SENATE SUBSTITUTE FOR HOUSE BILL NO. 5871

A bill to amend 2016 PA 281, entitled "Medical marihuana facilities licensing act," by amending sections 402, 501, 502, and 504 (MCL 333.27402, 333.27501, 333.27502, and 333.27504), section 402 as amended by 2021 PA 161, sections 501 and 504 as amended by 2018 PA 10, and section 502 as amended by 2018 PA 648.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:

- Sec. 402. (1) The marijuana cannabis regulatory agency shall issue a license to an applicant if all of the following conditions are met:
- 4 (a) The applicant submits a complete application.
- 5 (b) The applicant pays both the nonrefundable application fee6 required under section 401(5) and the regulatory assessment

- 1 established by the marijuana cannabis regulatory agency for the
 2 first year of operation.
- 3 (c) The marijuana cannabis regulatory agency determines that
 4 the applicant is qualified to receive a license under this act.
- 5 (2) An—Subject to subsection (17), an applicant is ineligible 6 to receive a license if any of the following circumstances exist:
- 7 (a) The applicant has been convicted of or released from
 8 incarceration for a felony under the laws of this state, any other
 9 state, or the United States within the past 10 years or has been
 10 convicted of a controlled substance-related felony within the past
 11 10 years. This subdivision does not apply to a felony for the
 12 manufacture, processing, or distribution of marihuana, or
 13 possession with the intent to manufacture, process, or distribute

marihuana, unless the felony involved the distribution of marihuana

- of a misdemeanor involving a controlled substance, theft,
 dishonesty, or fraud in any state or been found responsible for
 violating a local ordinance in any state involving a controlled
 substance, dishonesty, theft, or fraud that substantially
 corresponds to a misdemeanor in that state. This subdivision does
 not apply to a misdemeanor or ordinance violation for the
- (c) The applicant has knowingly submitted an application for a license under this act that contains false information.
- (d) The applicant is an employee of the marijuana cannabisregulatory agency.
- (e) The applicant fails to demonstrate the applicant's abilityto maintain adequate premises liability and casualty insurance for

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to a minor.

possession or use of marihuana.

- 1 its proposed marihuana facility.
- 2 (f) The applicant holds an elective office of a governmental
- 3 unit of this state, another state, or the federal government. This
- 4 subdivision does not apply to an elected officer of or employee of
- 5 a federally recognized Indian tribe or to an elected precinct
- 6 delegate.
- 7 (g) The applicant is a member of or employed by a regulatory
- 8 body of a governmental unit in this state, another state, or the
- 9 federal government, or is employed by a governmental unit of this
- 10 state. This subdivision does not apply to any either of the
- 11 following:
- 12 (i) An elected officer of or employee of a federally recognized
- 13 Indian tribe.
- 14 (ii) An elected precinct delegate.
- 15 (iii) The spouse of a person who applies for a state operating
- 16 license unless the spouse's position creates a conflict of interest
- 17 or is within any of the following:
- 18 (A) The marijuana regulatory agency.
- 19 (B) A regulatory body of a governmental unit in this state,
- 20 another state, or the federal government that makes decisions
- 21 regarding medical marihuana.
- 23 the applicant is not in compliance with section 205(1).
- 24 (i) The marijuana cannabis regulatory agency determines that
- 25 the applicant is not in compliance with section 408.
- 26 (j) The applicant fails to meet other criteria established by
- **27** rule.
- 28 (3) In Subject to subsection (17), in determining whether to
- 29 grant a license to an applicant, the marijuana cannabis regulatory

