SENATE BILL NO. 379

June 10, 2025, Introduced by Senators DAMOOSE, JOHNSON, WEBBER, THEIS, BELLINO, HAUCK and NESBITT and referred to Committee on Education.

A bill to amend 1976 PA 451, entitled "The revised school code,"

by amending sections 1248, 1249, 1249a, 1249b, and 1280f (MCL 380.1248, 380.1249, 380.1249a, 380.1249b, and 380.1280f), section 1248 as amended by 2023 PA 116, sections 1249, 1249a, and 1249b as amended by 2023 PA 224, and section 1280f as amended by 2024 PA 146, and by adding sections 1250a, 1531*l*, and 1531m.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:

Sec. 1248. (1) This section does not prohibit, impair, or

- limit the right or duty of a public school employer and a 1 2 collective bargaining representative to engage in collective bargaining under 1947 PA 336, MCL 423.201 to 423.217. However, a 3 4 collective bargaining agreement must include, at a minimum, the standards in this section. 5 6 (2)—For teachers, as defined under section 1249,—in section 1 of article I of 1937 (Ex Sess) PA 4, MCL 38.71, all of the 7 8 following apply to policies regarding personnel decisions, when 9 filling a vacancy, placing a teacher in a classroom, or conducting 10 a staffing or program reduction or any other personnel 11 determination resulting in the elimination of a position, when 12 conducting a recall from a staffing or program reduction or any 13 other personnel determination resulting in the elimination of a 14 position, or in hiring after a staffing or program reduction or any 15 other personnel determination resulting in the elimination of a 16 position by a school district or intermediate school district: 17 (a) Subject to subdivision (c), the board of a school district or intermediate school district or the board of directors of a 18 19 public school academy shall not adopt, implement, maintain, or 20 comply with a policy or collective bargaining agreement that provides that length of service as or tenure status is the sole 21 22 primary or determining factor in personnel decisions . This 23 subsection does not prevent length of service from being considered 24 as a tiebreaker if a personnel decision involves 2 or more 25 employees and all other factors distinguishing those employees from 26 each other are equal.
- (3) The board of a school district or intermediate school
 district or board of directors of a public school academy shall
 adopt, implement, maintain, and comply with clear and transparent

- 1 procedures for all personnel decisions under this section.
- 2 Effectiveness as measured under the performance evaluation system
- 3 in section 1249 or as otherwise collectively bargained must be used
- 4 as a factor for personnel decisions under this section. Any other
- 5 relevant factors may be used for personnel decisions under this
- 6 section, including, but not limited to, the following:
- 7 (a) The teacher's length of service in a grade level or
- 8 subject area.
- 9 (b) The teacher's disciplinary record.when conducting a
- 10 staffing or program reduction or any other personnel determination
- 11 resulting in the elimination of a position, when conducting a
- 12 recall from a staffing or program reduction or any other personnel
- 13 determination resulting in the elimination of a position, or in
- 14 hiring after a staffing or program reduction or any other personnel
- 15 determination resulting in the elimination of a position.
- 16 (b) Subject to subdivision (c), the board of a school district
- 17 or intermediate school district shall ensure that the school
- 18 district or intermediate school district adopts, implements,
- 19 maintains, and complies with a policy that provides that all
- 20 personnel decisions when conducting a staffing or program reduction
- 21 or any other personnel determination resulting in the elimination
- $22\,$ of a position, when conducting a recall from a staffing or program
- 23 reduction or any other personnel determination resulting in the
- 24 elimination of a position, or in hiring after a staffing or program
- 25 reduction or any other personnel determination resulting in the
- 26 elimination of a position, are based on retaining effective
- 27 teachers. The policy must ensure that a teacher who has been rated
- 28 as ineffective under the performance evaluation system under
- 29 section 1249 is not given any preference that would result in that

- 1 teacher being retained over a teacher who is evaluated as minimally
- 2 effective, effective, or highly effective under the performance
- 3 evaluation system under section 1249. Effectiveness must be
- 4 measured by the performance evaluation system under section 1249,
- 5 and the personnel decisions must be made based on the following
- 6 factors:
- 7 (i) Individual performance must be the majority factor in
- 8 making the decision and must consist of, but is not limited to, all
- 9 of the following:
- 10 (A) Evidence of student growth, which must be the predominant
- 11 factor in assessing an employee's individual performance.
- 12 (B) The teacher's demonstrated pedagogical skills, including
- 13 at least a special determination concerning the teacher's knowledge
- 14 of the teacher's subject area and the ability to impart that
- 15 knowledge through planning, delivering rigorous content, checking
- 16 for and building higher-level understanding, differentiating, and
- 17 managing a classroom; and consistent preparation to maximize
- 18 instructional time.
- 19 (C) The teacher's management of the classroom, manner and
- 20 efficacy of disciplining pupils, rapport with parents and other
- 21 teachers, and ability to withstand the strain of teaching.
- 22 (D) The teacher's attendance and disciplinary record, if any.
- 23 (ii) Significant, relevant accomplishments and contributions.
- 24 This factor must be based on whether the individual contributes to
- 25 the overall performance of the school by making clear, significant,
- 26 relevant contributions above the normal expectations for an
- 27 individual in the individual's peer group and having demonstrated a
- 28 record of exceptional performance.
- 29 (iii) (e)—Relevant special training. This factor may must be

- 1 based on completion of relevant training other than the
- 2 professional development or continuing education that is required
- 3 by the employer or by state law, and integration of that training
- 4 into instruction in a meaningful way.
- 5 (c) Except as otherwise provided in this subdivision, length
- 6 of service or tenure status must not be a factor in a personnel
- 7 decision described in subdivision (a) or (b). However, if that
- 8 personnel decision involves 2 or more employees and all other
- 9 factors distinguishing those employees from each other are equal,
- 10 length of service or tenure status may be considered as a
- 11 tiebreaker.
- 12 (2) If a teacher brings an action against a school district or
- 13 intermediate school district based on this section, the teacher's
- 14 sole and exclusive remedy is an order of reinstatement commencing
- 15 30 days after a decision by a court of competent jurisdiction. The
- 16 remedy in an action brought by a teacher based on this section does
- 17 not include lost wages, lost benefits, or any other economic
- 18 damages.
- 19 Sec. 1249. (1) This section does not prohibit, impair, or
- 20 limit the right or duty of a public school employer and a
- 21 collective bargaining representative to engage in collective
- 22 bargaining over the topic of performance evaluations under 1947 PA
- 23 336, MCL 423.201 to 423.217, subject to the requirements in this
- 24 section and section 1249b. With the involvement of teachers and
- 25 school administrators, and after collective bargaining, if
- 26 applicable, with any collective bargaining representative of
- 27 teachers and school administrators, the board of a school district
- 28 or intermediate school district or board of directors of a public
- 29 school academy shall adopt and implement for all teachers and

- school administrators a rigorous, transparent, and fair performance
 evaluation system that does at least all of the following:
 - (a) Evaluates the teacher's or school administrator's job performance while providing timely and constructive feedback.
- (b) Establishes clear approaches to measuring student growth
 and provides teachers and school administrators with relevant data
 on student growth.
- 8 (c) Evaluates a teacher's or school administrator's job 9 performance, using multiple rating categories that take into 10 account student growth and assessment data. or student learning 11 objectives metrics. Student growth - and assessment data - and 12 student learning objectives must be measured using metrics agreed upon through collective bargaining, if applicable. Before July 1, 13 14 2024, the performance evaluation system implemented by a school 15 district, intermediate school district, or public school academy 16 under this section must include the rating of teachers as highly 17 effective, effective, minimally effective, and ineffective. Beginning July 1, 2024, the performance evaluation system 18 implemented by a school district, intermediate school district, or 19 20 public school academy under this section must include the rating of 21 teachers as effective, developing, and needing support.multiple 22 measures that may include student learning objectives, achievement 23 of individualized education program goals, nationally normed or 24 locally developed assessments that are aligned to state standards, 25 research-based growth measures, or alternative assessments that are 26 rigorous and comparable across schools within the school district, 27 intermediate school district, or public school academy.
 - (d) Uses the evaluations, at a minimum, to inform decisions regarding both_all of the following:

- (i) The effectiveness of teachers and school administrators,
 ensuring that they are given ample opportunities for improvement.
- (ii) Development Promotion, retention, and development of
 teachers and school administrators, including providing relevant
 coaching, instruction support, or professional development.
 - (iii) Whether to grant tenure or full certification, or both, to teachers and school administrators using rigorous standards and streamlined, transparent, and fair procedures.
 - (iv) Removing ineffective tenured and untenured teachers and school administrators after they have had ample opportunities to improve, and ensuring that these decisions are made using rigorous standards and streamlined, transparent, and fair procedures.
 - (2) The board of a school district or intermediate school district or board of directors of a public school academy shall ensure that the performance evaluation system for teachers meets at least—all of the following:
 - (a) Except as otherwise provided under this subsection, the

 The performance evaluation system must include at least a year-end
 evaluation for all teachers. The year-end evaluation must meet all
 of the following:
 - (i) Before the 2024-2025 school year, 40% Forty percent of the year-end evaluation must be based on student growth and assessment data. Beginning in the 2024-2025 school year, the year-end evaluation must include locally agreed-on student growth and assessment data or student learning objectives metrics. The student growth and assessment data or student learning objectives metrics must be collectively bargained, if applicable, as determined under subsection (1)(c). Beginning in the 2024-2025 school year, 20% of the year-end evaluation must be based on student growth and

- 1 assessment data or student learning objectives metrics.
- 2 (ii) For core content areas in grades and subjects in which
- 3 state assessments are administered, 50% of student growth must be
- 4 measured using the state assessments, and the portion of student
- 5 growth not measured using state assessments must be measured using
- 6 multiple research-based growth measures or alternative assessments
- 7 that are rigorous and comparable across schools within the school
- 8 district, intermediate school district, or public school academy.
- 9 Student growth also may be measured by student learning objectives
- 10 or nationally normed or locally adopted assessments that are
- 11 aligned to state standards, or based on achievement of
- 12 individualized education program goals.
- 13 (iii) The portion of a teacher's year-end evaluation that is
- 14 not based on student growth and assessment data, or student
- 15 learning objectives metrics, as described under in subparagraph (i),
- 16 must be based primarily on a teacher's performance as measured by
- 17 the evaluation tool developed or adopted by the school district,
- 18 intermediate school district, or public school academy under
- 19 subdivision $\frac{(e)}{(f)}$.
- 20 (iv) (iii) The portion of a teacher's evaluation that is not
- 21 measured using student growth and assessment data, or student
- 22 $\frac{1}{1}$ learning objectives metrics, as described under in subparagraph (i),
- 23 or using the evaluation tool developed or adopted by the school
- 24 district, intermediate school district, or public school academy,
- 25 must be based on objective criteria.as described in subparagraph
- 26 (iii), must incorporate criteria enumerated in section 1248(1)(b)(i)
- 27 to (iii) that are not otherwise evaluated under subparagraph (i) or
- 28 (*iii*).
- 29 (b) If there are student growth and assessment data available

