmacist services.
- 18 (16) "Plan sponsor" means that term as defined in section 7705
- 19 of the insurance code of 1956, 1956 PA 218, MCL 500.7705.
- 20 (17) "Practice of pharmacy" means that term as defined in
- 21 section 17707 of the public health code, 1978 PA 368, MCL
- **22** 333.17707.
- 23 (18) "Preferred pharmacy" means a network pharmacy that offers
- 24 covered drugs to health plan members at lower out-of-pocket costs
- 25 than what the member would pay at a nonpreferred network pharmacy.
- 26 Sec. 9. (1) "Rebate" means a discount or other price
- 27 concession based on use or price of a drug that is paid by a
- 28 manufacturer or third party, directly or indirectly, to a pharmacy
- 29 benefit manager after a claim has been adjudicated at a pharmacy.

- 1 Rebate includes, but is not limited to, incentives, disbursements,
- 2 and reasonable estimates of volume-based or other discounts and
- 3 price protection rebates.
- 4 (2) "Retail pharmacy" means a pharmacy that dispenses drugs to
- 5 the public at retail.
- 6 (3) "Rule" means a rule promulgated pursuant to the
- 7 administrative procedures act of 1969, 1969 PA 306, MCL 24.201 to
- **8** 24.328.
- 9 (4) "Spread pricing" means the model of prescription drug
- 10 pricing in which a pharmacy benefit manager charges a health plan a
- 11 contracted price for prescription drugs, and the contracted price
- 12 for the prescription drugs differs from the amount the pharmacy
- 13 benefit manager directly or indirectly pays the pharmacist or
- 14 pharmacy for pharmacy services.
- 15 (5) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (6), "third
- 16 party" means a person that is not an enrollee or insured in a
- 17 health plan.
- 18 (6) "Third party" does not include a pharmacy benefit manager.
- 19 Sec. 11. (1) Beginning January 1, 2023, a pharmacy benefit
- 20 manager that provides services to residents of this state shall
- 21 apply for, obtain, and maintain a license to operate as a pharmacy
- 22 benefit manager from the director. A license under this act is
- 23 renewable biennially and is nontransferable.
- 24 (2) Subject to this section, an applicant for a license to
- 25 operate in this state as a pharmacy benefit manager shall submit to
- 26 the director both of the following:
- 27 (a) An application in a form and manner prescribed by the
- 28 director that is signed by an officer or authorized representative
- 29 of the pharmacy benefit manager verifying that the contents of the

- 1 application form and any attachments are correct. The application
- 2 form must include, but is not limited to, all of the following:
- 3 (i) A copy of all basic organizational documents of the
- 4 pharmacy benefit manager, including, but not limited to, the
- 5 articles of incorporation, bylaws, articles of association, trade
- 6 name certificate, and other similar documents and all amendments to
- 7 those documents.
- 8 (ii) A copy of a power of attorney duly executed by the
- 9 pharmacy benefit manager if not domiciled in this state, appointing
- 10 the director, the director's successors in office, and the
- 11 director's authorized deputies as the attorney of the pharmacy
- 12 benefit manager in and for this state, on whom process in any legal
- 13 action or proceeding against the pharmacy benefit manager on a
- 14 cause of action arising in this state may be served. The fee for
- 15 service described in this subparagraph is \$5.00, payable at the
- 16 time of service.
- 17 (iii) The names, addresses, official positions, and professional
- 18 qualifications of each individual who is responsible for the
- 19 conduct of the affairs of the pharmacy benefit manager, including
- 20 the following:
- 21 (A) Each administrative services manager and each member of
- 22 the board of directors, board of trustees, executive committee, or
- 23 other governing board or committee.
- 24 (B) The officers and shareholders owning stock representing
- 25 10% or more of the voting shares of the pharmacy benefit manager
- 26 for a corporation and the partners or members for a partnership or
- 27 association.
- 28 (iv) A copy of recent financial statements showing the pharmacy
- 29 benefit manager's assets, liabilities, and sources of financial

