HOUSE BILL NO. 4642

April 15, 2021, Introduced by Reps. Marino and Hood and referred to the Committee on Elections and Ethics.

A bill to amend 1954 PA 116, entitled "Michigan election law,"

by amending sections 53, 133, 163, 551, and 552 (MCL 168.53, 168.133, 168.163, 168.551, and 168.552), sections 53, 133, 163, and 551 as amended by 2012 PA 276 and section 552 as amended by 2005 PA 71.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:

- 1 Sec. 53. To obtain the printing of the name of a person an
- 2 individual as a candidate for nomination by a political party for

- 1 the office of governor under a particular party heading upon the
- 2 official primary ballots, there shall must be filed with the
- 3 secretary of state nominating petitions signed by a number of
- 4 qualified and registered electors residing in this state as
- 5 determined under section 544f. Nominating Subject to this section,
- 6 nominating petitions shall must be signed by at least 100
- 7 registered resident electors in each of at least 1/2 of the
- 8 congressional districts of the this state. For the 2022 general
- 9 November election only, nominating petitions must be signed by at
- 10 least 100 registered resident electors in each of at least 1/2 of
- 11 the congressional districts of this state as those congressional
- 12 districts were constituted in 2020. Nominating petitions shall must
- 13 be in the form as prescribed in section 544c. Until December 31,
- 14 2013, nominating petitions shall be received by the secretary of
- 15 state for filing in accordance with this act up to 4 p.m. of the
- 16 twelfth Tuesday before the August primary. Beginning January 1,
- 17 2014, nominating Nominating petitions shall must be received by the
- 18 secretary of state for filing in accordance with this act up to 4
- 19 p.m. of the fifteenth Tuesday before the August primary.
- 20 Sec. 133. In order for the name of a person an individual as a
- 21 candidate for nomination by a political party for the office of
- 22 representative Representative in congress Congress to appear under
- 23 a particular party heading on the official primary ballot in the
- 24 election precincts of a congressional district, a nominating
- 25 petition shall have been must be signed by a number of qualified
- 26 and registered electors residing in the district as determined
- 27 under section 544f. Until December 31, 2013, if the congressional
- 28 district comprises more than 1 county, the nominating petition
- 29 shall be filed with the secretary of state no later than 4 p.m. of

- 1 the twelfth Tuesday before the August primary. Beginning January 1,
- 2 2014, Except as otherwise provided in this section, if the
- 3 congressional district comprises more than 1 county, the nominating
- 4 petition shall must be filed with the secretary of state no later
- 5 than 4 p.m. of the fifteenth Tuesday before the August primary.
- 6 Until December 31, 2013, if the congressional district is within 1
- 7 county, the nominating petition shall be filed with the county
- 8 clerk of that county no later than 4 p.m. of the twelfth Tuesday
- 9 before the August primary. Beginning January 1, 2014, For the 2022
- 10 general November election only, if the congressional district
- 11 comprises more than 1 county, the nominating petition must be filed
- 12 with the secretary of state no later than 4 p.m. of the twelfth
- 13 Tuesday before the August primary. Except as otherwise provided in
- 14 this section, if the congressional district is within 1 county, the
- 15 nominating petition shall must be filed with the county clerk of
- 16 that county no later than 4 p.m. of the fifteenth Tuesday before
- 17 the August primary. For the 2022 general November election only, if
- 18 the congressional district is within 1 county, the nominating
- 19 petition must be filed with the county clerk of that county no
- 20 later than 4 p.m. of the twelfth Tuesday before the August primary.
- 21 Nominating petitions shall must be in the form as prescribed in
- **22** section 544c.
- 23 Sec. 163. (1) To obtain the printing of the name of a person
- 24 an individual as a candidate for nomination by a political party
- 25 for the office of state senator or representative under a
- 26 particular party heading upon the official primary ballots in the
- 27 various election precincts of a district, there shall must be filed
- 28 nominating petitions signed by a number of qualified and registered
- 29 electors residing in the district as determined under section 544f.