- 1 for a teacher for at least 3 school years, the year-end evaluation
- 2 must be based on the student growth and assessment data for the
- 3 most recent 3-consecutive-school-year period. If there are not
- 4 student growth and assessment data available for a teacher for at
- 5 least 3 school years, the year-end evaluation must be based on all
- 6 student growth and assessment data that are available for the
- 7 teacher.
- 8 (c) (b) The year-end evaluation must include specific
- 9 performance goals that will assist in improving effectiveness for
- 10 the next school year and are developed by the school administrator
- 11 or the school administrator's designee conducting the evaluation,
- 12 in consultation with the teacher, and any recommended training
- 13 identified by the school administrator or designee, in consultation
- 14 with the teacher, that would assist the teacher in meeting these
- 15 goals. For a teacher described in subdivision $\frac{(c)}{(c)}$, $\frac{(d)}{(d)}$, the school
- 16 administrator or designee shall develop, in consultation with the
- 17 teacher, an individualized development plan that includes these
- 18 goals and training and is designed to assist the teacher to improve
- 19 the teacher's effectiveness.
- 20 (d) (e) The performance evaluation system must include a
- 21 midyear progress report for a teacher who is in the first year of
- 22 the probationary period under section 1 of article II of 1937 (Ex
- 23 Sess) PA 4, MCL 38.81, or who received a rating of minimally
- 24 effective , or ineffective , needing support, or developing in the
- 25 teacher's most recent year-end evaluation. The midyear progress
- 26 report must be used as a supplemental tool to gauge a teacher's
- 27 improvement from the preceding school year and to assist a teacher
- 28 to improve. All of the following apply to the midyear progress
- 29 report:

- (i) The midyear progress report must be based at least in part on student achievement.
- 3 (ii) (i)—The midyear progress report must be aligned with the 4 teacher's individualized development plan under subdivision 5 (b).(c).
 - (iii) (iii) The midyear progress report must include specific performance goals for the remainder of the school year that are developed by the school administrator conducting the year-end evaluation or the school administrator's designee and any recommended training identified by the school administrator or designee that would assist the teacher in meeting these goals. At the midyear progress report, the school administrator or designee shall develop, in consultation with the teacher, a written improvement plan that includes these goals and training and is designed to assist the teacher to improve the teacher's rating.
- 16 (iv) $\frac{(iii)}{(iii)}$ The midyear progress report must not take the place of a year-end evaluation.
- (e) (d) The performance evaluation system must include
 classroom observations to assist in the performance evaluations.
 All of the following apply to these classroom observations:
 - (i) A classroom observation must include a review of the teacher's lesson plan and the state curriculum standard being used in the lesson and a review of pupil engagement in the lesson. The items described in this subparagraph must be discussed during a post-observation meeting between the school administrator conducting the observation and the teacher.
- 27 (ii) A classroom observation must be not less than 15 minutes
 28 but does not have to be for an entire class period.
- 29 (iii) There—Unless a teacher has received a rating of effective

- 1 or highly effective on the teacher's 2 most recent year-end
- 2 evaluations, there must be at least 2 classroom observations of a
- 3 the teacher in each school year. that the teacher is evaluated. One
- 4 At least 1 observation may must be unscheduled.
- 5 (iv) The school administrator responsible for the teacher's
- 6 performance evaluation shall conduct at least 1 of the
- 7 observations. Other observations may be conducted by other
- 8 observers who are trained in the use of the evaluation tool that is
- 9 used under subdivision (e). (f). These other observers may be
- 10 teacher leaders.
- 11 (v) A school district, intermediate school district, or public
- 12 school academy shall ensure that, within 30 calendar days after
- 13 each observation, the teacher is provided with written feedback
- 14 from the observation.
- (f) (e) For the purposes of conducting year-end evaluations
- 16 under the performance evaluation system, the school district,
- 17 intermediate school district, or public school academy shall adopt
- 18 and implement 1 or more of the evaluation tools for teachers that
- 19 are included on the list under subsection (4). However, if a school
- 20 district, intermediate school district, or public school academy
- 21 has 1 or more local evaluation tools for teachers or modifications
- 22 of an evaluation tool on the list under subsection (4), and the
- 23 school district, intermediate school district, or public school
- 24 academy complies with subsection (3), the school district,
- 25 intermediate school district, or public school academy may conduct
- 26 year-end evaluations for teachers using 1 or more local evaluation
- 27 tools or modifications. The evaluation tools must be used
- 28 consistently among the schools operated by a school district,
- 29 intermediate school district, or public school academy so that all

- similarly situated teachers are evaluated using the same evaluation
 tool.
- 3 (g) (f) Before July 1, 2024, the The performance evaluation
- 4 system must assign a an effectiveness rating to each teacher of
- 5 highly effective, effective, minimally effective, or ineffective,
- 6 based on the teacher's year-end evaluation described in this
- 7 subsection. Beginning July 1, 2024, the performance evaluation
- 8 system must assign a rating to each teacher of effective,
- 9 developing, or needing support based on the teacher's year-end
- 10 evaluation described in this subsection. An evaluation and feedback
- 11 concerning the evaluation must be provided, in writing, to the
- 12 teacher being evaluated. However, if a written evaluation is not
- 13 provided, the teacher is deemed effective.
- 14 (g) A teacher must not be assigned an evaluation rating and
- 15 must be designated as unevaluated for a school year if any of the
- 16 following apply to the teacher:
- 17 (i) The teacher worked less than 60 days in that school year.
- 18 (ii) The teacher's evaluation results were vacated through the
- 19 grievance procedure described in subdivision (l).
- 20 (iii) There are extenuating circumstances and the teacher and
- 21 the school district, intermediate school district, or public school
- 22 academy agree to designate the teacher as unevaluated because of
- 23 the extenuating circumstances.
- 24 (h) If a teacher receives a unevaluated designation under
- 25 subdivision (g), the teacher's rating from the school year
- 26 immediately before that designation must be used for consecutive
- 27 purposes under this section.
- (h) (i) As part of the performance evaluation system, and in
- 29 addition to the requirements of section 1526, a school district,

- intermediate school district, or public school academy shall is
 encouraged to assign a mentor or coach to each teacher who is
 described in subdivision (c).(d).
- (i) The performance evaluation system may allow for exemption 4 5 of student growth data for a particular pupil for a school year on 6 the recommendation of the school administrator conducting the year-7 end evaluation or the school administrator's designee and approval 8 of the school district superintendent or the school district 9 superintendent's designee, intermediate superintendent or 10 intermediate superintendent's designee, or chief administrator of 11 the public school academy, as applicable.
- 12 (i) The performance evaluation system must provide that, if a 13 teacher is rated as ineffective or needing support on 3 consecutive 14 year-end evaluations, the school district, intermediate school 15 district, or public school academy shall, subject to 1937 (Ex Sess) 16 PA 4, MCL 38.71 to 38.191, dismiss the teacher from the teacher's employment. Subject to 1937 (Ex Sess) PA 4, MCL 38.71 to 38.191, 17 18 this subdivision does not affect the ability of a school district, 19 intermediate school district, or public school academy to dismiss a 20 teacher from the teacher's employment regardless of whether the 21 teacher is rated as ineffective or needing support on 3 consecutive 22 year-end evaluations.
 - (k) The performance evaluation system must provide that, if a teacher who is not in a probationary period under section 1 of article II of 1937 (Ex Sess) PA 4, MCL 38.81, is rated as highly effective or effective on the 3 most recent consecutive year-end evaluations, the school district, intermediate school district, or public school academy may conduct a year-end evaluation biennially or triennially instead of annually. However, if a teacher who is

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- not in a probationary period under section 1 of article II of 1937

 (Ex Sess) PA 4, MCL 38.81, is not rated as effective on 1 of these
 biennial or triennial year-end evaluations, the teacher must again
 be provided with year-end evaluations.

 (l) As used in this subdivision, "teacher" means that term as
 - (1) As used in this subdivision, "teacher" means that term as defined in section 1 of article I of 1937 (Ex Sess) PA 4, MCL 38.71. The performance evaluation system must provide that, for if a teacher who is not in a probationary period under section 1 of article II of 1937 (Ex Sess) PA 4, MCL 38.81, and is rated as needing support ineffective on a year-end evaluation, the following options must be made available to the teacher:
 - (i) The teacher may request a review of the evaluation and the rating by the school district superintendent, or intermediate superintendent, or chief administrator of the public school academy, as applicable. The request for a review must be submitted in writing within 30-20 calendar days after the teacher is informed of the rating. Upon receipt of the request, the school district superintendent, or intermediate superintendent, or chief administrator of the public school academy, as applicable, shall review the evaluation and rating and may make any modifications as appropriate based on the school district superintendent's, or intermediate superintendent's, or chief administrator's review. A written response regarding the school district superintendent's or intermediate superintendent's findings must be provided to the teacher who requested the review by not later than 30 calendar days after receipt of the request for a review and before making any modifications under this section.
 - (ii) If the written response from the school district superintendent's or intermediate superintendent's review does not

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- resolve the matter, the teacher or collective bargaining 1 2 representative may request mediation as provided for in 1947 PA 336, 423.201 to 423.217. The request for mediation must be 3 submitted in writing within 30 calendar days after the teacher 4 5 receives the written response from the school district 6 superintendent or intermediate superintendent. Within 15 days of 7 receipt of the request, the school district superintendent or 8 intermediate superintendent must provide a written response to the 9 teacher or collective bargaining representative stating that the 10 mediation will be scheduled as appropriate. (iii) If a teacher receives 2 consecutive ratings of needing 11 12 support, the teacher may demand to use the grievance procedure of an applicable collective bargaining agreement or employment 13 14 contract that concerns the teacher's second evaluation rating and the evaluation process. If a collective bargaining agreement or 15 16 employment contract does not contain a grievance procedure that 17 ends in binding arbitration, the teacher may request binding 18 arbitration by filing a demand for arbitration with the American 19 Arbitration Association within 30 calendar days after the teacher 20 receives the written response from the school district 21 superintendent or intermediate superintendent. The arbitration is subject to the uniform arbitration act, 2012 PA 371, MCL 691.1681 22 to 691.1713. The arbitration described in this subparagraph must 23 24 adhere to both of the following: 25 (A) The arbitrator must be selected through procedures 26 administered by the American Arbitration Association in accordance 27 with its rules. 28 (B) The arbitrator must have the authority to issue any 29
 - appropriate remedy. However, the performance evaluation system must

1 not allow for a review as described in this subdivision more than 2 twice in a 3-school-year period.

- (m) The school district, intermediate school district, or public school academy shall provide training to teachers on the evaluation tool or tools used by the school district, intermediate school district, or public school academy in its performance evaluation system and on how each evaluation tool is used. This training may be provided by a school district, intermediate school district, or public school academy, or by a consortium consisting
- 11 (n) A school district, intermediate school district, or public school academy shall ensure that training is provided to all 12 evaluators and observers. The training must be provided by an 13 14 individual who has expertise in the evaluation tool or tools used 15 by the school district, intermediate school district, or public school academy that may include either a consultant on that 16 evaluation tool or framework or an individual who has been trained 17 to train others in the use of the evaluation tool or tools. This 18 19 subdivision does not prohibit a school district, intermediate 20 school district, public school academy, or consortium consisting of 21 2 or more of these, from providing the training in the use of the evaluation tool or tools if the trainer has expertise in the 22 23 evaluation tool or tools.
 - (3) A school district, intermediate school district, or public school academy shall post on its public website all of the following information about the evaluation tool or tools it uses for its performance evaluation system for teachers:
- (a) The research base for the evaluation framework,instrument, and process or, if the school district, intermediate

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of 2 or more of these.