- 1 support that the director, on the advice of the board, determines
- 2 are sufficient to show that the pharmacy benefit manager is
- 3 financially viable. If the pharmacy benefit manager's financial
- 4 affairs are prepared by an independent public accountant, a copy of
- 5 the most recent regular financial statement satisfies the
- 6 requirement to show financial viability unless the director
- 7 determines that additional or more recent financial information is
- 8 required for the proper administration of this act.
- $\mathbf{9}$ (v) A description of the pharmacy benefit manager, its
- 10 services, facilities, and personnel.
- (vi) A document in which the pharmacy benefit manager confirms
- 12 that its business practices and each ongoing contract comply with
- 13 this act.
- 14 (b) An application fee as provided by the director by rule.
- 15 (3) Within 30 days after any significant modification of
- 16 information submitted with the application for a license under
- 17 subsection (2), a pharmacy benefit manager shall file a notice of
- 18 the modification with the director.
- 19 (4) The director may refuse to issue a license under this act
- 20 if the director determines that the pharmacy benefit manager is not
- 21 financially viable or that the pharmacy benefit manager or any
- 22 individual responsible for the conduct of the affairs of the
- 23 pharmacy benefit manager has had a pharmacy benefit manager
- 24 certificate of authority or license denied or revoked for cause in
- 25 another state.
- 26 (5) The director may deny, suspend, or revoke the license of a
- 27 pharmacy benefit manager, or may issue a cease and desist order if
- 28 the pharmacy benefit manager is not licensed, if the director
- 29 finds, after notice and opportunity for hearing, any of the

1 following:

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- (a) That the pharmacy benefit manager has violated any lawful
 rule or order of the director or any law of this state applicable
 to the pharmacy benefit manager.
- (b) That the pharmacy benefit manager has refused to be examined or to produce its accounts, records, and files for examination, or if any individual responsible for the conduct of affairs of the pharmacy benefit manager has refused to give information with respect to its affairs or has refused to perform any other legal obligation as to an examination when required by the director.
- 12 (c) That the pharmacy benefit manager has, without just cause,
 13 refused to pay proper claims or perform services arising under its
 14 contracts or has, without just cause, caused covered persons or
 15 enrollees to accept less than the amount due them or caused covered
 16 persons or enrollees to employ attorneys or bring suit against the
 17 pharmacy benefit manager or a payor that it represents to secure
 18 full payment or settlement of the claims.
- 19 (d) That the pharmacy benefit manager is required under this
 20 act to have a license and fails at any time to meet any
 21 qualification for which issuance of a license could have been
 22 refused had the failure then existed and been known to the
 23 director, unless the director issued a license with knowledge of
 24 the ground for disqualification and had the authority to waive it.
 - (e) That any individual responsible for the conduct of affairs of the pharmacy benefit manager has been convicted of, or has entered a plea of guilty or nolo contendere to, a felony without regard to whether adjudication was withheld.
- 29 (f) That the pharmacy benefit manager's license has been

1 suspended or revoked in another state.

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- 2 (g) That a resident pharmacy benefit manager has failed to
 3 file a timely report required under section 23, or a timely renewal
 4 application and renewal fee, as applicable, required under
 5 subsection (10).
- 6 (6) If a pharmacy benefit manager's license is suspended or 7 restricted, the director may permit the operation of the pharmacy 8 benefit manager for a limited time not to exceed 60 days. However, 9 the director may permit a pharmacy benefit manager whose license 10 has been suspended or restricted to operate for a period that 11 exceeds 60 days if the director determines that the continued operation of the pharmacy benefit manager is in the beneficial 12 interests of covered persons by ensuring minimal disruptions to the 13 14 continuity of care. A pharmacy benefit manager whose license has 15 been suspended or restricted is subject to a fine each month, as 16 determined by the director, not to exceed \$20,000.00 per month, 17 until the pharmacy benefit manager has remedied the violation 18 leading to the suspension or restriction.
- 19 (7) The director may revoke the license of a pharmacy benefit
 20 manager if the pharmacy benefit manager has been operating under a
 21 suspended license for a period of more than 60 days.
 - (8) For purposes of this section, a pharmacy benefit manager has the same rights to notice and hearings that are provided to an insurer under the insurance code of 1956, 1956 PA 218, MCL 500.100 to 500.8302.
- 26 (9) The director may investigate officers, directors, and
 27 owners of a pharmacy benefit manager in the same manner as
 28 officers, directors, and owners of a business entity licensed under
 29 the insurance code of 1956, 1956 PA 218, MCL 500.100 to 500.8302.

- 1 (10) To renew a license as a pharmacy benefit manager, an2 applicant shall submit to the director all of the following:
- 3 (a) A renewal application in a form and manner prescribed by
- 4 the director that is signed by an officer or authorized
- 5 representative of the pharmacy benefit manager verifying that the
- 6 contents of the renewal form are correct.
- 7 (b) A renewal fee as provided by the director by rule.
- 8 (c) A pharmacy benefit manager network adequacy report
- 9 required under section 17.
- Sec. 13. (1) The director shall promulgate rules that are
- 11 necessary or required to implement this act.
- 12 (2) The rules promulgated by the director under subsection (1)
- 13 must include fines, suspension of licensure, restriction of
- 14 licensure, and revocation of licensure in accordance with this act.
- 15 Sec. 15. (1) A pharmacy benefit manager shall exercise good
- 16 faith and fair dealing in the performance of its contractual
- 17 duties. A provision in a contract between a pharmacy benefit
- 18 manager and a carrier or a network pharmacy that attempts to waive
- 19 or limit this obligation is void.
- 20 (2) A pharmacy benefit manager shall notify a carrier in
- 21 writing of any activity, policy, or practice of the pharmacy
- 22 benefit manager that directly or indirectly presents a conflict of
- 23 interest with the duties imposed in this section.
- 24 (3) If a pharmacy benefit manager plans to increase the
- 25 patient's cost share amount on a drug that is a maintenance drug,
- 26 the pharmacy benefit manager shall notify all known covered persons
- 27 currently taking the maintenance drug of the cost share increase 60
- 28 days before it goes into effect.
- 29 (4) The pharmacy benefit manager shall communicate the final

