

# HOUSE RESOLUTION NO. 91

Reps. Kahle, Whiteford, Roth, Wakeman, Tisdell, Mueller, Hauck, Meerman, Witwer, Frederick, Stone and Kuppa offered the following resolution:

1           A resolution to declare May 2-8, 2021, as Tardive Dyskinesia  
2 Awareness Week in the state of Michigan.

3           Whereas, Many peoples with serious, chronic mental illness,  
4 such as schizophrenia and other schizoaffective disorders, bipolar  
5 disorder, or severe depression, require treatment with medications  
6 that work as dopamine receptor blocking agents (DRBAs), including  
7 antipsychotics; and

8           Whereas, While ongoing treatment with these medications can be  
9 very helpful, and even lifesaving, for many people, it can also  
10 lead to tardive dyskinesia (TD); and

1           Whereas, Many people who have gastrointestinal disorders,  
2 including gastroparesis, nausea, and vomiting also require  
3 treatment with DRBAs; and

4           Whereas, Treatment of gastrointestinal disorders with DRBAs  
5 can be very helpful, but for many patients can lead to tardive  
6 dyskinesia; and

7           Whereas, Tardive dyskinesia is a movement disorder that is  
8 characterized by random, involuntary, and uncontrolled movements of  
9 different muscles in the face, trunk and extremities. In some  
10 cases, people may experience movement of the arms, legs, fingers,  
11 and toes. In some cases, it may affect the tongue, lips and jaw.  
12 In other cases, symptoms may include swaying movements of the trunk  
13 or hips and may impact the muscles associated with walking, speech,  
14 eating and breathing; and

15           Whereas, Tardive dyskinesia can develop months, years, or  
16 decades after a person starts taking DRBAs and even after they have  
17 discontinued use of those medications. Not everyone who takes a  
18 DRBA develops TD, but if it develops it is often permanent; and

19           Whereas, Common risk factors for tardive dyskinesia include  
20 advanced age and alcoholism or other substance abuse disorders.  
21 Postmenopausal women and people with a mood disorder are also at a  
22 higher risk of developing tardive dyskinesia; and

23           Whereas, A person is at higher risk for TD after taking DRBAs  
24 for three months or longer, but the longer the person is on these  
25 medications, the higher the risk of developing tardive dyskinesia;  
26 and

27           Whereas, Studies suggest that overall risk of developing  
28 tardive dyskinesia is between 10 and 30 percent; and

29           Whereas, It is estimated that over 500,000 Americans suffer

1 from tardive dyskinesia. According to the National Alliance for  
2 Mental Illness, one in every four patients receiving long-term  
3 treatment with an antipsychotic medication will experience tardive  
4 dyskinesia; and

5       Whereas, Years of difficult and challenging research have  
6 resulted in recent scientific breakthroughs, with two new  
7 treatments for tardive dyskinesia approved by the United States  
8 Food and Drug Administration; and

9       Whereas, Tardive dyskinesia is often unrecognized and patients  
10 suffering from the illness are commonly misdiagnosed. Regular  
11 screening for TD in patients taking DRBA medications is recommended  
12 by the American Psychiatric Association (APA); and

13       Whereas, Patients suffering from tardive dyskinesia often  
14 suffer embarrassment due to abnormal and involuntary movements,  
15 which leads them to withdraw from society and increasingly isolate  
16 themselves as the disease progresses; and

17       Whereas, Caregivers of patients with tardive dyskinesia face  
18 many challenges and are often responsible for the overall care of  
19 the TD patient; and

20       Whereas, We can raise awareness of tardive dyskinesia in the  
21 public and medical community; now, therefore, be it

22       Resolved by the House of Representatives, That the members of  
23 this legislative body declare May 2-8, 2021, as Tardive Dyskinesia  
24 Awareness Week in the state of Michigan. We encourage each  
25 individual in the United States to become better informed about and  
26 aware of tardive dyskinesia.