- 1 school district, or public school academy adapts or modifies an
- 2 evaluation tool from the list under subsection (4), the research
- 3 base for the listed evaluation tool and an assurance that the
- 4 adaptations or modifications do not compromise the validity of that
- 5 research base.
- **6** (b) The identity and qualifications of the author or authors
- 7 or, if the school district, intermediate school district, or public
- 8 school academy adapts or modifies an evaluation tool from the list
- 9 under subsection (4), the identity and qualifications of a person
- 10 with expertise in teacher evaluations who has reviewed the adapted
- 11 or modified evaluation tool.
- 12 (c) Either evidence of reliability, validity, and efficacy or
- 13 a plan for developing that evidence or, if the school district,
- 14 intermediate school district, or public school academy adapts or
- 15 modifies an evaluation tool from the list under subsection (4), an
- 16 assurance that the adaptations or modifications do not compromise
- 17 the reliability, validity, or efficacy of the evaluation tool or
- 18 the evaluation process.
- 19 (d) The evaluation frameworks and rubrics with detailed
- 20 descriptors for each performance level on key summative indicators.
- 21 (e) A description of the processes for conducting classroom
- 22 observations, collecting evidence, conducting evaluation
- 23 conferences, developing performance ratings, and developing
- 24 performance improvement plans.
- 25 (f) A description of the plan for providing evaluators and
- 26 observers with training.
- 27 (4) The department shall establish and maintain a list of
- 28 teacher evaluation tools that have demonstrated evidence of
- 29 efficacy and that may be used for the purposes of this section.

That list initially must include at least the evaluation models 1 recommended in the final recommendations released by the Michigan 2 council on educator effectiveness in July 2013. The list must 3 include a statement indicating that school districts, intermediate 4 5 school districts, and public school academies are not limited to 6 only using the evaluation tools that are included on the list. A 7 school district, intermediate school district, or public school 8 academy is not required to use an evaluation tool for teacher 9 evaluations that is the same as it uses for school administrator 10 evaluations or that has the same author or authors as the 11 evaluation tool it uses for school administrator evaluations. The 12 department shall promulgate rules establishing standards and procedures for adding an evaluation tool to or removing an 13 14 evaluation tool from the list. These rules must include a process 15 for a school district, intermediate school district, or public 16 school academy to submit its own evaluation tool for review for 17 placement on the list. 18 (5) By not later than September 1, 2024, and every 3 years thereafter, each individual who conducts an evaluation under this 19 20 section or section 1249b shall complete a rater reliability training provided by the school district, intermediate school 21 22 district, public school academy, or the entity that employs the 23 individual. The training must include at least all of the 24 following: 25 (a) A clear and consistent set of evaluation criteria that all 26 evaluators can use when assessing teacher performance. 27 (b) Clear expectations for what evaluators should look for when assessing teacher performance, including identifying key 28 29 behaviors and practices that are associated with effective

- 1 teaching.
- 2 (c) Training on the evaluation process itself, including how
- 3 to conduct classroom observations, collect data, and analyze
- 4 results.

- 5 (d) Calibration exercises that help evaluators practice using
- 6 the evaluation criteria and establish consistency in the
- 7 evaluator's evaluations.
- 8 (e) Ongoing support for evaluators, including feedback and
- 9 coaching to help the evaluators improve their skills and ensure
- 10 they are consistently applying the evaluation criteria.
 - (5) This section does not affect the operation or applicability of section 1248.
- 13 (6) As used in this section, \div
- 14 (a) "Student learning objectives" means measurable, long-term,
- 15 academic goals, informed by available data, that a teacher or
- 16 teacher team sets at the beginning of the year for all students.
- 17 (b) "Teacher" "teacher" means , except as otherwise provided
- 18 in this section, an individual who has a valid Michigan teaching
- 19 certificate or authorization or who is engaged to teach under
- 20 section 1233b; who is employed, or contracted for, by a school
- 21 district, intermediate school district, or public school academy;
- 22 and who is assigned by the school district, intermediate school
- 23 district, or public school academy to deliver direct instruction to
- 24 pupils in any of grades K to 12 as a teacher of record.
- Sec. 1249a. (1) Subject to subsection (2), a school district,
- 26 intermediate school district, or public school academy shall not
- 27 assign a pupil to be taught in the same subject area for 2
- 28 consecutive years by a teacher who has been rated as ineffective or
- 29 needing support on the teacher's 2 most recent annual year-end

1 evaluations under section 1249.

(2) If a school district, intermediate school district, or 2 public school academy is unable to comply with subsection (1) and 3 plans to assign a pupil to be taught in the same subject area for 2 4 5 consecutive years by a teacher who has been rated as ineffective or 6 needing support—on the teacher's 2 most recent annual year-end 7 evaluations under section 1249, the board of the school district or 8 intermediate school district or board of directors of the public 9 school academy in which the pupil is enrolled must notify the 10 pupil's parent or legal guardian that the board or board of 11 directors is unable to comply with subsection (1) and that the 12 pupil has been assigned to be taught in the same subject area for a 13 second consecutive year by a teacher who has been rated as 14 ineffective or needing support on the teacher's 2 most recent 15 annual year-end evaluations. The notification must be in writing, 16 must be delivered to the parent or legal guardian not later than 17 July 15 immediately preceding the beginning of the school year for 18 which the pupil is assigned to the teacher, and must include an 19 explanation of why the board or board of directors is unable to 20 comply with subsection (1). However, if the teacher requested a 21 review of the teacher's evaluation rating under section 1249, the 22 board of the school district or intermediate school district must not issue the notification described in this subsection until the 23 review process under section 1249 is complete. 24 25 Sec. 1249b. (1) This section does not prohibit, impair, or 26 limit the right or duty of a public school employer and a 27 collective bargaining representative to engage in collective bargaining over the topic of performance evaluations under 1947 PA 28 336, MCL 423.201 to 423.217, subject to the requirements in this 29

- 1 section and section 1249. After collective bargaining, if
- 2 applicable, with any collective bargaining representative to school
- 3 administrators, the The board of a school district or intermediate
- 4 school district or board of directors of a public school academy
- 5 shall ensure that the performance evaluation system for building-
- 6 level school administrators and for central-office-level school
- 7 administrators who are regularly involved in instructional matters
- 8 meets at least—all of the following:
- 9 (a) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, the The
- 10 performance evaluation system must include at least an annual
- 11 evaluation for all school administrators described in this
- 12 subsection by the school district superintendent or the school
- 13 district superintendent's designee, intermediate superintendent or
- 14 the intermediate superintendent's designee, or chief administrator
- 15 of the public school academy, as applicable. However, a
- 16 superintendent or chief administrator must be evaluated by the
- 17 board or board of directors or, if the superintendent or chief
- 18 administrator is not employed directly by the board or board of
- 19 directors, by the designee of the board or board of directors.
- 20 (b) Before the 2024-2025 school year, 40% Forty percent of the
- 21 annual evaluation must be based on student growth and assessment
- 22 data. Beginning in the 2024-2025 school year, the annual evaluation
- 23 must include the student growth and assessment data or student
- 24 leaning objectives metrics determined under section 1249(1)(c).
- 25 Beginning in the 2024-2025 school year, 20% of the annual
- 26 evaluation must be based on student growth and assessment data or
- 27 student learning objectives. The student growth and assessment data
- 28 to be used for the school administrator annual evaluation are the
- 29 aggregate student growth and assessment data that are used in

- 1 teacher year-end evaluations in each school in which the school
- 2 administrator works as an administrator or, for a central office-
- 3 level school administrator, for the entire school district or
- 4 intermediate school district.
- 5 (c) For the purposes of conducting evaluations under the
- 6 performance evaluation system, the school district, intermediate
- 7 school district, or public school academy shall develop or adopt
- 8 and implement an evaluation tool for school administrators. The
- 9 portion of a school administrator's evaluation that is not based on
- 10 student growth must be based primarily on the school
- 11 administrator's performance as measured by this evaluation tool.
- 12 (d) The portion of the evaluation that is not based on student
- 13 growth and assessment data or student learning objectives as
- 14 provided under subdivision (b) or on an evaluation tool as provided
- 15 under subdivision (c) must be based on objective criteria.at least
- 16 the following for each school in which the school administrator
- 17 works as an administrator or, for a central-office-level school
- 18 administrator, for the entire school district or intermediate
- 19 school district:
- 20 (i) If the school administrator conducts teacher performance
- 21 evaluations, the school administrator's proficiency in using the
- 22 evaluation tool for teachers used by the school district,
- 23 intermediate school district, or public school academy under
- 24 section 1249. If the school administrator designates another person
- 25 to conduct teacher performance evaluations, the evaluation of the
- 26 school administrator on this factor must be based on the designee's
- 27 proficiency in using the evaluation tool for teachers used by the
- 28 school district, intermediate school district, or public school
- 29 academy under section 1249, with the designee's performance to be

- counted as if it were the school administrator personally conducting the teacher performance evaluations.
- 3 (ii) The progress made by the school or school district in
 4 meeting the goals set forth in the school's school improvement plan
 5 or the school district's school improvement plans.
 - (iii) Pupil attendance in the school or school district.
- 7 (*iv*) Student, parent, and teacher feedback, as available, and
 8 other information considered pertinent by the superintendent or
 9 other school administrator conducting the performance evaluation or
 10 the board or board of directors.
- 11 (e) For the purposes of conducting evaluations under the 12 performance evaluation system, the school district, intermediate 13 school district, or public school academy shall adopt and implement 14 1 or more of the evaluation tools for school administrators that 15 are included on the list under subsection (3). However, if a school district, intermediate school district, or public school academy 16 17 has 1 or more local evaluation tools for school administrators or 18 modifications of an evaluation tool on the list under subsection (3), and the school district, intermediate school district, or 19 20 public school academy complies with subsection (2), the school district, intermediate school district, or public school academy 21 22 may conduct annual evaluations for school administrators using 1 or more local evaluation tools or modifications. 23
 - (f) The evaluation tool and other measures used by the school district, intermediate school district, or public school academy in its performance evaluation system for school administrators must be used consistently across the schools operated by a school district, intermediate school district, or public school academy so that all similarly situated school administrators are evaluated using the

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- 1 same measures.
- 2 (g) Before July 1, 2024, the The performance evaluation system
- 3 must assign a—an effectiveness rating to each school administrator
- 4 described in this subsection of highly effective, effective,
- 5 minimally effective, or ineffective. Beginning July 1, 2024, the
- 6 performance evaluation system must assign a rating to each school
- 7 administrator described in this subsection of effective,
- 8 developing, or needing support. An evaluation and feedback
- 9 concerning the evaluation must be provided, in writing, to the
- 10 school administrator being evaluated. However, if a written
- 11 evaluation is not provided, the school administrator is deemed
- 12 effective.
- (h) For a building-level school administrator's evaluation,
- 14 the individual conducting the evaluation shall visit the school
- 15 building where the building-level school administrator works,
- 16 review the building-level school administrator's school improvement
- 17 plan, and observe classrooms with the building-level school
- 18 administrator to collect evidence of the school improvement plan
- 19 strategies being implemented and the impact the school improvement
- 20 plan has on learning.
- 21 (i) A school administrator must not be assigned an evaluation
- 22 rating and must be designated as unevaluated for a year if any of
- 23 the following apply to the school administrator:
- 24 (i) The school administrator worked less than 60 days in that
- **25** year.
- 26 (ii) The school administrator's evaluation results were vacated
- 27 through the grievance procedure or arbitration described in
- 28 subdivision (p) or (q).
- 29 (iii) There are extenuating circumstances and the school