- reimbursement amount to the network pharmacy at the time ofadjudication at the point of sale.
- 3 (5) A carrier, health plan, or pharmacy benefit manager shall
 4 not retroactively charge a network pharmacy any fee, charge, or
 5 other amount, whether based on performance metrics or otherwise,
 6 after communication of the final reimbursement amount at the time
 7 of adjudication at the point of sale.
- 9 not directly or indirectly reduce the amount of a claim payment to 10 a network pharmacy after adjudication of the claim including 11 through the use of fees in the form of an aggregated effective 12 rate, quality assurance program, other direct or indirect 13 remuneration fee, or otherwise, except in accordance with an audit 14 performed in accordance with section 28.
- 15 (7) A pharmacy benefit manager shall not directly or
 16 indirectly, on behalf of the pharmacy benefit manager, a carrier,
 17 or a health plan, charge or hold a pharmacy responsible for a fee
 18 for any step of or component or mechanism related to the claims
 19 adjudication process, including any of the following:
- 20 (a) Adjudicating a pharmacy benefit claim.
- 21 (b) Processing or transmitting a pharmacy benefit claim.
- (c) Developing or managing a claims processing or adjudicationnetwork.
- (d) Participating in, admission into, or credentialing for aclaims processing or adjudication network.
- Sec. 17. (1) A pharmacy benefit manager shall provide a reasonably adequate and accessible pharmacy benefit manager network for the provision of drugs for a health plan that must provide for convenient patient access to pharmacies within a reasonable

- 1 distance from a patient's residence.
- 2 (2) A pharmacy benefit manager shall submit to the director a
- 3 pharmacy benefit manager network adequacy report that describes the
- 4 pharmacy benefit manager network and the pharmacy benefit manager
- 5 network's accessibility in this state in the time and manner
- 6 prescribed by the director.
- 7 (3) A pharmacy benefit manager may apply for a waiver from the
- 8 director if the pharmacy benefit manager is unable to meet the
- 9 network adequacy requirements under subsection (1).
- 10 (4) To apply for a waiver under subsection (3), a pharmacy
- 11 benefit manager must submit to the director an application in a
- 12 form and manner prescribed by the director that does both of the
- 13 following:
- 14 (a) Demonstrates with specific data why the pharmacy benefit
- 15 manager is not able to meet the network adequacy requirements under
- 16 subsection (1).
- 17 (b) Includes information as to the steps that the pharmacy
- 18 benefit manager has taken and will take to address network
- 19 adequacy.
- 20 (5) If the director grants a waiver under subsection (3), the
- 21 waiver expires after 2 years. If a pharmacy benefit manager seeks a
- 22 renewal of the waiver, the director shall consider the steps that
- 23 the pharmacy benefit manager has taken over the 2-year period
- 24 covered by the waiver to address network adequacy.
- 25 (6) A pharmacy benefit manager shall not conduct spread
- 26 pricing in this state.
- Sec. 19. (1) A pharmacy benefit manager shall disclose to a
- 28 carrier that contracts with the pharmacy benefit manager any
- 29 difference between the amount paid to a network pharmacy and the

1 amount charged to the carrier.

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- 2 (2) A pharmacy benefit manager shall not discriminate against 3 a nonaffiliated pharmacy. A pharmacy benefit manager shall not 4 reimburse a nonaffiliated pharmacy an amount less than the amount 5 that the pharmacy benefit manager reimburses an affiliated pharmacy 6 for providing the same pharmacy services. For drug reimbursement, 7 equivalent services must be evaluated on a per-unit basis using the 8 identical generic product identifier or generic code number.
 - (3) A pharmacy benefit manager or carrier shall not impose limits, including quantity limits or refill frequency limits, on an enrollee's access to medication that differ based solely on whether the carrier or pharmacy benefit manager has an ownership interest in a pharmacy or the pharmacy has an ownership interest in the pharmacy benefit manager.
- 15 (4) A pharmacy benefit manager or carrier shall not prohibit a 16 340B Program entity or a pharmacy that has a license in good 17 standing in this state under contract with a 340B Program entity 18 from participating in the pharmacy benefit manager's or carrier's provider network solely because it is a 340B Program entity or a 19 20 pharmacy under contract with a 340B Program entity. A pharmacy benefit manager or carrier shall not reimburse a 340B Program 21 entity or a pharmacy under contract with a 340B Program entity 22 23 differently than other similarly situated pharmacies. As used in this subsection, "340B Program entity" means an entity authorized 24 25 to participate in the federal 340B Program under section 340B of the public health service act, 42 USC 256b. 26
 - (5) A pharmacy benefit manager shall not transfer to or receive from an affiliated pharmacy a record containing patient— or prescriber—identifiable prescription information for a commercial