If the district comprises more than 1 county, the nominating 1 petitions shall-must be filed with the secretary of state. If the 2 district comprises 1 county or less, the nominating petitions shall 3 must be filed with the county clerk of that county. Nominating 4 5 petitions shall must be in the form prescribed in section 544c. 6 Until December 31, 2013, the secretary of state and the various 7 county clerks shall receive nominating petitions for filing in 8 accordance with this act up to 4 p.m. of the twelfth Tuesday before 9 the August primary. Beginning January 1, 2014, Except as otherwise 10 provided in this subsection, the secretary of state and the various 11 county clerks shall receive nominating petitions for filing in 12 accordance with this act up to 4 p.m. of the fifteenth Tuesday before the August primary. For the 2022 general November election 13 14 only, the secretary of state and the various county clerks shall 15 receive nominating petitions for filing in accordance with this act 16 up to 4 p.m. of the twelfth Tuesday before the August primary. 17 (2) In lieu of filing a nominating petition, a filing fee of 18 \$100.00 may be paid to the county clerk or, for a candidate in a district comprising more than 1 county, to the secretary of state. 19 20 Payment of the fee and certification of the name of the candidate 21 paying the fee shall be are governed by the same provisions as in 22 the case of nominating petitions. The fee shall must be deposited 23 in the general fund of the county and shall must be refunded to 24 candidates who are nominated and to an equal number of candidates 25 who receive the next highest number of votes in the primary election. If 2 or more candidates tie in having the lowest number 26 27 of votes allowing a refund, the sum of \$100.00 shall must be divided among them. A refund of a deposit shall must not be made to 28

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a candidate who withdraws as a candidate.

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Sec. 551. Until December 31, 2013, the secretary of state and 1 the various county, township, and city clerks shall receive 2 nominating petitions or filing fees filed under this act up to 4 3 p.m., eastern standard time, of the twelfth Tuesday before the 4 August primary. Beginning January 1, 2014, Except as otherwise 5 6 provided in this section, the secretary of state and the various 7 county, township, and city clerks shall receive nominating 8 petitions or filing fees filed under this act up to 4 p.m., eastern 9 standard time, of the fifteenth Tuesday before the August primary. 10 For the 2022 general November election only, the secretary of state 11 and the various county clerks shall receive nominating petitions or 12 filing fees filed under sections 133 and 163 up to 4 p.m., eastern standard time, of the twelfth Tuesday before the August primary. 13 14 The provisions of this section do not apply to a city that does not 15 nominate its officers under the provisions of this act. 16 Sec. 552. (1) The county or city clerk, after the last day specified in this act for receiving and filing nominating 17 18 petitions, shall immediately certify to the proper board or boards of election commissioners in the city, county, district, or state 19 20 the name and post office address of each party candidate whose petitions meet the requirements of this act, together with the name 21 of the political party and the office for which he or she is a 22 23 candidate. 24 (2) If the county clerk receives a sworn complaint, in 25 writing, questioning the registration or genuineness of the 26

(2) If the county clerk receives a sworn complaint, in writing, questioning the registration or genuineness of the signature of the circulator or of a person an individual signing a petition filed with the county clerk for an office, the county clerk shall must commence an investigation. The county clerk shall cause the petition that he or she considers necessary to be

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forwarded to the proper city clerk or township clerk to compare the 1 signatures appearing on the petition with the signatures appearing 2 on the registration record as required by subsection (13). The 3 county clerk may conduct the signature comparisons as required by 4 5 subsection (13) using the digitized signatures in the qualified 6 voter file, in lieu of requesting the local clerk to conduct the 7 signature comparison. If the request has been made by the county 8 clerk, the city clerk or township clerk shall must complete the 9 investigation and report his or her findings to the county clerk 10 within 7 days after the request. The investigation shall must 11 include the validity of the signatures and the genuineness of a petition as is specified in the sworn complaint and may include any 12 other doubtful signatures or petitions filed on behalf of the 13 14 candidate against whose petitions the sworn complaint is directed, 15 as the county clerk considers necessary. The county clerk is not required to act on a complaint respecting the validity and 16 genuineness of signatures on a petition unless the complaint sets 17 18 forth the specific signatures claimed to be invalid and the 19 specific petition for which the complaint questions the validity 20 and genuineness of the signature or registration of the circulator, and, subject to this subsection, unless the complaint is received 21 by the county clerk within 7 days after the deadline for the filing 22 23 of the nominating petitions for that office. For a petition filed 24 in 2022, the complaint must be received by the county clerk by 9 25 a.m. on the sixth day after the deadline for the filing of the 26 nominating petitions for that office. (3) In addition to the duty specified in subsection (2) for 27 28 the examination of petitions, the county clerk, on his or her own

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initiative, on receipt of the nominating petitions, may examine the

