HOUSE BILL NO. 4831

June 20, 2023, Introduced by Reps. Johnsen, Thompson, Rigas, Schriver, Aragona, Smit, Beson, BeGole and Meerman and referred to the Committee on Insurance and Financial Services.

A bill to prohibit financial institutions from using firearms codes under certain circumstances and prescribe civil sanctions.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:

- 1 Sec. 1. This act may be cited as the "Second Amendment
- 2 financial privacy act".
- **3** Sec. 3. As used in this act:
- 4 (a) "Financial institution" means a person that provides
- 5 financial transaction services, including, but not limited to, any
- 6 of the following:

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- 1 (i) A state or nationally chartered bank or a state or
- 2 federally chartered savings and loan association, savings bank, or
- 3 credit union whose deposits are insured by an agency of the United
- 4 States government and that maintains a principal office or branch
- 5 office located in this state under the laws of this state or the
- 6 United States.
- 7 (ii) A payment card network.
- 8 (iii) An online payment provider.
- 9 (iv) A cryptocurrency company.
- 10 (v) An internet-based payment application.
- 11 (vi) An acquirer.
- 12 (vii) A payment facilitator.
- 13 (b) "Firearms code" means the merchant category code approved
- 14 by the International Organization for Standardization for the
- 15 purpose of initiating a card-based transaction for firearms
- 16 retailers.
- 17 (c) "Firearms retailer" means a person that is engaged in the
- 18 lawful business of selling or trading any of the following in this
- 19 state:
- 20 (i) A firearm.
- 21 (ii) A firearm part, component, or accessory.
- 22 (iii) Any ammunition.
- 23 (iv) Any ammunition component, including, but not limited to,
- 24 any powder or casing.
- (v) A product offered or sold at a firearms store.
- Sec. 5. A financial institution may not require a firearms
- 27 retailer to use a firearms code that is different from that of a
- 28 general transaction.

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- 1 Sec. 7. A financial institution that violates this act may be
- 2 ordered to pay a civil fine of not more than \$10,000.00 per
- 3 violation. A violation of this act may be prosecuted by the
- 4 prosecutor of the county in which the violation occurred, or by the
- 5 attorney general.