- 1 purpose. As used in this subsection, "commercial purpose" does not
- 2 include pharmacy reimbursement, formulary compliance,
- 3 pharmaceutical care, utilization review by a heath care provider,
- 4 or a public health activity authorized by law.
- 5 (6) Subject to subsection (7), a carrier, health plan, or
- 6 pharmacy benefit manager shall not steer or direct a patient to use
- 7 only an affiliated pharmacy through any oral or written
- 8 communication, including either of the following:
- 9 (a) Online messaging regarding the pharmacy.
- 10 (b) Patient- or prospective patient-specific advertising,
- 11 marketing, or promotion of the pharmacy.
- 12 (7) Subsection (6) does not prohibit a carrier or pharmacy
- 13 benefit manager from including an affiliated pharmacy in a patient
- 14 or prospective patient communication if both of the following
- 15 apply:
- 16 (a) The communication is regarding information about the cost
- 17 or service provided by pharmacies in the network of a health plan
- 18 in which the patient is enrolled.
- 19 (b) The communication includes accurate comparable information
- 20 regarding the pharmacies in the network that are nonaffiliated
- 21 pharmacies.
- 22 (8) A carrier, health plan, or pharmacy benefit manager shall
- 23 not require a patient to use only an affiliated pharmacy.
- 24 (9) A carrier, health plan, or pharmacy benefit manager shall
- 25 not solicit a patient or prescriber to transfer a patient
- 26 prescription to an affiliated pharmacy. As used in this subsection,
- 27 "prescriber" means that term as defined in section 17708 of the
- 28 public health code, 1978 PA 368, MCL 333.17708.
- 29 (10) A carrier, health plan, or pharmacy benefit manager shall

- 1 not require a nonaffiliated pharmacy to transfer a patient's
- 2 prescription to an affiliated pharmacy without the prior consent of
- 3 the patient.
- 4 Sec. 21. (1) A contract between a pharmacy benefit manager and
- 5 a pharmacist or a pharmacy that provides drug coverage for health
- 6 plans must not prohibit or restrict a pharmacy or pharmacist from,
- 7 or penalize a pharmacy or pharmacist for, disclosing to a covered
- 8 person or enrollee health care information that the pharmacy or
- 9 pharmacist considers appropriate regarding any of the following:
- 10 (a) The nature of the treatment or the risks or the
- 11 alternatives to the treatment.
- 12 (b) The availability of alternate therapies, consultations, or
- 13 tests.
- 14 (c) The decision of utilization reviewers or similar persons
- 15 to authorize or deny services.
- 16 (d) The process that is used to authorize or deny health care
- 17 services or benefits.
- 18 (2) A pharmacy benefit manager shall not prohibit a pharmacy
- 19 or pharmacist from discussing information regarding the total cost
- 20 for pharmacist services for a drug or from selling a more
- 21 affordable alternative to the covered person or enrollee if a more
- 22 affordable alternative is available.
- 23 (3) A carrier, health plan, or pharmacy benefit manager shall
- 24 not require a covered person or enrollee to make a payment for a
- 25 prescription drug at the point of sale in an amount greater than
- 26 the lesser of the following:
- 27 (a) The applicable copayment, coinsurance, and deductible.
- (b) The final reimbursement amount to the network pharmacy.
- 29 Sec. 23. (1) Unless otherwise required more frequently by the