- administrator and the school district, intermediate school
 district, or public school academy agree to designate the school
 administrator as unevaluated because of the extenuating
 circumstances.
 - (j) If a school administrator is designated as unevaluated under subdivision (i) the school administrator's rating from the year immediately before that designation must be used for consecutive purposes under this section if both of the following are met:
 - (i) The school administrator continues to be employed in the same position that the school administrator was employed in the year before the school administrator received the unevaluated designation.
 - (ii) The school administrator continues to be employed by the same school district, intermediate school district, or public school academy that employed the school administrator in the year before the school administrator received the unevaluated designation.
 - (h) (k)—The performance evaluation system must ensure that if a school administrator described in this subsection is rated as developing or needing support, minimally effective or ineffective, the individual conducting the evaluation shall develop and require the school administrator to implement an improvement plan to correct the deficiencies. The improvement plan must recommend professional development opportunities and other actions designed to improve the rating of the school administrator on the school administrator's next evaluation.
- 28 (i) (l)—The performance evaluation system must provide that, if a school administrator described in this subsection is rated as

- 1 ineffective or needing support on 3 consecutive evaluations, the
- 2 school district, intermediate school district, or public school
- 3 academy shall dismiss the school administrator from the school
- 4 administrator's employment. This subdivision does not affect the
- 5 ability of a school district, intermediate school district, or
- 6 public school academy to dismiss a school administrator from the
- 7 school administrator's employment regardless of whether the school
- $oldsymbol{8}$ administrator is rated as ineffective or needing support on 3
- 9 consecutive evaluations.
- 10 (j) (m) The performance evaluation system must provide that,
- 11 if a school administrator is rated as highly effective or effective
- 12 on the 3 most recent consecutive evaluations, the school district,
- 13 intermediate school district, or public school academy may choose
- 14 to conduct an evaluation biennially instead of annually. However,
- 15 if any of the following occur, a school administrator's evaluation
- 16 must be conducted annually:
- 17 (i) The **a** school administrator is not rated as **highly** effective
- 18 on 1 of these biennial evaluations, \div
- 19 (ii) For a building-level school administrator, the school
- 20 administrator's supervisor or evaluator changes.
- 21 (iii) For an individual employed as a school district
- 22 superintendent, an intermediate superintendent, or a chief
- 23 administrator, the individual obtains employment with a different
- 24 school district, intermediate school district, or public school
- 25 academy.
- 26 (n) The performance evaluation system must include a midyear
- 27 progress report for a school administrator each year that the
- 28 school administrator is evaluated. The midyear progress report must
- 29 be used as a supplemental tool to gauge a school administrator's

1 improvement from the preceding evaluation and to assist a school 2 administrator to improve. Both of the following apply to the 3 midvear progress report: 4 (i) The midyear progress report must include specific 5 performance goals for the remainder of the school year for building-level school administrators, or for the remainder of the 6 7 calendar year for all other school administrators, that are 8 developed by the individual conducting the annual evaluation or the 9 individual's designee and any recommended training identified by 10 the individual or designee that would assist the school administrator in meeting these goals. At the midyear progress 11 12 report, the individual conducting the annual evaluation or the individual's designee shall develop, in consultation with the 13 14 school administrator, a written improvement plan that includes 15 these goals and training and is designed to assist the school administrator to improve the school administrator's rating. 16 17 (ii) The midyear progress report must not take the place of an annual evaluation. 18 19 (o) As part of the performance evaluation system, a school district, intermediate school district, or public school academy 20 21 shall assign a mentor or coach to each school administrator, not 22 including a school district superintendent, an intermediate 23 superintendent, or a chief administrator, for the first 3 years in which the school administrator is in a new administrative position. 24 25 (p) The performance evaluation system must provide that, if a 26 school administrator who is not a school district superintendent or 27 an intermediate superintendent or who is not employed by or 28 assigned to work at a public school academy is rated as needing 29 support on an evaluation, the following options must be made

available to the school administrator, as applicable:

(i) The school administrator may request a review of the evaluation and the rating by the school district superintendent or intermediate superintendent, as applicable. The request for a review must be submitted in writing within 30 calendar days after the school administrator is informed of the rating. Upon receipt of the request, the school district superintendent or intermediate superintendent, as applicable, shall review the evaluation and rating and may make any modifications as appropriate based on the school district superintendent's or intermediate superintendent's review. A written response regarding the school district superintendent's or intermediate superintendent's findings must be provided to the school administrator who requested the review by not later than 30 calendar days after receipt of the request for a review and before making any modifications under this section.

(ii) If the written response from the school district superintendent's or intermediate superintendent's review does not resolve the matter, the school administrator or collective bargaining representative may request mediation. The request for mediation must be submitted in writing within 30 calendar days after the school administrator receives the written response from the school district superintendent or intermediate superintendent. Within 15 days of receipt of the request, the school district superintendent or intermediate superintendent must provide a written response to the school administrator or collective bargaining representative stating that the mediation will be scheduled as appropriate.

(iii) If the school administrator receives 2 consecutive ratings of needing support, the school administrator may demand to use the

grievance procedure of an applicable collective bargaining 1 2 agreement or of a contract governing the school administrator's employment that concerns the school administrator's second 3 evaluation rating and the evaluation process. If a collective 4 5 bargaining agreement or a contract governing the school 6 administrator's employment does not contain a grievance procedure 7 that ends in binding arbitration, the school administrator may 8 request binding arbitration by filing a demand for arbitration with 9 the American Arbitration Association within 30 calendar days after 10 the school administrator receives the written response from the 11 school district superintendent or intermediate superintendent. The 12 arbitration is subject to the uniform arbitration act, 2012 PA 371, 13 MCL 691.1681 to 691.1713. The arbitration described in this 14 subparagraph must adhere to both of the following: 15 (A) The arbitrator must be selected through procedures 16 administered by the American Arbitration Association in accordance 17 with its rules. 18 (B) The arbitrator must have the authority to issue any 19 appropriate remedy. 20 (q) The contract governing the employment of a school district 21 superintendent or intermediate superintendent must include an appeal process concerning the evaluation process and rating 22 23 received. This subdivision applies only to a contract that is 24 entered into, extended, renewed, or modified on or after the 25 effective date of the amendatory act that added this sentence.the 26 school administrator shall again be provided with annual 27 evaluations. (k) (r) The school district, intermediate school district, or 28

public school academy shall provide training to school

- 1 administrators on the measures used by the school district,
- 2 intermediate school district, or public school academy in its
- 3 performance evaluation system for school administrators and on how
- 4 each of the measures is used. This training may be provided by a
- 5 school district, intermediate school district, or public school
- 6 academy, or by a consortium consisting of 2 or more of these.
- 7 (l) (s)—A school district, intermediate school district, or
- 8 public school academy shall ensure that training is provided to all
- 9 evaluators and observers. The training must be provided by an
- 10 individual who has expertise in the evaluation tool or tools used
- 11 by the school district, intermediate school district, or public
- 12 school academy, which may include either a consultant on that
- 13 evaluation tool or framework or an individual who has been trained
- 14 to train others in the use of the evaluation tool or tools. This
- 15 subdivision does not prohibit a school district, intermediate
- 16 school district, public school academy, or consortium consisting of
- 2 or more of these, from providing the training in the use of the
- 18 evaluation tool or tools if the trainer has expertise in the
- 19 evaluation tool or tools.
- 20 (2) A school district, intermediate school district, or public
- 21 school academy shall post on its public website all of the
- 22 following information about the measures it uses for its
- 23 performance evaluation system for school administrators:
- (a) The research base for the evaluation framework,
- 25 instrument, and process or, if the school district, intermediate
- 26 school district, or public school academy adapts or modifies an
- 27 evaluation tool from the list under subsection (3), the research
- 28 base for the listed evaluation tool and an assurance that the
- 29 adaptations or modifications do not compromise the validity of that

- 1 research base.
- 2 (b) The identity and qualifications of the author or authors
 3 or, if the school district, intermediate school district, or public
 4 school academy adapts or modifies an evaluation tool from the list
 5 under subsection (3), the identity and qualifications of a person
 6 with expertise in teacher evaluations who has reviewed the adapted
 7 or modified evaluation tool.
- 8 (c) Either evidence of reliability, validity, and efficacy or 9 a plan for developing that evidence or, if the school district, 10 intermediate school district, or public school academy adapts or 11 modifies an evaluation tool from the list under subsection (3), an 12 assurance that the adaptations or modifications do not compromise 13 the reliability, validity, or efficacy of the evaluation tool or 14 the evaluation process.
- (d) The evaluation frameworks and rubrics, with detaileddescriptors for each performance level on key summative indicators.
- (e) A description of the processes for collecting evidence,
 conducting evaluation conferences, developing performance ratings,
 and developing performance improvement plans.
 - (f) A description of the plan for providing evaluators and observers with training.
 - (3) The department shall establish and maintain a list of school administrator evaluation tools that have demonstrated evidence of efficacy and that may be used for the purposes of this section. That list initially must include at least the 2 evaluation models recommended in the final recommendations released by the Michigan council on educator effectiveness in July 2013. The list must include a statement indicating that school districts, intermediate school districts, and public school academies are not

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- 1 limited to only using the evaluation tools that are included on the
- 2 list. A school district, intermediate school district, or public
- 3 school academy is not required to use an evaluation tool for school
- 4 administrator evaluations that is the same as it uses for teacher
- 5 evaluations or that has the same author or authors as the
- 6 evaluation tool it uses for teacher evaluations. The department
- 7 shall promulgate rules establishing standards and procedures for
- 8 adding an evaluation tool to or removing an evaluation tool from
- 9 the list. These rules must include a process for a school district,
- 10 intermediate school district, or public school academy to submit
- 11 its own evaluation tool for review for placement on the list.
- 12 (4) As used in this section, "student learning objectives"
- 13 means that term as defined in section 1249.
- 14 Sec. 1250a. Except as otherwise provided in this section, a
- 15 school district, intermediate school district, or public school
- 16 academy shall implement and maintain a method of compensation for
- 17 its teachers and school administrators that includes job
- 18 performance and job accomplishments as a significant factor in
- 19 determining compensation and additional compensation. The
- 20 assessment of job performance must incorporate a rigorous,
- 21 transparent, and fair evaluation system that evaluates a teacher's
- 22 or school administrator's performance at least in part based on
- 23 data on student growth as measured by assessments and other
- 24 objective criteria.
- Sec. 1280f. (1) The department shall do all of the following
- 26 to help ensure that more pupils will achieve a score of at least
- 27 proficient in English language arts on the grade 3 state
- 28 assessment:
- 29 (a) Subject to subsection (4) and subject to the availability

- 1 of valid and reliable assessments, approve 3 or more valid and
- 2 reliable screening and progress-monitoring reading assessments for
- 3 selection and use by school districts and public school academies
- 4 in accordance with the following:
- 5 (i) Each approved assessment must provide a screening
- 6 assessment and monitoring capabilities for monitoring progress
- 7 toward a growth target.
- 8 (ii) In determining which assessments to approve for use by
- 9 school districts and public school academies, the department shall
- 10 also consider at least the following factors:
- 11 (A) The time required to conduct the assessments, with the
- 12 intention of minimizing the impact on instructional time.
- 13 (B) The level of integration of assessment results with
- 14 instructional support for teachers and pupils.
- 15 (C) The timeliness in reporting assessment results to
- 16 teachers, administrators, and parents.
- 17 (D) The degree of compatibility with other approved statewide
- 18 assessment measures, to minimize the impact on instructional time.
- 19 (b) Recommend or develop a literacy coach model with the
- 20 following features:
- 21 (i) Except as otherwise provided in this section, district-
- 22 identified literacy coaches shall support teachers to use what was
- 23 taught during initial professional development in all of the
- 24 following:
- 25 (A) Providing instruction meeting the criteria listed in
- 26 subsection (10)(a)(iv) as needed, based on an analysis of pupil
- 27 performance data.
- 28 (B) Administering, scoring, and interpreting assessments under
- 29 this section with fidelity.

