## **SENATE BILL NO. 416**

June 27, 2023, Introduced by Senators KLINEFELT, CHANG, MCMORROW and GEISS and referred to the Committee on Finance, Insurance, and Consumer Protection.

A bill to amend 1937 PA 94, entitled "Use tax act,"

by amending sections 14a and 14b (MCL 205.104a and 205.104b), as amended by 2022 PA 4.

## THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:

- Sec. 14a. (1) A person in the business of selling tangible
  personal property and liable for any tax under this act shall keep
  in a paper, electronic, or digital format an accurate and complete
- 4 beginning and annual inventory and purchase records of additions to

- 1 inventory, complete daily sales records, receipts, invoices, bills
- 2 of lading, and all pertinent documents in a form the department
- 3 requires. Except as otherwise provided for a person described under
- 4 subsection (6), if an exemption from use tax is claimed by a person
- 5 because the sale is for resale at retail, a record must be kept of
- 6 the sales tax license number if the person has a sales tax license.
- 7 These records must be retained for a period of 4 years after the
- 8 tax imposed under this act to which the records apply is due or as
- 9 otherwise provided by law.
- 10 (2) If the department considers it necessary, the department
- 11 may require a person, by notice served upon that person, to make a
- 12 return, render under oath certain statements, or keep certain
- 13 records the department considers sufficient to show whether or not
- 14 that person is liable for the tax under this act.
- 15 (3) A person knowingly making a sale of tangible personal
- 16 property for the purpose of resale at retail to another person not
- 17 licensed under this act is liable for the tax imposed under this
- 18 act unless the transaction is exempt under the provisions of
- 19 section 4i.
- 20 (4) If a taxpayer fails to file a return or to maintain or
- 21 preserve sufficient records as prescribed in this section, or the
- 22 department has reason to believe that any records maintained or
- 23 returns filed are inaccurate or incomplete and that additional
- 24 taxes are due, the department may assess the amount of the tax due
- 25 from the taxpayer based on an indirect audit procedure or any other
- 26 information that is available or that may become available to the
- 27 department. That assessment is considered prima facie correct for
- 28 the purpose of this act and the burden of proof of refuting the
- 29 assessment is upon the taxpayer. An indirect audit of a taxpayer

- 1 under this subsection must be conducted in accordance with 1941 PA
- 2 122, MCL 205.1 to 205.31, and the standards published by the
- 3 department under section 21 of 1941 PA 122, MCL 205.21, and must
- 4 include all of the following elements:
- 5 (a) A review of the taxpayer's books and records. The
- 6 department may use an indirect method to test the accuracy of the
- 7 taxpayer's books and records.
- 8 (b) Both the credibility of the evidence and the
- 9 reasonableness of the conclusion must be evaluated before any
- 10 determination of tax liability is made.
- 11 (c) The department may use any method to reconstruct income,
- 12 deductions, or expenses that is reasonable under the circumstances.
- 13 The department may use third-party records in the reconstruction.
- 14 (d) The department shall investigate all reasonable evidence
- 15 presented by the taxpayer refuting the computation.
- 16 (5) If a taxpayer has filed all the required returns and has
- 17 maintained and preserved sufficient records as required under this
- 18 section, the department shall not base a tax deficiency
- 19 determination or assessment on any indirect audit procedure unless
- 20 the department has a documented reason to believe that any records
- 21 maintained or returns filed are inaccurate or incomplete and that
- 22 additional taxes are due.
- 23 (6) If the information required under section 14b(1) is
- 24 maintained, an exemption certificate or any other documentation or
- 25 information is not required for an exemption claim obtained by any
- 26 of the following:
- 27 (a) A person licensed by the Michigan liquor control
- 28 commission as a wholesaler for purposes of sales of alcoholic
- 29 liquor to another person licensed by the Michigan liquor control

- 1 commission. As used in this subsection, "alcoholic liquor",
- 2 "authorized distribution agent", and "wholesaler" mean those terms
- 3 as defined in the Michigan liquor control code of 1998, 1998 PA 58,
- **4** MCL 436.1101 to 436.2303.
- 5 (b) The Michigan liquor control commission or a person
- 6 certified by the commission as an authorized distribution agent for
- 7 purposes of the sale and distribution of alcoholic liquor to a
- 8 person licensed by the Michigan liquor control commission.
- 9 (c) A person licensed by the Michigan liquor control
- 10 commission as a micro brewer for purposes of sales of alcoholic
- 11 liquor to another person licensed by the Michigan liquor control
- 12 commission. As used in this subdivision, "micro brewer" means that
- 13 term as defined in section 109 of the Michigan liquor control code
- 14 of 1998, 1998 PA 58, MCL 436.1109.
- 15 (7) For purposes of this act, exemption certificate includes a
- 16 blanket exemption certificate on a form prescribed by the
- 17 department that covers all exempt transfers between the taxpayer
- 18 and the buyer for a period of 4 years or for a period of less than
- 19 4 years as stated on the blanket exemption certificate if that
- 20 period is agreed to by the buyer and taxpayer.
- 21 (8) As used in this section:
- 22 (a) "Indirect audit procedure" is an audit method that
- 23 involves the determination of tax liabilities through an analysis
- 24 of a taxpayer's business activities using information from a range
- 25 of sources beyond the taxpayer's declaration and formal books and
- 26 records.
- (b) "Sufficient records" means records that meet the
- 28 department's need to determine the tax due under this act.
- 29 Sec. 14b. (1) If an exemption from the tax under this act is