- ${f 1}$ director, beginning April 1, 2023, except as otherwise provided in
- 2 subsection (2), a pharmacy benefit manager shall file an annual
- 3 transparency report with the director that contains the information
- 4 required under this section from the preceding calendar year.
- 5 (2) This section does not apply if the pharmacy benefit
- 6 manager has contracted with the department of health and human
- 7 services under Medicaid. As used in this subsection, "Medicaid"
- 8 means benefits under the program of medical assistance established
- 9 under title XIX of the social security act, 42 USC 1396 to 1396w-5,
- 10 and administered by the department of health and human services
- 11 under the social welfare act, 1939 PA 280, MCL 400.1 to 400.119b.
- 12 (3) The transparency report required under subsection (1) must
- 13 include all of the following information:
- 14 (a) The aggregate wholesale acquisition costs from a
- 15 manufacturer or wholesale drug distributor for each therapeutic
- 16 category of drugs for all of the pharmacy benefit manager's plan
- 17 sponsors, net of all rebates and other fees and payments, direct or
- 18 indirect, from all sources.
- 19 (b) The aggregate amount of all rebates that the pharmacy
- 20 benefit manager received from all manufacturers for all of the
- 21 pharmacy benefit manager's plan sponsors. The aggregate amount of
- 22 rebates must include any utilization discounts the pharmacy benefit
- 23 manager receives from a manufacturer or wholesale drug distributor.
- 24 (c) The aggregate amount of all fees that the pharmacy benefit
- 25 manager received.
- 26 (d) The aggregate amount of all rebates that the pharmacy
- 27 benefit manager received from all manufacturers that were not
- 28 passed through to health plans or insurers.
- 29 (e) The aggregate amount of all fees that the pharmacy benefit

- manager received from all manufacturers that were not passedthrough to health plans or insurers.
- 3 (f) The aggregate retained rebate percentage.
- 4 (4) The director shall conduct an annual review against all
 5 de-identified claims submitted to analyze if pharmacy payment and
 6 patient cost-sharing variations have occurred using the following
- 7 information for each claim:
- 8 (a) The drug and quantity for each prescription.
- 9 (b) Whether the claim required prior authorization.
- 10 (c) Subject to subsection (6), patient cost-sharing paid on
 11 each prescription.
- (d) Subject to subsection (6), the amount paid to the pharmacy
 for each prescription, net of the aggregate amount of fees or other
 assessments imposed on the pharmacy, including point-of-sale and
 retroactive charges.
- (e) The identity of the pharmacy that filled eachprescription.
- 18 (f) Whether the pharmacy is under common control or ownership
 19 with the pharmacy benefit manager.
- 20 (g) Whether the pharmacy is a preferred pharmacy under the21 health plan.
- (h) Whether the pharmacy is a mail-order pharmacy.
- (i) Whether the health plan requires enrollees to use thepharmacy.
- (5) The report required under this section must be filed withthe department in a form and manner required by the department.
- (6) Data, documents, materials, or other information in the
 possession or control of the director that are obtained by, created
 by, or disclosed to the director under subsection (4)(c) to (d) is

- 1 confidential by law and privileged, is not subject to the freedom
- 2 of information act, 1976 PA 442, MCL 15.231 to 15.246, is not
- 3 subject to subpoena, and is not subject to discovery or admissible
- 4 in evidence in any private civil action. However, the director is
- 5 authorized to use the data, documents, materials, or other
- 6 information in the furtherance of any regulatory or legal action
- 7 brought as a part of the director's duties. The director shall not
- 8 otherwise make the data, documents, materials, or other information
- 9 public.
- Sec. 25. The department shall prepare an annual report based
- 11 on the information received by it under this act. The report must
- 12 contain aggregate data and must not contain any information that
- 13 the director determines would cause financial, competitive, or
- 14 proprietary harm to a pharmacy benefit manager or carrier that the
- 15 pharmacy benefit manager services. The director shall file the
- 16 report described in this section with each of the following:
- 17 (a) The house of representatives and senate standing
- 18 committees on health policy.
- 19 (b) The house and senate fiscal agencies.
- 20 (c) The house and senate policy offices.
- 21 Sec. 27. (1) A carrier, health plan, or pharmacy benefit
- 22 manager shall not reimburse a pharmacy or pharmacist for a
- 23 prescription drug or pharmacy service in an amount less than the
- 24 national average drug acquisition cost for the prescription drug or
- 25 pharmacy service at the time the drug is administered or dispensed.
- 26 If the national average drug acquisition cost is not available at
- 27 the time a drug is administered or dispensed, a carrier, health
- 28 plan, or pharmacy benefit manager shall not reimburse in an amount
- 29 that is less than the wholesale acquisition cost of the drug, as