- 1 agency may also consider all of the following:
- 2 (a) The business probity; financial ability and experience;
- 3 and responsibility or means to operate or maintain a marihuana
- 4 facility of the applicant and of any other person that meets either
- 5 of the following:
- 6 (i) Controls, directly or indirectly, the applicant.
- 7 (ii) Is controlled, directly or indirectly, by the applicant or
- 8 by a person who controls, directly or indirectly, the applicant.
- **9** (b) The financial ability of the applicant to purchase and
- 10 maintain adequate liability and casualty insurance.
- 11 (c) The sources and total amount of the applicant's
- 12 capitalization to operate and maintain the proposed marihuana
- 13 facility.
- 14 (d) Whether the applicant has been indicted for, charged with,
- 15 arrested for, or convicted of, pled guilty or nolo contendere to,
- 16 forfeited bail concerning, or had expunded any relevant criminal
- 17 offense under the laws of any jurisdiction, either felony or
- 18 misdemeanor, not including traffic violations, regardless of
- 19 whether the offense has been expunded, pardoned, or reversed on
- 20 appeal or otherwise. This subdivision does not apply to a criminal
- 21 offense for the possession, use, manufacture, processing, or
- 22 distribution of marihuana, or possession with the intent to
- 23 manufacture, process, or distribute marihuana, unless the felony
- 24 involved the distribution of marihuana to a minor.
- (e) Whether the applicant has filed, or had filed against it,
- 26 a proceeding for bankruptcy within the past 7 years.
- 27 (f) Whether the applicant has been served with a complaint or
- 28 other notice filed with any public body regarding payment of any
- 29 tax required under federal, state, or local law that has been

- 1 delinquent for 1 or more years.
- 2 (g) Whether the applicant has a history of noncompliance with
- 3 any regulatory requirements in this state or any other
- 4 jurisdiction.
- 5 (h) Whether at the time of application the applicant is a
- 6 defendant in litigation involving its business practices.
- 7 (i) Whether the applicant meets other standards in rules
- 8 applicable to the license category.
- **9** (4) Each applicant shall ensure that 1 set of fingerprints is
- 10 submitted to the department of state police. The applicant shall
- 11 submit with its application the applicant's written consent to the
- 12 criminal history check described in this section and the submission
- 13 of the applicant's fingerprints to, and the inclusion of the
- 14 applicant's fingerprints in, the state and federal database systems
- 15 described in subsection (7).
- 16 (5) The fingerprints required under subsection (4) may be
- 17 taken by a law enforcement agency or any other person determined by
- 18 the department of state police to be qualified to take
- 19 fingerprints. The applicant shall submit a fingerprint processing
- 20 fee to the department in an amount required under section 3 of 1935
- 21 PA 120, MCL 28.273, and any costs imposed by the Federal Bureau of
- 22 Investigation.
- 23 (6) The department of state police shall do all of the
- 24 following:
- 25 (a) Conduct a criminal history check on each applicant and
- 26 request the Federal Bureau of Investigation to make a determination
- 27 of the existence of any national criminal history pertaining to
- 28 each applicant.
- 29 (b) Provide the marijuana cannabis regulatory agency with a

written report containing the criminal history record information
 of each applicant.

- (7) All of the following apply concerning fingerprints submitted to the department of state police under this section:
- 5 (a) The department of state police shall store and retain all 6 fingerprints submitted under this section in an automated 7 fingerprint identification system database that searches against 8 latent fingerprints, and provides for an automatic notification 9 when a subsequent fingerprint is submitted into the system that 10 matches a fingerprint previously submitted under this section or 11 when the criminal history of an individual whose fingerprints are 12 retained in the system is updated. Upon receiving a notification, the department of state police shall immediately notify the 13 14 marijuana cannabis regulatory agency. Information in the database 15 maintained under this subsection is confidential, is not subject to 16 disclosure under the freedom of information act, 1976 PA 442, MCL 17 15.231 to 15.246, and shall not be disclosed to any person except
 - (b) The department of state police shall forward all fingerprints submitted to it under this section to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for submission of those fingerprints into the FBI automatic notification system. This subdivision does not apply until the department of state police is a participant in the FBI automatic notification system. As used in this subdivision:

for purposes of this act or for law enforcement purposes.