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- 1 petitions, and if after examination the county clerk is in doubt as
- 2 to the validity of the registration or genuineness of the signature
- 3 of the circulator or persons individuals signing or purported to
- 4 have signed the petitions, the county clerk shall must commence an
- 5 investigation. Subject to subsection (13), the county clerk shall
- 6 cause the petitions in question to be forwarded to the proper city
- 7 clerk or township clerk to compare the signatures appearing on the
- 8 petitions with the signatures appearing on the registration
- 9 records. The county clerk may conduct the signature comparisons as
- 10 required by subsection (13) using the digitized signatures in the
- 11 qualified voter file, in lieu of requesting the local clerk to
- 12 conduct the signature comparison.
- 13 (4) The clerk of a political subdivision shall cooperate fully
- 14 with the county clerk in a request made to the clerk by the county
- 15 clerk in determining the validity of doubtful signatures by
- 16 checking the signatures against registration records in an
- 17 expeditious and proper manner.
- 18 (5) At Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, at
- 19 least 2 business days before the county clerk makes a final
- 20 determination on challenges to and sufficiency of a petition, the
- 21 county clerk shall make public its staff report concerning
- 22 disposition of challenges filed against the petition. For a
- 23 petition filed in 2022, at least 3 calendar days before the county
- 24 clerk makes a final determination on challenges to and sufficiency
- 25 of a petition, the county clerk shall make public its staff report
- 26 concerning disposition of challenges filed against the petition.
- 27 Beginning with the receipt of any document from local election
- 28 officials under subsection (2) or (3), the county clerk shall make
- 29 that document available to petitioners and challengers on a daily

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2 (6) Upon the completion of the investigation or examination, the county clerk shall immediately make an official declaration of 3 the sufficiency or insufficiency of nominating petitions for which 4 5 a sworn complaint has been received or of the sufficiency or 6 insufficiency of nominating petitions that the county clerk has 7 examined or investigated on his or her own initiative. A person-An 8 individual feeling aggrieved by a determination made by the county 9 clerk may have the determination reviewed by the secretary of state 10 by filing a written request with the secretary of state within 3 11 days after the official declaration of the county clerk, unless the third day falls on a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday, in which 12 case the request may be filed not later than 4 p.m. on the next day 13 14 that is not a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday. Alternatively, 15 the aggrieved person-individual may have the determination of the 16 county clerk reviewed by filing a mandamus, certiorari, or other appropriate remedy in the circuit court. A person-An individual who 17 18 filed a nominating petition and feels aggrieved by the determination of the secretary of state may then have that 19 20 determination reviewed by mandamus, certiorari, or other 21 appropriate remedy in the circuit court. 22

(7) A city clerk with whom nominating petitions are filed may examine the petitions and investigate the validity and genuineness of signatures appearing on the petitions. Subject to subsection (13), the city clerk may check the signatures against registration records. The city clerk shall make a determination as to the sufficiency or insufficiency of the petitions upon the completion of the examination or investigation, and shall make an official declaration of the findings. A person An individual feeling

aggrieved by the determination has the same rights of review as incase of a determination by the county clerk.

(8) Upon the filing of nominating petitions with the secretary 3 of state, the secretary of state shall notify the board of state 4 5 canvassers within 5 days after the last day for filing the 6 petitions. The notification shall must be by first-class mail. Upon 7 the receipt of the nominating petitions, the board of state 8 canvassers shall canvass the petitions to ascertain if the 9 petitions have been signed by the requisite number of qualified and 10 registered electors. Subject to subsection (13), for the purpose of 11 determining the validity of the signatures, the board of state canvassers may cause a doubtful signature to be checked against the 12 qualified voter file or the registration records by the clerk of a 13 14 political subdivision in which the petitions were circulated. If 15 the board of state canvassers receives a sworn complaint, in 16 writing, questioning the registration of or the genuineness of the 17 signature of the circulator or of a person an individual signing a 18 nominating petition filed with the secretary of state, the board of 19 state canvassers shall must commence an investigation. Subject to 20 subsection (13), the board of state canvassers shall verify the 21 registration or the genuineness of a signature as required by subsection (13). If the board is unable to verify the genuineness 22 23 of a signature on a petition, the board shall cause the petition to 24 be forwarded to the proper city clerk or township clerk to compare 25 the signatures on the petition with the signatures on the 26 registration record, or in some other manner determine whether the 27 signatures on the petition are valid and genuine. The board of 28 state canvassers is not required to act on a complaint respecting 29 the validity and genuineness of signatures on a petition unless the