- 1 defined in 42 USC 1395w-3a(c)(6)(B).
- (2) The director may review and approve the network pharmacycompensation program of a carrier, health plan, or pharmacy benefit
- 4 manager to ensure that network pharmacy reimbursement is fair and
- 5 reasonable to provide an adequate access to pharmacy services under
- 6 standards issued by rule. As used in this subsection, "fair and
- 7 reasonable" means to cover at a minimum the cost of the drug and
- 8 the cost to dispense the drug.
- **9** (3) For each drug that a pharmacy benefit manager establishes
- 10 a maximum allowable cost, the pharmacy benefit manager shall do all
- 11 of the following:
- 12 (a) Provide each pharmacy subject to a maximum allowable cost
- 13 list with access to the maximum allowable cost list and the source
- 14 used to determine the maximum allowable cost for each drug.
- 15 (b) Update its maximum allowable cost list at least once every
- 16 7 calendar days.
- 17 (c) Provide a process for each pharmacy subject to the maximum
- 18 allowable cost list to receive prompt notification of an update to
- 19 the maximum allowable cost list.
- 20 (d) Establish and maintain a reasonable administrative appeals
- 21 process to allow a pharmacy subject to the maximum allowable cost
- 22 list or an agent of a pharmacy subject to the maximum allowable
- 23 cost list to challenge a listed maximum allowable cost.
- (e) Respond in writing to any appealing pharmacy or an
- 25 appealing pharmacy's agent not later than 10 calendar days after
- 26 receipt of an appeal if the pharmacy filed the appeal within 10
- 27 calendar days after the date the pharmacy's claim for reimbursement
- 28 is adjudicated.
- (f) Respond in writing to any appealing pharmacy or an

- 1 appealing pharmacy's agent not later than 30 calendar days after
- 2 receipt of an appeal if the pharmacy filed the appeal more than 10
- 3 calendar days after the date the pharmacy's claim for reimbursement
- 4 is adjudicated.
- 5 (g) If an appeal is denied, provide the appealing pharmacy or
- 6 the appealing pharmacy's agent the national drug code number and
- 7 supplier that has the product available for purchase in this state
- 8 at or below the appealed maximum allowable cost.
- 9 (h) If an appeal is granted, permit the pharmacy to reverse
- 10 and rebill the claim and all subsequently submitted similar claims.
- 11 (4) Before a pharmacy benefit manager places or continues a
- 12 drug on a maximum allowable cost list, all of the following
- 13 conditions must be met:
- 14 (a) The drug is available for purchase by each pharmacy in
- 15 this state from national or regional wholesale drug distributors
- 16 operating in this state.
- 17 (b) The drug is not obsolete.
- 18 (c) The drug is a multiple source drug.
- 19 (5) All benefits payable by a carrier, health plan, or
- 20 pharmacy benefit manager to a pharmacy must be paid within 15 days
- 21 after adjudication of a claim where claims are submitted
- 22 electronically.
- 23 Sec. 28. (1) Subject to this section, a carrier or a pharmacy
- 24 benefit manager may conduct an audit of a pharmacy in this state. A
- 25 carrier or a pharmacy benefit manager that conducts an audit of a
- 26 pharmacy in this state shall do all of the following:
- 27 (a) In its pharmacy contract, identify and describe in detail
- 28 the audit procedures, including the appeals process described in
- 29 subdivision (m). A carrier or pharmacy benefit manager shall update

- its pharmacy contract and communicate any changes to the pharmacyas changes to the contract occur.
- (b) Provide written notice to the pharmacy at least 4 weeks 3 before initiating and scheduling the initial on-site audit for each 4 5 audit cycle. Unless otherwise consented to by a network pharmacy, a 6 carrier or pharmacy benefit manager shall not initiate or schedule 7 an on-site audit during the first 6 calendar days of a month, a 8 holiday time frame, a weekend, or a Monday. A carrier or pharmacy benefit manager shall be flexible in initiating and scheduling an 9 10 audit at a time that is reasonably convenient to the pharmacy and
- 12 (c) Utilize every effort to minimize inconvenience and
 13 disruption to pharmacy operations during the audit process. A
 14 carrier or pharmacy benefit manager that conducts an audit of a
 15 pharmacy in this state shall not interfere with the delivery of
 16 pharmacy services to a patient.

the carrier or pharmacy benefit manager.

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- (d) Conduct an audit that involves clinical or professionaljudgment by or in consultation with a pharmacist.
- 19 (e) Subject to the requirements of article 15 of the public 20 health code, 1978 PA 368, MCL 333.16101 to 333.18838, for the 21 purpose of validating a pharmacy record with respect to orders, 22 refills, or changes in prescriptions, allow the use of either of 23 the following:
 - (i) Hospital or physician records that are written or that are transmitted or stored electronically, including file annotations, document images, and other supporting documentation that is dateand time-stamped.
- 28 (ii) A prescription that complies with the requirements of the 29 board of pharmacy and state and federal law.