- (C) Providing differentiated instruction and intensive
 intervention, including, but not limited to, methods to intensify
 instructional interventions for decoding and word recognition.
- 4 (D) Using data diagnostically to adjust intervention
 5 instruction and to understand reasons why a pupil may not be
 6 responding to intervention instruction as expected.
- 7 (E) Using progress monitoring.

- (F) Identifying and addressing reading deficiency.
- 9 (G) Using evidence-based instructional methods and the
 10 features of evidence-based interventions for pupils who experience
 11 difficulties with decoding and word recognition.
- (H) The professional learning requirements under subsection(7), as appropriate.
- (I) The appropriate use of statewide professional learning
 tools and evidence-based practices that meet the research
 requirements consistent with the science of reading.
- 17 (ii) Except as otherwise provided in this section, district18 identified literacy coaches shall also do all of the following:
- 19 (A) Model evidence-based instructional strategies for20 teachers.
- 21 (B) Facilitate study groups.
- (C) Advise in developing schoolwide and classroom
 infrastructure to meet the collective and individual needs of
 pupils using a multi-tiered system of support (MTSS).
- 25 (D) Train teachers and school staff in data analysis and using data to differentiate instruction.
- 27 (E) Coach and mentor colleagues.
- 28 (F) Work with teachers to ensure that evidence-based reading
 29 curriculum resources such as comprehensive core reading curriculum

- 1 resources and reading intervention programs are implemented with
 2 fidelity.
- 3 (G) Train teachers and school staff to identify and address4 reading deficiency.
- 5 (H) Work with teachers in applying evidence-based reading 6 strategies in other content areas, including, but not limited to, 7 prioritizing time spent on those teachers, activities, and roles 8 that will have the greatest impact on pupil achievement and 9 prioritizing coaching and mentoring in classrooms.
- 10 (I) Help to increase instructional density to meet the needs
 11 of all pupils.
- 12 (J) Help lead and support reading leadership teams at the 13 school.
- 14 (K) Continue to increase the district-identified literacy
 15 coach's knowledge base in best practices in reading instruction and
 16 intervention that are supported by the research requirements
 17 consistent with the science of reading.
- 18 (L) For each teacher who teaches in a classroom for grades K
 19 to 3 and for each teacher whose classroom includes a pupil with an
 20 individual reading improvement plan, model for the teacher, and
 21 coach the teacher in, instruction with pupils in whole and small
 22 groups.
- (iii) In the context of performing the functions described in subparagraph (ii), a district-identified literacy coach must not be asked to perform administrative functions that will confuse the district-identified literacy coach's role for a teacher's role.
- (iv) District-identified literacy coaches must meet all of the following:
- 29 (A) Have experience as a successful classroom teacher.

- (B) Have sufficient knowledge of scientifically based reading
 research, special expertise in quality reading instruction and
 infusing reading strategies into content area instruction, and data
 management skills.
 - (C) Have a strong knowledge base in working with adults.
- 6 (D) Have a minimum of a bachelor's degree and advanced
 7 coursework in reading or have completed professional development in
 8 evidence-based literacy instructional strategies.
- 9 (E) By the beginning of the 2027-2028 school year, meet the 10 professional learning requirements under subsection (7).
- 11 (v) A district-identified literacy coach must not be assigned 12 a regular classroom teaching assignment, but is expected to work 13 frequently with pupils in whole and small group intervention 14 instruction by modeling and coaching in or outside of teachers' 15 classrooms.
 - (c) By the beginning of the 2027-2028 school year, provide technical assistance to school districts, intermediate school districts, public school academies, and the schools operated by the school districts, intermediate school districts, and public school academies to aid the school districts, intermediate school districts, public school academies, and the schools operated by the school districts, intermediate school districts, and public school academies in reporting information contained in a pupil's individual reading improvement plan.
 - (2) Beginning not later than September 1, 2025, the department shall develop dyslexia expertise to provide technical assistance to school districts, intermediate school districts, and public school academies regarding dyslexia and underlying factors that place pupils at risk for difficulties in learning to decode accurately

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- and efficiently. The department shall offer expertise under thissubsection by providing guidance on at least both of the following:
- 3 (a) Structured literacy.
- 4 (b) Professional learning about dyslexia to school districts,5 intermediate school districts, and public school academies.
- 6 (3) To support the implementation of the requirements under 7 this section, the department, based on current research, shall 8 regularly review and update the Michigan Dyslexia Handbook or a 9 similar publicly available dyslexia resource guide that includes 10 information regarding the education of pupils with dyslexia or 11 characteristics of dyslexia, to be used by school districts, 12 intermediate school districts, and public school academies. Reviews and updates under this subsection must be conducted at an interval 13 14 not to exceed 5 years.
 - (4) By not later than January 1, 2026, the department shall provide a list of approved valid and reliable screening and progress monitoring reading assessments for selection and use by school districts and public school academies under subsection (1) and, in addition to meeting applicable requirements under subsection (1), identify, within each approved assessment for selection and use by school districts and public school academies under subsection (1), a list of the elements of a reliable and valid universal screening assessment for the purpose of identifying pupils with characteristics of dyslexia or difficulties in learning to decode accurately and efficiently that are or are not included in the approved assessment. Beginning not later than September 1, 2026, the department shall develop dyslexia expertise to provide technical assistance to school districts, intermediate school districts, and public school academies regarding the appropriate

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- 1 selection and use at each grade level of reliable and valid
- 2 universal screening assessments for the identification of pupils
- 3 who exhibit characteristics of dyslexia and pupils who display
- 4 difficulties in learning to decode accurately and efficiently,
- 5 including those described in subsection (1), to minimize the impact
- 6 on instructional time.
- 7 (5) By not later than January 1, 2026, the department shall
- 8 publish a list of evidence-based tier 1, class-wide elementary
- 9 reading curricula and materials that are aligned with science of
- 10 reading methods that research has shown to improve literacy
- 11 outcomes and help pupils achieve reading proficiency. The
- 12 department shall develop dyslexia expertise to provide technical
- 13 assistance to school districts, intermediate school districts, and
- 14 public school academies regarding evidence-based instructional
- 15 methods and the features of evidence-based interventions for pupils
- 16 exhibiting the characteristics of dyslexia or pupils who have
- 17 difficulties in learning to decode accurately and efficiently that
- 18 include instructional methods and curriculum resources that use a
- 19 code emphasis approach to address the decoding and word-recognition
- 20 components of reading and that are supported by the science of
- 21 reading. Except as otherwise provided in this section, the
- 22 instructional methods and curriculum resources described in this
- 23 subsection must not include instructional methods or curriculum
- 24 resources that minimize the importance of primarily using letter-
- 25 sound information to decode or recognize unknown words, including,
- 26 but not limited to, any of the uses of letter-sound information
- 27 described in subsection (23)(c)(iii)(A) to (E), unless such
- 28 instructional methods and curriculum resources are being used to
- 29 confirm the meaning of unknown words after decoding has been

1 attempted.

- 2 (6) By not later than August 1, 2027, each school district, intermediate school district, and public school academy shall 3 update its selection of a valid and reliable screening and 4 5 progress-monitoring reading assessment under subsection (9) to 6 ensure that the selected system includes a reliable and valid 7 universal screening assessment in accordance with subsection (4) 8 and the guidance provided by the department under subsection (4), 9 if it does not do so already. In complying with this subsection, a 10 school district, intermediate school district, or public school 11 academy shall minimize the impact on instructional time by 12 selecting approved assessments that include elements fulfilling multiple assessment requirements as described in subsection (18), 13 14 or, when appropriate, by adding approved assessment measures or 15 combining compatible approved assessments that, when utilized 16 together, include all of the elements of a reliable and valid 17 universal screening assessment.
 - (7) By not later than the beginning of the 2027-2028 school year, each school district, intermediate school district, and public school academy shall provide assurance to the department that all literacy consultants, literacy coaches, and other personnel providing reading intervention or reading instruction to grades K to 12 pupils in the school district, intermediate school district, or public school academy received professional learning, as determined by the department, regarding all of the following:
 - (a) The characteristics of dyslexia and underlying factors that place pupils at risk for difficulties in learning to decode accurately and efficiently.
- 29 (b) Secondary consequences of dyslexia, such as problems in

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- 1 reading comprehension and a reduced reading experience that can
- 2 impede the growth of vocabulary and background knowledge and lead
- 3 to social, emotional, and behavioral difficulties.
- 4 (c) Instructional adjustments for pupils with dyslexia and
 5 instructional adjustments to address the underlying factors that
 6 place pupils at risk for difficulties in learning to decode
 7 accurately and efficiently.
- 8 (d) Methods to develop schoolwide and classroom infrastructure
 9 to meet the collective and individual needs of pupils using a
 10 multi-tiered system of support (MTSS).
 - (e) Evidence-based instructional methods and features of evidence-based interventions that are grounded in the science of reading and principles of structured literacy that are designed for pupils with characteristics of dyslexia and pupils at risk for difficulties in learning to decode accurately and efficiently.
 - (f) Evidence-based instructional methods and features of evidence-based interventions that are grounded in the science of reading and principles of structured literacy that are designed to effectively meet the needs of most pupils.
 - (8) The completion of a program of study approved under section 1531e fulfills the requirements of subsection (7).
 - (9) Subject to subsection (28), a school district or public school academy shall do all of the following to ensure that more pupils will achieve a score of at least proficient in English language arts on the grade 3 state assessment:
- (a) Select 1 valid and reliable screening and 1 progressmonitoring reading assessment from the assessments approved by the
 department under subsection (1) (a). A school district or public
 school academy shall use these assessments for pupils in grades K

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- 1 to 3 to screen and identify difficulties, inform instruction and
- 2 intervention needs, and assess progress toward a growth target. A
- 3 school district or public school academy periodically shall assess
- 4 a pupil's progress in reading skills at least 3 times per school
- 5 year in grades K to 3. The first of these assessments for a school
- 6 year in kindergarten must be conducted within the first 90 school
- 7 days of the school year. The first of these assessments for a
- 8 school year in grades 1 to 3 must be conducted within the first 30
- 9 school days of the school year. Beginning in the 2027-2028 school
- 10 year, screening of pupils in grades K to 3 under this subdivision
- 11 must meet the requirements in subsections (15), (16), (17), (19),
- **12** and (20).
- 13 (b) For any pupil in grades K to 3 who exhibits reading
- 14 deficiency at any time based on the reading assessment selected and
- 15 used under subdivision (a) and for pupils required to have a
- 16 reading intervention plan under this section, provide an individual
- 17 reading improvement plan for the pupil within 30 days after the
- 18 identification of the reading deficiency. The individual reading
- 19 improvement plan must be created by the pupil's teacher, school
- 20 principal, and parent or legal quardian and other pertinent school
- 21 personnel, and must describe the reading intervention services the
- 22 pupil will receive to remedy the reading deficiency. A school
- 23 district or public school academy shall provide reading
- 24 intervention for the pupil in accordance with the individual
- 25 reading improvement plan until the pupil no longer has a reading
- 26 deficiency.
- (c) If a pupil in grades K to 3 is identified as having an
- 28 early literacy delay or reading deficiency, provide written notice
- 29 to the pupil's parent or legal guardian of the delay or reading