(i) "Automatic notification system" means a system that stores and retains fingerprints, and that provides for an automatic notification to a participant if and when a fingerprint is submitted into the system that matches an individual whose fingerprints are retained in the system or if and when the criminal

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- history of an individual whose fingerprints are retained in thesystem is updated.
- 3 (ii) "FBI automatic notification system" means the automatic
 4 notification system that is maintained by the Federal Bureau of
 5 Investigation.
- 6 (8) The marijuana cannabis regulatory agency shall review all
 7 applications for licenses and shall inform each applicant of the
 8 marijuana cannabis regulatory agency's decision.
- 9 (9) A license shall be issued for a 1-year period and is 10 renewable annually. Except as otherwise provided in this act, the 11 marijuana cannabis regulatory agency shall renew a license if all 12 of the following requirements are met:
- (a) The licensee applies to the marijuana cannabis regulatory
 agency on a renewal form provided by the marijuana cannabis
 regulatory agency that requires information prescribed in rules.
- (b) The application is received by the marijuana cannabis
 regulatory agency on or before the expiration date of the current
 license.
- 19 (c) The licensee pays the regulatory assessment under section
 20 603.
- (d) The licensee meets the requirements of this act and anyother renewal requirements set forth in rules.
- 23 (10) The department cannabis regulatory agency shall notify
 24 the licensee by mail or electronic mail at the last known address
 25 on file with the marijuana cannabis regulatory agency advising of
 26 the time and procedure for paying and the amount of the regulatory
 27 assessment under section 603. The failure of the licensee to
 28 receive notice under this subsection does not relieve the licensee
 29 of the responsibility for renewing the license.

- 1 (11) If a license renewal application is not submitted by the
- 2 license expiration date, the license may be renewed within 60 days
- 3 after its expiration date upon application, payment of the
- 4 regulatory assessment under section 603, and satisfaction of any
- 5 renewal requirement and late fee set forth in rules. The licensee
- 6 may continue to operate during the 60 days after the license
- 7 expiration date if the license is renewed by the end of the 60-day
- 8 period.
- 9 (12) License expiration does not terminate the marijuana
- 10 cannabis regulatory agency's authority to impose sanctions on a
- 11 licensee whose license has expired.
- 12 (13) In its decision on an application for renewal, the
- 13 marijuana cannabis regulatory agency shall consider any specific
- 14 written input it receives from an individual or entity within the
- 15 local unit of government in which the applicant for renewal is
- 16 located.
- 17 (14) A licensee must consent in writing to inspections,
- 18 examinations, searches, and seizures that are permitted under this
- 19 act and must provide a handwriting exemplar, fingerprints,
- 20 photographs, and information as authorized in this act or by rules.
- 21 (15) An applicant or licensee has a continuing duty to provide
- 22 information requested by the marijuana cannabis regulatory agency
- 23 and to cooperate in any investigation, inquiry, or hearing
- 24 conducted by the marijuana cannabis regulatory agency.
- 25 (16) If an applicant has a spouse, the applicant may submit to
- 26 the cannabis regulatory agency an attestation, on a form and in a
- 27 manner as prescribed by the cannabis regulatory agency, that states
- 28 that all of the following are true:
- 29 (a) The applicant's spouse does not control or direct the

- 1 affairs of a marihuana facility.
- 2 (b) The applicant's spouse does not have the ability to make 3 policy decisions regarding a marihuana facility.
- 4 (c) The applicant's spouse is not an applicant for a state 5 operating license.
- 6 (d) If the applicant is granted a state operating license, the
 7 applicant's spouse will not control or direct the affairs of the
 8 applicant's marihuana facility or have the ability to make policy
 9 decisions regarding the applicant's marihuana facility.
- 10 (e) If the applicant's spouse has a position described in 11 subsection (17)(c), none of the conditions listed in subsection 12 (17)(c)(i) to (iii) apply.
 - (17) If an applicant has a spouse and does not submit an attestation under subsection (16), the applicant's spouse is considered an applicant for purposes of subsections (2) to (7). If an applicant submits an attestation under subsection (16), the cannabis regulatory agency shall not, in exercising its duties under this section, do any of the following:
- 19 (a) Conduct a background investigation of the applicant's 20 spouse.
- 21 (b) Require the applicant's spouse to submit an application 22 for licensure.
- 23 (c) Deny the applicant's application for licensure solely
 24 because the applicant's spouse is a member of or employed by a
 25 regulatory body of a governmental unit in this state, another
 26 state, or the federal government, or is employed by a governmental
 27 unit of this state, unless 1 of the following conditions applies:
- 28 (i) The spouse's position creates a conflict of interest.
- (ii) The spouse's position is within the cannabis regulatory