- (f) Base any finding of an overpayment or underpayment on the
 actual overpayment or underpayment of claims.
- 3 (g) Subject to subsection (4), base any recoupment or payment
 4 adjustments of claims on a calculation that is reasonable and
 5 proportional in relation to the type of error detected.
- 6 (h) If there is a finding of an underpayment, reimburse the7 pharmacy as soon as possible after detection.
- 9 standards, parameters, and procedures that the carrier or pharmacy 10 benefit manager uses when auditing other similarly licensed 11 pharmacies. The carrier shall provide to the pharmacy samples of 12 the standards, parameters, and procedures for the audit being 13 conducted.
- (j) Audit only claims submitted or adjudicated within the 1year period preceding the initiation of the audit unless a longer period is permitted under federal or state law.
- 17 (k) Not receive payment and not compensate the auditor based18 on the amount recovered.
- 19 (l) Not include the dispensing fee amount in a finding of an overpayment.
- 21 (m) Establish a written appeals process that includes a
 22 process to appeal preliminary audit reports and final audit reports
 23 prepared under this section. If either party is not satisfied with
 24 the results of the appeal, that party may seek mediation.
- (n) Not limit the days' supply for unit-of-use items, such astopicals, drops, vials, and inhalants, beyond manufacturerrecommendations.
- (o) If the only commercially available package size exceedsthe maximum days' supply, not use the dispensing of the package

- 1 size as the basis for recoupment.
- 2 (p) If the only commercially available package size exceeds
- 3 the maximum days' supply and the claim was affirmatively
- 4 adjudicated, not recoup the claim as an early refill.
- 5 (q) In conducting an audit of wholesale invoices, all of the6 following:
- 7 (i) Not audit the claims of another carrier or pharmacy benefit 8 manager.
- 9 (ii) Within 5 business days after a request by the audited
 10 pharmacy, provide supporting documentation provided to the carrier
 11 or pharmacy benefit manager by the audited pharmacy's suppliers.
- 12 (iii) Not utilize any of the following as a basis for
 13 recoupment:
- 14 (A) The national drug code for the dispensed drug is in a15 quantity that is a subunit or multiple of the purchased drug as16 reflected on a supporting wholesale invoice.
- 17 (B) The correct quantity dispensed is reflected on the audited18 pharmacy claim.
- (C) The drug dispensed by the pharmacy on an audited pharmacyclaim is identical to the strength and dosage form of the drugpurchased.
- 22 (iv) Accept as evidence each of the following:
- (A) Supplier invoices issued before the date of dispensing thedrug underlying the audited claim.
- (B) Invoices from any supplier permitted by law to transferownership of the drug acquired by the audited pharmacy.
- (C) Copies of supplier invoices in the possession of theaudited pharmacy.
- 29 (2) Upon completion of an audit of a pharmacy, the carrier or

- 1 pharmacy benefit manager shall do all of the following:
- 2 (a) Deliver a preliminary written audit report to the pharmacy
- 3 not later than 60 days after the completion of the audit. The
- 4 preliminary written audit report must include contact information
- 5 for the person performing the audit and a description of the
- 6 appeals process established under subsection (1) (m).
- 7 (b) Allow the pharmacy at least 30 days after its receipt of
- 8 the preliminary written audit report under subdivision (a) to
- 9 produce documentation to address any discrepancy found during the
- 10 audit.
- 11 (c) If an appeal is not filed, deliver a final written audit
- 12 report to the pharmacy within 90 days after the time described in
- 13 subdivision (b) has elapsed. If an appeal is filed, deliver a final
- ${f 14}$ written audit report to the pharmacy within 90 days after the
- 15 conclusion of the appeal.
- 16 (d) Except as otherwise provided in this section, recoup
- 17 disputed funds or overpayments or restore underpayments only after
- 18 the final written audit report is delivered to the pharmacy under
- 19 subdivision (c).
- 20 (3) A carrier or pharmacy benefit manager shall not conduct an
- 21 extrapolation audit in calculating recoupments, restoration, or
- 22 penalties for an audit under this section. For the purposes of this
- 23 subsection, "extrapolation audit" means an audit of a sample of
- 24 prescription drug benefit claims submitted by a pharmacy to the
- 25 carrier that is then used to estimate audit results for a larger
- 26 batch or group of claims not reviewed during the audit.
- 27 (4) Any clerical or record-keeping error, including a
- 28 typographical error, a scrivener's error, or a computer error,
- 29 regarding a required document or record that is found during an