- 1 deficiency in writing and provide tools to assist the parent or
- 2 legal guardian to engage in intervention and to address or correct
- 3 any reading deficiency at home.
- 4 (d) Require a school principal or chief administrator to do
 5 all of the following:
- 6 (i) For a teacher in grades K to 3, target specific areas of
 7 professional development based on the reading development needs
 8 data for incoming pupils.
- 9 (ii) Differentiate and intensify professional development for 10 teachers based on data gathered by monitoring teacher progress in 11 improving pupil proficiency rates among their pupils.
- 12 (iii) Establish a collaborative system within the school to 13 improve reading proficiency rates in grades K to 3.
 - (iv) Ensure that time is provided for teachers to meet for professional development.
- 16 (e) Utilize early literacy coaches provided through the 17 intermediate school district in which the school district or public 18 school academy is located, as provided for under section 35a(4) of the state school aid act of 1979, MCL 388.1635a. However, a public 19 20 school academy may use a literacy coach provided by the public 21 school academy, at the expense of the public school academy, rather 22 than using a literacy coach provided through an intermediate school 23 district if the literacy coach and the usage of the literacy coach 24 otherwise meet the requirements of this section.
- 25 (10) Subject to subsection (28), a school district or public 26 school academy shall provide reading intervention for pupils in 27 grades K to 3, pupils in any grade required to have a reading 28 improvement plan under subsection (23), and pupils required to have 29 a reading intervention plan under subsection (24), including at

- 1 least all of the following, as applicable:
- 2 (a) For pupils who exhibit a reading deficiency, a reading
- 3 intervention using intervention curriculum resources and evidence-
- 4 based practices aligned to the research requirements consistent
- 5 with the science of reading intended to ensure that pupils are
- 6 proficient readers by the end of grade 3 and that includes some or
- 7 all of the following features:
- 8 (i) Is provided to each pupil who is identified with a reading
- 9 deficiency based on screening and other assessments that are used
- 10 to identify the source of the reading difficulty, and identifies
- 11 and addresses the pupil's reading deficiency.
- 12 (ii) Periodically screens each pupil's reading skills at least
- 13 3 times per year and monitors the progress of each pupil's reading
- 14 skills as recommended by the progress-monitoring assessment
- 15 quidelines provided under subsection (4).
- 16 (iii) Provides evidence-based tier 1, class-wide reading
- 17 instruction that is comprehensive and meets the majority of the
- 18 general education classroom needs.
- 19 (iv) Provides reading intervention that meets, at a minimum,
- 20 the following specifications:
- 21 (A) Assists pupils exhibiting a reading deficiency in
- 22 developing the ability to read at grade level.
- 23 (B) Provides intensive development in evidence-based reading
- 24 instructional practices, including, but not limited to, phonemic
- 25 awareness, phonics, fluency, vocabulary, comprehension, and other
- 26 skills or processes consistent with structured literacy.
- 27 (C) Provides extensive explicit instruction consistent with
- 28 structured literacy in decoding, word recognition, spelling,
- 29 writing, and language comprehension skills, including vocabulary,

- 1 morphology, and syntax, and processes for skillful reading.
- 2 (D) Is systematic and explicit.
- 3 (E) Is implemented during regular school hours in addition to4 regular classroom reading instruction.
- (v) Provides parents, legal guardians, or other providers of
 care for the pupil with a read-at-home plan, including parent,
 guardian, or care provider training workshops and regular home
 reading.
- 9 (vi) Documents efforts by the pupil's school to engage the pupil's parent or legal guardian and whether those efforts were successful.
- (vii) Documents any dissenting opinions expressed by school personnel or a parent or legal guardian concerning the individual reading improvement plan provided for the pupil under subsection (9)(b).
 - (b) For grade 3 pupils exhibiting a reading deficiency as determined by the pupil's teacher through the screening assessment and other assessments selected by the school district or public school academy under subsection (9)(a) and for pupils in grades K to 12 who are receiving increasingly intensive tier 2 and tier 3 support as described in subsection (23)(g), a reading intervention program intended to correct the identified area or areas of reading deficiency and that includes all of the following features as needed by the individual pupil:
 - (i) Is evidence-based, is consistent with structured literacy, and has proven results in accelerating pupil reading achievement within the same school year.
- 28 (ii) Provides more dedicated time than the pupil's previous29 school year in evidence-based reading instruction and intervention.

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- 1 (iii) Provides daily targeted small group or 1-to-1 reading
 2 intervention based on pupil needs as determined by assessment data,
 3 including explicit and systematic instruction with more detailed
 4 and varied explanations, modeling and examples, and more extensive
 5 opportunities for guided practice incorporating error correction
 6 and feedback for pupils to develop mastery.
- 7 (iv) Provides administration of ongoing progress monitoring 8 assessments to frequently monitor pupil progress.
 - (v) Provides a written description of the pupil's individual reading intervention program in the pupil's individual reading improvement plan, including at least all of the following:
 - (A) Quarterly and annual learning goals that describe how and when the pupil is expected to progress from the pupil's current reading proficiency level to grade level proficiency.
- 15 (B) The name, if any, type, content, frequency, and duration
 16 of evidence-based interventions, curriculum resources, and
 17 assessments that will be utilized, and the extent to which these
 18 conform to best practices identified by the department for
 19 addressing the pupil's specific identified reading difficulties.
 - (C) A summary of why the intervention resources and evidence-based practices selected for the pupil's individual reading intervention are best suited to address the pupil's particular needs.
- (D) A description of the assessment data and the pupil's assessment scores that will be used to monitor the pupil's progress under subparagraph (*iv*) and adaptations to the intervention instruction that will be provided based on feedback from the assessments.
 - (E) Information about adjustments that may be made to

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- 1 intensify the intervention instruction as needed.
- 2 (F) The pupil's unique identifier.
- 3 (G) A date by which the pupil's teacher, school principal,
- 4 parent or legal quardian, and other appropriate school staff shall
- 5 annually review and update the pupil's individual reading
- 6 improvement plan, including reviewing if the learning goals have
- 7 been met or when the learning goals will be met.
- (vi) Is administered with fidelity.
- $\mathbf{9}$ (vii) Provides supplemental evidence-based reading intervention
- 10 delivered by a teacher, tutor, or volunteer with specialized
- 11 reading training that is provided before school, after school,
- 12 during school hours but outside of regular English language arts
- 13 classroom time, or any combination of these.
- 14 (viii) Provides parents, legal guardians, or other providers of
- 15 care for a pupil with a read-at-home plan, including parent,
- 16 guardian, or care provider training workshops and regular home
- 17 reading.
- 18 (ix) Documents efforts by the pupil's school to engage the
- 19 pupil's parent or legal guardian and whether those efforts were
- 20 successful.
- 21 (x) Documents any dissenting opinions expressed by school
- 22 personnel or a parent or legal guardian concerning the individual
- 23 reading improvement plan provided for the pupil under subsection
- **24** (9) (b).
- (c) Subject to subsection (29), for pupils who are English
- 26 language learners and who have been identified as demonstrating
- 27 characteristics of dyslexia or difficulty decoding by an
- 28 appropriate screening assessment administered under subsection (20)
- 29 or (21) that is consistent with department guidance provided under

- 1 subsection (4) to distinguish characteristics of dyslexia from
- 2 limited English proficiency, intervention services that include at
- 3 least all of the following:
- 4 (i) Language support in word recognition and decoding.
- 5 (ii) Language comprehension skills to support expanding6 vocabulary and understanding text.
- 7 (iii) Intentional English language development that includes,
- 8 but is not limited to, using only the words and text to teach
- 9 decoding and word recognition.
- 10 (iv) Instruction meeting the criteria listed in subdivision
- **11** (a) (*iv*).
- 12 (11) For all pupils exhibiting a reading deficiency as
- 13 determined by the pupil's teacher through the reading assessment
- 14 selected by the school district or public school academy under
- 15 subsection (9)(a), school districts and public school academies are
- 16 encouraged to offer summer reading camps staffed with highly
- 17 effective teachers of reading, as determined by the teacher
- 18 evaluation system under section 1249, providing reading
- 19 intervention services and supports to correct pupils' identified
- 20 areas of reading deficiency.
- 21 (12) By July 31 of each year, the department shall notify the
- 22 parent or legal quardian of a pupil completing grade 3 who scored
- 23 not proficient in reading based on the state English language arts
- 24 assessment of all of the following by certified mail and in a clear
- 25 format:
- 26 (a) That the pupil has scored not proficient in reading based
- 27 on the state English language arts assessment.
- 28 (b) That the school is required to provide the pupil with the
- 29 supports described in subsection (13).

- (c) The supports and interventions required to be made
 available to the pupil under the laws of this state.
- 3 (d) That the parent or legal guardian has the right to request
 4 a meeting with school officials to discuss supports and
 5 interventions.
- 6 (13) Except as otherwise provided in this section, for a pupil 7 who has a reading deficiency based on the screening assessment, the 8 school district or public school academy shall provide a reading 9 intervention that is intended to correct the pupil's specific 10 reading deficiency, as identified by a valid and reliable 11 assessment. The intervention must include evidence-based 12 instructional strategies that are aligned to the research requirements consistent with the science of reading to assist the 13 14 pupil in becoming a successful reader.
 - (14) A school district or public school academy shall provide a copy of each pupil's individual reading improvement plan to the school district's intermediate school district or the intermediate school district that has geographic boundaries that include the area in which the public school academy is located. A copy of a pupil's individual reading improvement plan provided under this subsection must not contain any identifying information regarding the pupil or a teacher that provides instruction to the pupil. The intermediate school district shall collate the information received under this subsection and provide it to the department each school year in a timeline and manner as determined by the department. The department shall not share a pupil's individual reading improvement plan with an outside vendor.
- 28 (15) By not later than the beginning of the 2027-2028 school
 29 year, and each school year thereafter, subject to subsections (17)

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- 1 and (20), a school district, an intermediate school district, or a
- 2 public school academy shall ensure that each pupil described in
- 3 this subsection is screened for characteristics of dyslexia and
- 4 difficulties in learning to decode accurately and efficiently using
- 5 a reliable and valid universal screening assessment. All of the
- 6 following pupils enrolled in the school district, intermediate
- 7 school district, or public school academy must be screened as
- 8 described under this subsection:
- 9 (a) Each pupil during kindergarten, grade 1, grade 2, and 10 grade 3.
- 11 (b) Each pupil who is in kindergarten, grade 1, grade 2, or
- 12 grade 3 who transferred to the school district, intermediate school
- 13 district, or public school academy from another school district,
- 14 intermediate school district, or public school academy in this
- 15 state and who has not been screened for characteristics of dyslexia
- 16 and difficulties in learning to decode accurately and efficiently
- 17 using a reliable and valid universal screening assessment.
- 18 (c) Each pupil who is in kindergarten, grade 1, grade 2, or
- 19 grade 3 who has transferred to the school district, intermediate
- 20 school district, or public school academy from a school that is not
- 21 located in this state, unless the pupil presents written
- 22 documentation to the school district, intermediate school district,
- 23 or public school academy showing that the pupil was subject to a
- 24 reliable and valid universal screening assessment.
- 25 (d) Each pupil who is in any of grades 4 to 12 who, as
- 26 determined by that pupil's teacher, educational-support staff, or
- 27 the pupil's parent or legal guardian, demonstrates any of the
- 28 following:
- (i) Escape or avoidance behaviors when asked to engage in

- 1 reading or writing activities.
- $\mathbf{2}$ (ii) Effortful or laborious reading.
- 3 (iii) Reading-comprehension difficulties caused by inaccurate or inefficient word reading.
- 5 (iv) Significant spelling or encoding difficulties not caused6 by fine-motor or visual-motor difficulties.
- 7 (v) Low performance on school-district-, intermediate-school 8 district-, or public-school-academy-approved English language arts
 9 standards.
- 10 (vi) Low performance on school-district-, intermediate-school11 district-, or public-school-academy-approved standardized
 12 assessments.
- 13 (vii) Reading deficiency.
- 17 (17) Pupils required to be screened under subsection (15) (a)
 18 must be screened, as described in subsection (15), no fewer than 3
 19 times during a school year. Pupils required to be screened under
 20 subsection (15) (b) or (c) must be screened within 90 days of
 21 enrollment and thereafter on the same screening schedule as other
 22 pupils in the same grade level.
- 23 (18) If the department determines that a benchmark assessment
 24 or a valid and reliable screening and progress-monitoring reading
 25 assessment suite selected by a school district or public school
 26 academy under subsection (9) includes a reliable and valid
 27 universal screening assessment, that assessment or assessment
 28 system selected under subsection (9) may be utilized to meet the
 29 requirement under subsection (15).