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- 1 agency.
- 2 (iii) The spouse's position is within a regulatory body of a
- 3 governmental unit in this state, another state, or the federal
- 4 government that makes decisions regarding marihuana.
- **5** Sec. 501. (1) A grower license authorizes the grower to grow
- 6 cultivate not more than the following number of marihuana plants
- 7 under the indicated license class for each license the grower holds
- 8 in that class:
- 9 (a) Class A 500 marihuana plants.
- 10 (b) Class B 1,000 marihuana plants.
- 11 (c) Class C 1,500 marihuana plants.
- 12 (2) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, a grower
- 13 license authorizes sale of marihuana plants to a grower only by
- 14 means of a secure transporter. A grower license authorizes the sale
- 15 or transfer of seeds, seedlings, or tissue cultures to a grower
- 16 from a registered primary caregiver or another grower without using
- 17 a secure transporter.
- 18 (3) A grower license authorizes a grower to transfer marihuana
- 19 without using a secure transporter to a processor or provisioning
- 20 center if both of the following are met:
- 21 (a) The processor or provisioning center occupies the same
- 22 location as the grower and the marihuana is transferred using only
- 23 private real property without accessing public roadways.
- 24 (b) The grower enters each transfer into the statewide
- 25 monitoring system.
- 26 (4) A grower license authorizes the cultivation, drying,
- 27 trimming, or curing and packaging of marihuana for sale.
- 28 (5) (4) A grower license authorizes sale of marihuana, other
- 29 than seeds, seedlings, tissue cultures, and cuttings, to a

- 1 processor or provisioning center.
- 2 (6) (5) Except as otherwise provided in subsections (2) and
- 3 (3) and section 505, a grower license authorizes the grower to
- 4 transfer marihuana only by means of a secure transporter.
- 5 (7) $\frac{(6)}{(6)}$ To be eligible for a grower license, the applicant and
- 6 each investor in the grower must not have an interest in a secure
- 7 transporter or safety compliance facility.
- 8 (8) (7) Until December 31, 2018, for a period of 30 days after
- 9 the issuance of a grower license and in accord with rules, a grower
- 10 may transfer any of the following that are lawfully possessed by an
- 11 individual formerly registered as a primary caregiver who is an
- 12 active employee of the grower:
- 13 (a) Marihuana plants.
- **14** (b) Seeds.
- 15 (c) Seedlings.
- 16 (9) (8)—A grower shall comply with all of the following:
- 17 (a) Until December 31, 2021, have, or have as an active
- 18 employee an individual who has, a minimum of 2 years' experience as
- 19 a registered primary caregiver.
- 20 (b) While holding a license as a grower, not be a registered
- 21 primary caregiver and not employ an individual who is
- 22 simultaneously a registered primary caregiver.
- 23 (c) Enter all transactions, current inventory, and other
- ${f 24}$ information into the statewide monitoring system as required in
- 25 this act, rules, and the marihuana tracking act.
- 26 (10) (9)—A grower license does not authorize the grower to
- 27 operate in an area unless the area is zoned for industrial or
- 28 agricultural uses or is unzoned and otherwise meets the
- 29 requirements established in section 205(1).

- Sec. 502. (1) A processor license authorizes purchase or transfer of marihuana only from a grower, provisioning center, or another processor and sale or transfer of marihuana-infused products or marihuana only to a grower, provisioning center, or another processor.
- 6 (2) Except as otherwise provided in section 505 and this
 7 subsection, a processor license authorizes the processor to
 8 transfer marihuana only by means of a secure transporter. A
 9 processor license authorizes a processor to transfer marihuana
 10 without using a secure transporter to a grower or provisioning
 11 center if both of the following are met:
- (a) The grower or provisioning center occupies the same
 location as the processor and the marihuana is transferred using
 only private real property without accessing public roadways.
- - (3) A processor license authorizes the extraction of resin from marihuana or creation of a marihuana-infused product for sale and transfer in packaged form.
 - (4) (3)—To be eligible for a processor license, the applicant and each investor in the processor must not have an interest in a secure transporter or safety compliance facility.
 - (5) (4)—Until December 31, 2018, for a period of 30 days after the issuance of a processor license and in accord with rules, a processor may transfer any of the following that are lawfully possessed by an individual formerly registered as a primary caregiver who is an active employee of the processor:
- (a) Marihuana plants.
- 29 (b) Usable marihuana.