- 1 audit under this section does not, on its face, constitute fraud.
- 2 An error described in this subsection does not subject the
- 3 individual involved to criminal penalties without proof of intent
- 4 to commit fraud. To the extent that an audit results in the
- 5 identification of a clerical or record-keeping error, including a
- 6 typographical error, a scrivener's error, or a computer error, in a
- 7 required document or record, the pharmacy is not subject to
- 8 recoupment of money by the carrier or pharmacy benefit manager
- 9 unless the carrier can provide proof of intent to commit fraud or
- 10 the error results in actual financial harm to the carrier, pharmacy
- 11 benefit manager, or a covered person or enrollee.
- 12 (5) This section does not apply to any of the following:
- 13 (a) An audit conducted to investigate fraud, willful
- 14 misrepresentation, or abuse, including, but not limited to,
- 15 investigative audits or audits conducted under any other statute
- 16 that authorizes investigation relating to insurance fraud.
- 17 (b) An audit based on a criminal investigation.
- 18 (6) This section does not impair or supersede a provision
- 19 regarding carrier pharmacy audits in the insurance code of 1956,
- 20 1956 PA 218, MCL 500.100 to 500.8302. If any provision of this
- 21 section conflicts with a provision of the insurance code of 1956,
- 22 1956 PA 218, MCL 500.100 to 500.8302, with regard to carrier
- 23 pharmacy audits, the provision in the insurance code of 1956, 1956
- 24 PA 218, MCL 500.100 to 500.8302, controls.
- 25 Sec. 29. (1) A carrier, health plan, or pharmacy benefit
- 26 manager shall not prohibit a pharmacy from doing either of the
- 27 following:
- 28 (a) Mailing or delivering a drug to a patient on the patient's
- 29 request.

- (b) Charging a shipping and handling fee to a patient
 requesting a prescription be mailed or delivered if the pharmacist
 or pharmacy discloses to the patient before the delivery the fee
 that will be charged and that the fee may not be reimbursable.
- (2) A carrier, health plan, or pharmacy benefit manager shall
 not require pharmacist or pharmacy accreditation standards or
 recertification requirements inconsistent with, more stringent
 than, or in addition to federal and state requirements.
- 9 (3) A pharmacy benefit manager shall not cause or knowingly 10 permit the use of any advertisement, promotion, solicitation, 11 representation, proposal, or offer that is untrue, deceptive, or 12 misleading.
- 13 (4) A pharmacy benefit manager shall not reverse and resubmit
 14 the claim of a network pharmacy:
- (a) Without prior and proper notification to the networkpharmacy.
- (b) Without just cause or attempt to first reconcile the claimwith the pharmacy.
- (c) More than 30 days after the claim was first affirmativelyadjudicated.
- (5) The termination of a pharmacy from a pharmacy benefit
 manager network must not release the pharmacy benefit manager from
 the obligation to make any payment due to the pharmacy for an
 affirmatively adjudicated claim.
- 26 not retaliate against a pharmacist or pharmacy based on the
 27 pharmacist's or pharmacy's exercise of any right or remedy under
 28 this act. Retaliation prohibited by this subsection includes any of
 29 the following:

- (a) Terminating or refusing to renew a contract with the
 pharmacist or pharmacy.
- 3 (b) Subjecting the pharmacist or pharmacy to increased audits.
- 4 (c) Failing to promptly pay the pharmacist or pharmacy any5 money owed by the pharmacy benefit manager to the pharmacist or
- 6 pharmacy.
- 7 (7) The provisions of this act may not be waived, voided, or8 nullified by contract.
- 9 Sec. 30. (1) The director shall enforce this act.
- 10 (2) The director may examine or audit the books and records of 11 a pharmacy benefit manager providing claims processing services or 12 other drug or device services for a health plan to determine if the 13 pharmacy benefit manager is in compliance with this act.
- 14 (3) All of the following apply to information or data acquired 15 during an examination under subsection (2), or otherwise acquired 16 under this act:
- 17 (a) The information or data is considered proprietary and18 confidential.
- 19 (b) The information or data is not subject to the freedom of20 information act, 1976 PA 442, MCL 15.231 to 15.246.
- (c) The information or data is only to be used for purposes ofensuring a pharmacy benefit manager's compliance with this act.
- Sec. 31. A contract between a pharmacy benefit manager and an insurer that exists on the date of licensure of the pharmacy benefit manager must comply with the requirements of this act as a condition of licensure for the pharmacy benefit manager.
- Sec. 33. (1) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (2), the director may destroy or otherwise dispose of a record, book, paper, or other data on file with the department that, in the

1 director's opinion, and on the advice of the attorney general, is

- 2 of no further material value to this state.
- 3 (2) The director shall not order the destruction or other
- 4 disposal of a record, book, paper, or other data that is any of the
- 5 following:
- 6 (a) Required by law to be filed or kept on file with the
- 7 department until 10 years have passed.
- 8 (b) Filed during the director's administration or
- 9 administrations.
- 10 (c) A copy of bylaws, articles of incorporation, a copy of a
- 11 certificate, any other written evidence of authorization to
- 12 transact business or of approval of articles of incorporation and
- 13 bylaws, or any amendment to those documents.
- 14 Enacting section 1. This act does not take effect unless House
- 15 Bill No. 4347 of the 101st Legislature is enacted into law.