(19) Beginning with the 2027-2028 school year, for a pupil 1 2 described in subsection (15)(d), the school district, intermediate school district, or public school academy in which the pupil is 3 4 enrolled shall ensure that additional assessment data is gathered, 5 including the pupil's historical results on reliable and valid 6 universal screening assessments as available, and shall review this 7 data with the pupil's teacher and school staff to inform the 8 frequency of screening assessments that should be administered to 9 the pupil to avoid unnecessary assessment while effectively 10 assessing whether the pupil demonstrates characteristics of 11 dyslexia, difficulties in learning to decode, or difficulties with 12 word reading that may require an intervention placement for the 13 pupil based on the quidance provided by the department under 14 subsection (5). 15 (20) Beginning in the 2027-2028 school year, except as 16 otherwise provided in this subsection, a pupil who is an English 17 language learner and who has been assessed at an entering level or 18 beginning level of English language proficiency on a state-required 19 language proficiency assessment, or at a comparable level in 20 accordance with department guidance under subsection (2), is not 21 required to be screened for characteristics of dyslexia and difficulties in learning to decode under subsection (15). However, 22 23 the pupil is required to be screened for characteristics of dyslexia and difficulties in learning to decode under subsection 24 25 (15) if, in accordance with the department guidance under 26 subsection (4), school staff determine that the pupil appears to 27 demonstrate characteristics of dyslexia that are not due to language transference or limited English proficiency. 28

(21) Beginning in the 2027-2028 school year, a pupil who is an

- 1 English language learner and who has been assessed at a developing
- 2 level or higher on a state-required language proficiency
- 3 assessment, or at a comparable level in accordance with department
- 4 guidance under subsection (4), must be screened for characteristics
- 5 of dyslexia and difficulty decoding as appropriate for the pupil's
- 6 grade level under subsection (15), and, as appropriate and
- 7 consistent with department guidance, the pupil's screening must
- 8 include spelling skills, phonemic awareness in the pupil's native
- 9 language, and oral reading fluency in the pupil's native language.
- 10 (22) Beginning with the 2027-2028 school year, school
- 11 districts, intermediate school districts, and public school
- 12 academies shall ensure that reading instruction and curriculum
- 13 materials are evidence-based, with a focus on pupils' mastery of
- 14 the foundational reading skills of phonemic awareness, phonics,
- 15 fluency, and the development of other reading skills, including,
- 16 but not limited to, development of oral language, vocabulary, and
- 17 reading comprehension. Pupils must be provided instruction aligned
- 18 with science of reading methods that research shows improve
- 19 literacy outcomes and help pupils achieve reading proficiency.
- 20 (23) Beginning with the 2027-2028 school year, if a reliable
- 21 and valid universal screening assessment indicates that a pupil is
- 22 exhibiting characteristics of dyslexia or indicates that the pupil
- 23 is experiencing difficulty in learning to decode accurately and
- 24 efficiently, the school district, intermediate school district, or
- 25 public school academy in which the pupil is enrolled shall ensure
- 26 that a multi-tiered system of support (MTSS) is provided to the
- 27 pupil, including, but not limited to, decoding and word recognition
- 28 instruction in the tiered delivery system. Beginning with the 2027-
- 29 2028 school year, if a reliable and valid universal screening

- 1 assessment indicates that a pupil is exhibiting characteristics of
- 2 dyslexia or indicates that the pupil is experiencing difficulty in
- 3 learning to decode accurately and efficiently, a reading
- 4 intervention program provided under this section must be part of a
- 5 multi-tiered system of support (MTSS). The multi-tiered system of
- 6 support (MTSS) described in this subsection must meet all of the
- 7 following:
- 8 (a) Be a comprehensive framework composed of a collection of
- 9 evidence-based strategies designed to meet the individual needs and
- 10 assets of the whole pupil at all achievement levels.
- 11 (b) Include 3 distinct tiers of instructional support.
- 12 (c) Tier 1 support of the 3 distinct tiers of instructional
- 13 support described in subdivision (b) must, at a minimum, meet all
- 14 of the following:
- (i) Encompass a combination of evidence-based strategies that
- 16 are available to all learners.
- (ii) Effectively meet the needs of most pupils.
- 18 (iii) For the instructional methods and curriculum resources
- 19 under this tier used to address the decoding and word-recognition
- 20 components of reading, use a code emphasis instructional approach
- 21 and be supported by the science of reading. Except as otherwise
- 22 provided in this section, the instructional methods and curriculum
- 23 resources described in this subparagraph must not include
- 24 instructional methods or curriculum resources that minimize the
- 25 importance of primarily using letter-sound information to decode or
- 26 recognize unknown words, including, but not limited to, any of the
- 27 following, unless such instructional methods and curriculum
- 28 resources are being used to confirm the meaning of unknown words
- 29 after decoding has been attempted:

- 1 (A) Prompting pupils to guess unknown words using pictures and illustrations.
- 3 (B) Skipping over an unknown word or words to use the meaning4 of the passage to recognize the unknown word or words.
- (C) Identifying only the first sound of an unknown word andthen being prompted to guess the word using the word's initialsound and the meaning of the text surrounding the word.
 - (D) Memorizing a word in its written form.
- 9 (E) Using predictable text and leveled text to provide initial
 10 word recognition instruction and practice in reading new learned
 11 letter-sound correspondences.
- 12 (d) Tier 2 support of the 3 distinct tiers of instructional
 13 support described in subdivision (b) must be provided to small
 14 groups of pupils to whom at least 1 of the following applies:
- (i) Screening-assessment data indicate a need for intervention
 to address difficulties in learning to decode and recognizing words
 accurately and efficiently.
- 18 (ii) Tier 1 instructional data indicate a need for intervention19 to address difficulties in learning to decode and recognizing20 words.
- 21 (e) Provide that tier 2 support, as described in subdivision 22 (d), must include instructional methods and curriculum resources 23 that use a code emphasis approach to address the decoding and word-24 recognition components of reading and that are supported by the 25 science of reading. The instructional methods and curriculum 26 resources described in this subdivision must include, but are not 27 limited to, specialized instructional procedures, duration, and 28 frequency. However, these instructional methods and curriculum resources must not include instructional methods or curriculum 29

- 1 resources that minimize the importance of primarily using letter-
- 2 sound information to decode or recognize unknown words, including,
- 3 but not limited to, any of the uses of letter-sound information
- 4 described in subdivision (c) (iii) (A) to (E), unless such
- 5 instructional methods and curriculum resources are being used to
- 6 confirm the meaning of unknown words after decoding has been
- 7 attempted.
- 8 (f) Provide that pupils receiving intervention consisting of
- 9 tier 2 support, as described in subdivision (d), must have their
- 10 progress monitored by the individuals providing the intervention
- 11 instruction using appropriate assessments to determine the pupils'
- 12 response to intervention instruction.
- 13 (g) Provide that, if pupils who are receiving intervention at
- 14 the tier 2 level of support as described in this subsection are not
- 15 making measurable progress in response to reading intervention at a
- 16 rate that will result in meaningful improvements in performance,
- 17 intensive tier 3 support must be provided to the pupil using
- 18 evidence-based instructional adaptations that must be documented in
- 19 the pupil's individual reading improvement plan. If the pupil is
- 20 determined to have a specific learning disability in reading, these
- 21 interventions may be provided through the student's individualized
- 22 education plan.
- (h) Provide that a pupil described in subdivision (g) has a
- 24 current individual reading intervention plan meeting the
- 25 requirements of subsection (10)(b).
- 26 (i) Provide that, for the purposes of subdivision (g), an
- 27 intervention response team at the school district, intermediate
- 28 school district, or public school academy in which a pupil
- 29 described in subdivision (g) is enrolled shall refine the pupil's

- individual reading improvement plan with the teacher providing the
 intervention instruction to the pupil under subdivision (g) to
- 3 meaningfully accelerate reading outcomes.
- 4 (j) Provide that, if a pupil's response to the intervention
 5 instruction described in subdivisions (a) to (g) or subsection (10)
 6 is insufficient and there is reason to suspect the pupil has a
 7 disability, subject to state and federal laws concerning special
 8 education, the school district, intermediate school district, or
 9 public school academy must consider the need for a full and
 10 comprehensive evaluation to determine eligibility for special
- 12 (24) Beginning with the 2027-2028 school year, if a reliable 13 and valid universal screening assessment indicates the need for 14 intervention, to the extent that the school district, intermediate 15 school district, or public school academy is not already providing 16 the pupil with the evidence-based intervention services described 17 in subsections (10) and (23), the school district, intermediate 18 school district, or public school academy in which the pupil is 19 enrolled shall provide the pupil with evidence-based intervention 20 services that are grounded in the science of reading and the 21 principles of structured literacy approaches or programs.
 - (25) A school district, an intermediate school district, or a public school academy shall ensure that the necessary accommodations or equipment are provided to pupils as required under section 504 of title V of the rehabilitation act of 1973, 29 USC 794, and title II of the Americans with disabilities act of 1990, 42 USC 12131 to 12165.
- (26) If the parent or legal guardian of a pupil has anindependent, comprehensive evaluation conducted for dyslexia or

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education services.

- 1 other learning disabilities, the school district, intermediate
- 2 school district, or public school academy in which the pupil is
- 3 enrolled shall ensure that any applicable requirements under the
- 4 individuals with disabilities education act, Public Law 108-446,
- 5 are fulfilled.
- **6** (27) If a school district or public school academy cannot
- 7 furnish the number of teachers needed to satisfy 1 or more of the
- 8 criteria set forth in this section for a school year, then by the
- 9 August 15 before the beginning of that school year the school
- 10 district or public school academy shall develop a staffing plan for
- 11 providing services under this section. The school district or
- 12 public school academy shall post the staffing plan on its website
- 13 for the applicable school year. The staffing plan must include at
- 14 least all of the following:
- 15 (a) A description of the criteria that will be used to assign
- 16 a pupil who has been identified as not proficient in English
- 17 language arts to a teacher.
- 18 (b) The credentials or training held by teachers currently
- 19 teaching at the school.
- 20 (c) How the school district or public school academy will meet
- 21 the requirements under this section.
- 22 (28) This section does not require or state an intention to
- 23 require a school district or public school academy to supplant
- 24 state funds with federal funds for implementing or supporting the
- 25 activities under this section and does not prohibit a school
- 26 district or public school academy from continuing to use federal
- 27 funds for any of the purposes or activities described in this
- 28 section.
- 29 (29) For pupils identified as English language learners by the

