

THE GENERAL PROPERTY TAX ACT (EXCERPT)
Act 206 of 1893

211.7c Continuation of exemption granted under MCL 211.7b; rescission or subsequent denial of exemption.

Sec. 7c. An exemption granted under section 7b as to taxes levied on or after January 1, 2025 remains in effect, without subsequent reapplication, until it is rescinded by the individual who was granted the exemption or is denied by the assessor, as follows:

(a) The individual shall file with the local assessing unit, in a form and manner prescribed by the state tax commission, a form rescinding the exemption within 45 days after the occurrence of either of the following:

(i) The individual ceases to use and own as a homestead the property for which the exemption was granted.

(ii) The individual no longer meets the qualifications under section 7b to receive the exemption.

(b) A local assessing unit shall implement an audit program, in a form and manner prescribed by the state tax commission, that includes, but is not limited to, the audit of all information filed under section 7b(2). The audit must not occur on a property more than once every 3 years unless there is a reasonable belief that the property is ineligible for the exemption. If property is determined to be ineligible for exemption as a result of an audit, the individual who was granted the exemption under section 7b is subject to repayment of additional taxes including interest to be paid as provided in subdivisions (c) and (d).

(c) The assessor may deny a new claim, or an existing claim following an audit, as further provided in subdivision (d).

(d) The assessor shall, in a form and manner prescribed by the state tax commission, notify the individual of the denial of the new or existing claim, the reason for the denial, and that the denial may be appealed to the residential and small claims division of the tax tribunal within 35 days after the date of the notice. The assessor may deny a claim for exemption for the current year and for the 3 immediately preceding calendar years. If the tax roll is in the local tax collecting unit's possession, it shall amend the tax roll to reflect the removal of the exemption, and the local treasurer shall, within 30 days after the date of the discovery, issue a corrected tax bill for any additional taxes with interest at the rate of 1% per month or fraction of a month computed from the date the taxes were last payable without interest. If the tax roll is in the county treasurer's possession, the tax roll must be amended to reflect the removal of the exemption and the county treasurer shall, within 30 days after the date of the removal, prepare and submit a supplemental tax bill for any additional taxes, together with interest at the rate of 1% per month or fraction of a month computed from the date the taxes were last payable without interest. Interest on any tax set forth in a corrected or supplemental tax bill again begins to accrue 60 days after the date the corrected or supplemental tax bill is issued at the rate of 1% per month or fraction of a month. Taxes levied in a corrected or supplemental tax bill must be returned as delinquent on March 1 in the year immediately succeeding the year in which the corrected or supplemental tax bill is issued.

History: Add. 2023, Act 151, Imd. Eff. Oct. 19, 2023.

Compiler's note: Former MCL 211.7c, which pertained to homesteads of persons over 65 years of age, was repealed by Act 20 of 1973, Eff. Dec. 31, 1973.

Popular name: Act 206