- 1 complaint sets forth the specific signatures claimed to be invalid
- 2 and the specific petition for which the complaint questions the
- 3 validity and genuineness of the signature or the registration of
- 4 the circulator, and, subject to this subsection, unless the
- 5 complaint is received by the board of state canvassers within 7
- 6 days after the deadline for filing the nominating petitions for
- 7 that office. For a petition filed in 2022, the complaint must be
- 8 received by the board of state canvassers by 9 a.m. on the sixth
- 9 day after the deadline for filing the nominating petitions for that
- 10 office. After receiving a request from the board of state
- 11 canvassers under this subsection, the clerk of a political
- 12 subdivision shall cooperate fully in determining the validity of
- 13 doubtful signatures by rechecking the signatures against
- 14 registration records in an expeditious and proper manner. The board
- 15 of state canvassers may extend the 7-day challenge period if it
- 16 finds that the challenger did not receive a copy of each petition
- 17 sheet that the challenger requested from the secretary of state.
- 18 The extension of the challenge deadline under this subsection does
- 19 not extend another deadline under this section.
- 20 (9) The board of state canvassers may hold a hearing upon a
- 21 complaint filed or for a purpose considered necessary by the board
- 22 of state canvassers to conduct an investigation of the petitions.
- 23 In conducting a hearing, the board of state canvassers may issue
- 24 subpoenas and administer oaths. The board of state canvassers may
- 25 also adjourn periodically awaiting receipt of returns from
- 26 investigations that are being made or for other necessary purposes,
- 27 but shall must complete the canvass not less than 9 weeks before
- 28 the primary election at which candidates are to be nominated.
- 29 Before making a final determination, the board of state canvassers

- 1 may consider any deficiency found on the face of the petition that
- 2 does not require verification against data maintained in the
- 3 qualified voter file or in the voter registration files maintained
- 4 by a city or township clerk.
- 5 (10) At Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, at
- 6 least 2 business days before the board of state canvassers meets to
- 7 make a final determination on challenges to and sufficiency of a
- 8 petition, the board shall make public its staff report concerning
- 9 disposition of challenges filed against the petition. For a
- 10 petition filed in 2022, at least 3 calendar days before the board
- 11 of state canvassers meets to make a final determination on
- 12 challenges to and sufficiency of a petition, the board shall make
- 13 public its staff report concerning disposition of challenges filed
- 14 against the petition. Beginning with the receipt of any document
- 15 from local election officials under subsection (8), the board of
- 16 state canvassers shall make that document available to candidates
- 17 and challengers on a daily basis.
- 18 (11) An official declaration of the sufficiency or
- 19 insufficiency of a nominating petition shall must be made by the
- 20 board of state canvassers not less than 60 days before the primary
- 21 election at which candidates are to be nominated. At the time of
- 22 filing a nominating petition with the secretary of state, the
- 23 person_individual filing the petition may request a notice of the
- 24 approval or rejection of the petition. If a request is made at the
- 25 time of filing the petition, the secretary of state, immediately
- 26 upon the determination of approval or rejection, shall transmit by
- 27 registered mail to the person-individual making the request an
- 28 official notice of the sufficiency or insufficiency of the
- 29 petitions.

- 1 (12) A person An individual who filed a nominating petition 2 with the secretary of state and who feels aggrieved by a 3 determination made by the board of state canvassers may have the 4 determination reviewed by mandamus, certiorari, or other 5 appropriate process in the supreme court.
- 6 (13) The qualified voter file may be used to determine the 7 validity of petition signatures by verifying the registration of 8 signers. If the qualified voter file indicates that, on the date 9 the elector signed the petition, the elector was not registered to 10 vote, there is a rebuttable presumption that the signature is 11 invalid. If the qualified voter file indicates that, on the date 12 the elector signed the petition, the elector was not registered to vote in the city or township designated on the petition, there is a 13 14 rebuttable presumption that the signature is invalid. The qualified 15 voter file shall must be used to determine the genuineness of a 16 signature on a petition. Signature comparisons shall must be made with the digitized signatures in the qualified voter file. The 17 18 county clerk or the board of state canvassers shall conduct the 19 signature comparison using digitized signatures contained in the 20 qualified voter file for their respective investigations. If the qualified voter file does not contain a digitized signature of an 21 22 elector, the city or the township clerk shall compare the petition 23 signature to the signature contained on the master card.
 - (14) Not less than 60 days before the primary election at which candidates are to be nominated, the secretary of state shall certify to the proper boards of election commissioners in the various counties in the this state, the name and post office address of each partisan or nonpartisan candidate whose petitions have been filed with the secretary of state and meet the

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- 1 requirements of this act, together with the name of the political
- 2 party, if any, and the office for which he or she is a candidate.