- 1 pupil's teacher or other school staff or by a state-required
- 2 language proficiency assessment, if available staff resources
- 3 allow, a school district or public school academy is encouraged to
- 4 provide the following intervention services in addition to those
- 5 required under subsection (10)(c):
- 6 (a) Instruction in the pupil's native language, with
- 7 withdrawal of that instruction as appropriate as the pupil improves
- 8 the pupil's English language skills. A school district or public
- 9 school academy is encouraged to provide this support for at least
- 10 pupils whose native language is Spanish, Chinese, Hindi, Korean, or
- 11 Arabic.
- 12 (b) Opportunities for speech production.
- 13 (c) Common English language development strategies such as
- 14 modeling, guided practice, and comprehensive input.
- 15 (d) Feedback for the pupil, including explanations in the
- 16 pupil's native language.
- 17 (30) An individual who is not a district-identified literacy
- 18 coach may be utilized to meet the requirements under subsection
- 19 (1) (b) (i) and (ii) if that individual meets the requirements that a
- 20 district-identified literacy coach must meet under subsection
- **21** (1) (b) (*iv*).
- 22 (31) The instructional methods and curriculum resources
- 23 described in subsection (23)(c)(iii)(A) to (E) may be used, as
- 24 appropriate, for purposes other than addressing decoding and word-
- 25 recognition components of reading and for any purpose to comply
- 26 with section 504 of title V of the rehabilitation act of 1973, 29
- 27 USC 794, or title II of the Americans with disabilities act of
- 28 1990, 42 USC 12131 to 12165.
- 29 (32) As used in this section:

- (a) "Benchmark assessment" means an assessment administered
 periodically throughout a school year and used for 1 or more of the
 following purposes:
- 4 (i) To predict and identify learner readiness for success on a5 later summative assessment.
- (ii) To evaluate ongoing education programs and interventions.
- 7 (iii) To provide teachers with individual learners' performance 8 data to inform instruction.
- 9 (b) "CEPI" means the center for educational performance and 10 information created under section 94a of the state school aid act 11 of 1979, MCL 388.1694a.
 - (c) "Cloze reading procedure" means an objective reading assessment that deletes words in a designed reading passage.
- (d) "Code emphasis" means direct, explicit instruction on the code system of written English at the sound, syllable, morpheme, and word level so pupils develop automaticity in accurate sound-symbol associations used for word recognition and for developing a robust sight-word vocabulary.
- (e) "Cumulative" means the practice of basing new concepts on
 those previously learned and maximizing retention of concepts
 through regular, systematic review to gain automaticity and
 fluency.
- 23 (f) "Diagnostic instruction" means continuous assessment and
 24 individualization of instruction to meet each pupil's instructional
 25 needs.
 - (g) "Dyslexia" means both of the following:
- (i) A specific learning disorder that is neurobiological in
 origin and characterized by difficulties with accurate or fluent
 word recognition and by poor spelling and decoding abilities that

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- typically result from a deficit in the phonological component of
 language that is often unexpected in relation to other cognitive
 abilities and the provision of effective classroom instruction.
- 4 (ii) A specific learning disorder that may include secondary
 5 consequences, such as problems in reading comprehension and a
 6 reduced reading experience that can impede the growth of vocabulary
 7 and lead to social, emotional, and behavioral difficulties.
- 8 (h) "Evidence-based" means an activity, program, process,
 9 service, strategy, or intervention that demonstrates statistically
 10 significant effects on improving pupil outcomes or other relevant
 11 outcomes and that meets at least both of the following:
- 12 (i) At least 1 of the following:
- (A) Is based on strong evidence from at least 1 well-designedand well-implemented experimental study.
- 15 (B) Is based on moderate evidence from at least 1 well-16 designed and well-implemented quasi-experimental study.
- 17 (C) Is based on promising evidence from at least 1 well-18 designed and well-implemented correlational study with statistical19 controls for selection bias.
- 20 (D) Demonstrates a rationale based on high-quality research
 21 findings or positive evaluation that the activity, program,
 22 process, service, strategy, or intervention is likely to improve
 23 pupil outcomes or other relevant outcomes.
- 24 (ii) Includes ongoing efforts to examine the effects of the activity, program, process, service, strategy, or intervention.
- (i) "Explicit" means direct and deliberate instruction through continuous pupil-teacher interaction that includes explanation, teacher modeling or example, and multiple opportunities to practice with feedback for students to develop mastery.

- (j) "Fidelity" means the extent to which an assessment or
 intervention is implemented as it was designed.
- ${f 3}$ (k) "Intervention response team" means a group of individuals
- 4 with expertise in assessments, literacy, working with English
- 5 language learners, working with pupils with disabilities, and
- 6 behavioral efforts who develop individualized plans to support
- 7 pupils with significant and persistent needs. An intervention
- 8 response team must include at least 1 certificated teacher who has
- 9 English as a second language or bilingual education as an
- 10 endorsement on the teacher's certificate.
- 11 (1) "Leveled text" means text that has characteristics of
- 12 predictable text and text focused on teaching high-frequency words
- 13 without regard to sound-symbol associations. Leveled texts are
- 14 assigned a level based on a difficulty scale according to print
- 15 features, content, themes, ideas, text structure, language, and
- 16 literary elements. Leveled text does not provide pupils
- 17 opportunities to apply newly learned phonological and orthographic
- 18 knowledge.
- (m) "Multi-tiered system of support (MTSS)" means a
- 20 comprehensive framework that includes 3 distinct tiers of
- 21 instructional support and is composed of a collection of evidence-
- 22 based strategies designed to meet the individual needs and assets
- 23 of a whole pupil at all achievement levels.
- (n) "Phonemic awareness" means the conscious awareness of all
- 25 of the following:
- 26 (i) Individual speech sounds, including, but not limited to,
- 27 consonants and vowels, in spoken syllables.
- 28 (ii) The ability to consciously manipulate through, including,
- 29 but not limited to, matching, blending, segmenting, deleting, or

- substituting, individual speech sounds described in subparagraph (i).
- 3 (iii) All levels of the speech sound system, including, but not
 4 limited to, word boundaries, rhyme recognition, stress patterns,
 5 syllables, onset-rime units, and phonemes.
- 6 (o) "Predictable text" means text that replicates language7 patterns using rhythm and rhyme to teach pupils phrasing and8 cadence.
- 9 (p) "Progress-monitoring assessment" means an assessment used 10 after a pupil is identified and matched with intervention support 11 to determine if the pupil continues to need intervention, if 12 supports need to be modified or changed, or if supports can be 13 faded.
- 18 (r) "Reading leadership team" means a collaborative system led
 19 by a school building's principal or program director and consisting
 20 of a cross-section of faculty who are interested in working to
 21 improve literacy instruction across the curriculum.
- (s) "Reliable" means something that is based on theconsistency of a set of scores that are designed to measure thesame thing.
- 25 (t) "Science of reading" means a cumulative and evolving body
 26 of evidence whose research studies follow a scientific process of
 27 inquiry and utilize scientific methods to help answer questions
 28 related to reading development and issues related to reading and
 29 writing derived from research from multiple fields of cognitive

- 1 psychology, communication sciences, developmental psychology,
- 2 education, special education, implementation science, linguistics,
- 3 and neuroscience.
- 4 (u) "Screening assessment" means an assessment designed to
- 5 proactively identify pupils who may be at risk of developing
- 6 academic, social, emotional, or behavioral challenges so that
- 7 support can be provided and to provide data to inform systems-level
- 8 decisions. All of the following apply to a screening assessment:
- 9 (i) A screening assessment must include, as appropriate for
- 10 grade level or age as determined by the department, in alignment
- 11 with the guidelines described in subsections (2) and (4), elements
- 12 designed to identify difficulties in learning to decode and
- 13 recognize words, including at least all of the following:
- 14 (A) Phonemic awareness.
- 15 (B) Rapid automatized naming.
- 16 (C) Letter-sound correspondence.
- 17 (D) Single-word reading.
- 18 (E) Nonsense-word reading.
- 19 (F) Oral passage reading fluency.
- 20 (ii) A screening assessment may include, as appropriate for
- 21 grade level or age as determined by the department, in alignment
- 22 with the guidelines described in subsections (2) and (4), elements
- 23 designed to identify comprehension difficulties, including at least
- 24 all of the following:
- 25 (A) Retelling.
- 26 (B) Cloze reading procedure.
- **27** (C) Answering questions about a reading passage.
- 28 (v) "Standardized assessment" means an assessment that is
- 29 administered and scored in a consistent or standard manner.

- 1 (w) "Structured literacy" means systematic, direct, explicit,
- 2 cumulative, and diagnostic instruction that integrates listening,
- 3 speaking, reading, and writing and emphasizes the structure of
- 4 language across the speech sound system (phonology); the writing
- 5 system (orthography); the structure of sentences (syntax); the
- 6 meaningful parts of words (morphology); the meaning of words,
- 7 phrases, sentences, and text (semantics); and the processing of
- 8 oral and written discourse.
- 9 (x) "Systematic" means following the logical order of language
- 10 and moving from the most basic concepts to the more advanced.
- 11 (y) "Valid" means the degree to which a method assesses what
- 12 it claims or intends to assess.
- 13 Sec. 1531l. Notwithstanding any other provision of this act or
- 14 a rule to the contrary, but except as otherwise provided in section
- 15 1531, the superintendent of public instruction shall not issue an
- 16 initial professional teaching certificate to an individual unless
- 17 the individual presents evidence satisfactory to the superintendent
- 18 of public instruction demonstrating that the individual meets both
- 19 of the following:
- 20 (a) The individual has completed at least 3 years of teaching,
- 21 as defined in rules promulgated by the superintendent of public
- 22 instruction.
- 23 (b) The individual meets any of the following:
- 24 (i) Was rated as either effective or highly effective on the
- 25 individual's year-end performance evaluation under section 1249 for
- 26 the 3 consecutive school years immediately preceding the
- 27 individual's application for the professional teaching certificate.
- 28 (ii) Was rated as either effective or highly effective on the
- 29 individual's year-end performance evaluation under section 1249 for

- 1 at least 3 nonconsecutive school years before the individual's
- 2 application for the professional teaching certificate and submits a
- 3 recommendation from the chief school administrator of the school at
- 4 which the individual is currently employed that the individual be
- 5 issued a professional teaching certificate.
- 6 (iii) Since issuance of the individual's most recent teaching
- 7 certificate, the individual completed at least 3 years of
- 8 successful experience in an appropriate assignment, as determined
- 9 by the superintendent of public instruction, including experience
- 10 as a teacher leader, a teacher of children from birth to pre-K, a
- 11 teacher of adult education, or a provider of K to 12 instruction in
- 12 an assignment that does not require a year-end performance
- 13 evaluation under section 1249.
- 14 Sec. 1531m. The superintendent of public instruction shall not
- 15 issue an initial advanced professional education certificate to an
- 16 individual, or renew an individual's advanced professional
- 17 education certificate, unless the individual presents evidence
- 18 satisfactory to the superintendent of public instruction
- 19 demonstrating that the individual meets criteria established by the
- 20 department and either of the following:
- 21 (a) Has been rated as highly effective or effective on the
- 22 individual's year-end evaluation under section 1249 for 3 out of
- 23 the 5 most recent school years and has not been rated ineffective
- 24 on the individual's year-end evaluation under section 1249 within
- 25 the 5 most recent school years.
- 26 (b) Since issuance of the individual's most recent teaching
- 27 certificate, the individual completed at least 3 years of
- 28 successful experience in an appropriate assignment, as determined
- 29 by the superintendent of public instruction, including experience

- 1 as a teacher leader, a teacher of children from birth to pre-K, a
- 2 teacher of adult education, or a provider of K to 12 instruction in
- 3 an assignment that does not require a year-end performance
- 4 evaluation under section 1249.
- 5 Enacting section 1. This amendatory act does not take effect
- 6 unless Senate Bill No. 380 of the 103rd Legislature is enacted into
- 7 law.