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- 1 (6) (5)—A processor shall comply with all of the following:
- 2 (a) Until December 31, 2021, have, or have as an active
- 3 employee an individual who has, a minimum of 2 years' experience as
- 4 a registered primary caregiver.
- 5 (b) While holding a license as a processor, not be a
- 6 registered primary caregiver and not employ an individual who is
- 7 simultaneously a registered primary caregiver.
- 8 (c) Enter all transactions, current inventory, and other
- 9 information into the statewide monitoring system as required in
- 10 this act, rules, and the marihuana tracking act.
- 11 (7) (6) This act does not prohibit a processor from handling,
- 12 processing, marketing, or brokering, as those terms are defined in
- 13 section 2 of the industrial hemp research and development act, MCL
- **14** 286.842, industrial hemp.
- 15 Sec. 504. (1) A provisioning center license authorizes the
- 16 purchase or transfer of marihuana only from a grower, or processor,
- 17 or another provisioning center and sale or transfer to only a
- 18 registered qualifying patient, or registered primary caregiver,
- 19 grower, processor, or another provisioning center. Except as
- 20 otherwise provided in section 505 and this subsection, all
- 21 transfers of marihuana to a provisioning center from a separate
- 22 marihuana facility, or from a provisioning center to a separate
- 23 marihuana facility, must be by means of a secure transporter. A
- 24 transfer of marihuana to a provisioning center from a marihuana
- 25 facility that occupies the same location as the provisioning
- 26 center, or from a provisioning center to a marihuana facility that
- 27 occupies the same location as the provisioning center, does not
- 28 require a secure transporter if the marihuana is transferred to the
- 29 provisioning center using only private real property without

- 1 accessing public roadways.
- 2 (2) A provisioning center license authorizes the provisioning
- 3 center to transfer marihuana to or from a safety compliance
- 4 facility for testing by means of a secure transporter or as
- 5 provided in section 505.
- **6** (3) To be eligible for a provisioning center license, the
- 7 applicant and each investor in the provisioning center must not
- 8 have an interest in a secure transporter or safety compliance
- 9 facility.
- 10 (4) A provisioning center shall comply with all of the
- 11 following:
- 12 (a) Sell or transfer marihuana to a registered qualifying
- 13 patient or registered primary caregiver only after it has been
- 14 tested and bears the label required for retail sale.
- 15 (b) Enter all transactions, current inventory, and other
- 16 information into the statewide monitoring system as required in
- 17 this act, rules, and the marihuana tracking act.
- 18 (c) Before selling or transferring marihuana to a registered
- 19 qualifying patient or to a registered primary caregiver on behalf
- 20 of a registered qualifying patient, inquire of the statewide
- 21 monitoring system to determine whether the patient and, if
- 22 applicable, the caregiver hold a valid, current, unexpired, and
- 23 unrevoked registry identification card and that the sale or
- 24 transfer will not exceed the daily and monthly purchasing limit
- 25 established by the medical marihuana licensing board under this
- **26** act.
- 27 (d) Not allow the sale, consumption, or use of alcohol or
- 28 tobacco products on the premises.
- 29 (e) Not allow a physician to conduct a medical examination or

- 1 issue a medical certification document on the premises for the
- 2 purpose of obtaining a registry identification card.
- 3 Enacting section 1. This amendatory act takes effect 90 days
- 4 after the date it is enacted into law.
- 5 Enacting section 2. This amendatory act does not take effect
- 6 unless House Bill No. 5965 of the 101st Legislature is enacted into
- 7 law.