- 1 claimed, the seller shall obtain identifying information of the
- 2 purchaser and the reason for claiming the exemption at the time of
- 3 the purchase or at a later date. The seller shall obtain the same
- 4 information for a claimed exemption regardless of the medium in
- 5 which the transaction occurred. If the seller is a person described
- 6 in section 14a(6)(a), or (b), or (c), obtaining the purchaser's
- 7 license number issued by the Michigan liquor control commission
- 8 satisfies the requirements of this subsection.
- 9 (2) A seller shall use a standard format for claiming an
- 10 exemption electronically as adopted by the governing board under
- 11 the streamlined sales and use tax agreement.
- 12 (3) A purchaser is not required to provide a signature to
- 13 claim an exemption under this act unless a paper exemption form is
- **14** used.
- 15 (4) A seller shall maintain a proper record of all exempt
- 16 transactions and shall provide the record if requested by the
- 17 department.
- 18 (5) A seller who complies with the requirements of this
- 19 section is not liable for the tax under this act if a purchaser
- 20 improperly claims an exemption. A purchaser who improperly claims
- 21 an exemption is liable for the tax due under this act. This
- 22 subsection does not apply if a seller does any of the following:
- 23 (a) Fraudulently fails to collect the tax under this act.
- 24 (b) Solicits a purchaser to make an improper claim for
- 25 exemption.
- 26 (c) Accepts an exemption form when the purchaser claims an
- 27 entity-based exemption if both of the following occur:
- (i) The subject of the transaction sought to be covered by the
- 29 exemption form is actually received by the purchaser at a location

- 1 operated by the seller.
- (ii) The state in which the location operated by the seller is
- 3 located provides an exemption form that clearly and affirmatively
- 4 indicates that the claimed exemption is not available in that
- 5 state.
- **6** (6) A seller who obtains a fully completed exemption form or
- 7 captures the relevant data elements as outlined in this section
- 8 within 120 days after the date of sale is not liable for the tax
- 9 under this act.
- 10 (7) If the seller has not obtained an exemption form or all
- 11 relevant data elements, the seller may either prove that the
- 12 transaction was not subject to the tax under this act by other
- 13 means or obtain a fully completed exemption form from the
- 14 purchaser, by the later of the following:
- 15 (a) 120 days after a request by the department.
- 16 (b) The date an assessment becomes final.
- 17 (c) The denial of a claim for refund.
- 18 (d) In the instance of a credit audit, the issuance of an
- 19 audit determination letter or informal conference decision and
- 20 order of determination.
- 21 (e) The date of a final order of the court of claims or the
- 22 Michigan tax tribunal, as applicable, with respect to an
- 23 assessment, order, or decision of the department.
- 24 (8) The department may, in its discretion, allow a seller
- 25 additional time to comply with subsection (7).
- 26 (9) A seller is not liable for the tax under this act if the
- 27 seller obtains a blanket exemption form for a purchaser with which
- 28 the seller has a recurring business relationship. Renewals of
- 29 blanket exemption forms or updates of exemption form information or

- 1 data elements are not required if there is a recurring business
- 2 relationship between the seller and the purchaser. For purposes of
- 3 this section, a recurring business relationship exists when a
- 4 period of not more than 12 months elapses between sales
- 5 transactions.
- 6 (10) A purchaser that fails to claim an exemption at the time
- 7 of purchase by notifying the seller of the exemption and providing
- 8 a complete and proper claim of exemption may submit a claim for a
- 9 refund to the department for the tax related to that purchase if
- 10 all of the following conditions are met:
- 11 (a) The claim for a refund is made within 4 years of the date
- 12 of purchase.
- 13 (b) The purchaser submits to the department an accurate record
- 14 of the purchase, including, but not limited to, a paper,
- 15 electronic, or digital receipt, invoice, or purchase order related
- 16 to the sale, that includes the date of the purchase and the amount
- 17 of sales tax paid to the seller for which the purchaser is seeking
- 18 a refund under this subsection.
- 19 (c) The purchaser submits to the department a form signed by
- 20 the seller as prescribed by the department that contains
- 21 information required by the department to substantiate the refund
- 22 claim. The form must contain a statement that the seller reported
- 23 and paid the tax on the sale for which the purchaser is seeking a
- 24 refund under this subsection and that the seller has not claimed,
- 25 and will not claim, a refund of that tax.
- 26 (d) The purchaser submits to the department a proper exemption
- 27 claim on a form as prescribed by the department under this
- 28 subsection.
- 29 (e) The purchaser submits to the department any additional

- ${f 1}$  information that the department requires related to the purchaser's
- 2 claim for refund under this subsection.
- 3 Enacting section 1. This amendatory act does not take effect
- 4 unless Senate Bill No. 415 of the 102nd Legislature is enacted into
- 5 law.