CREDIT UNION ACT (EXCERPT) Act 215 of 2003

ARTICLE 1 GENERAL PROVISIONS

490.101 Short title.

Sec. 101. This act shall be known and may be cited as the "credit union act".

History: 2003, Act 215, Eff. June 1, 2004.

490.102 Definitions; A to I.

Sec. 102. As used in this act:

- (a) "Affiliate" means a person, other than an individual or governmental entity, to which any of the following apply:
- (i) A credit union directly or indirectly owns or controls a majority of the person's voting shares or other voting ownership interests.
- (ii) A credit union directly or indirectly owns or controls more than 50% of the number of shares or other ownership interests voted at the most recent election for the election of its directors, trustees, or other individuals who exercise similar functions.
- (iii) A credit union has the power to directly or indirectly elect a majority of the person's directors, trustees, or other individuals who exercise similar functions.
- (iv) A majority of a credit union board constitutes a majority of the directors, trustees, or other persons exercising similar functions of the person.
- (b) "Alien credit union" means a credit union that is organized under the laws of a country other than the United States.
- (c) "Associate board member" means an individual appointed by a credit union board to the position described in section 342(10).
- (d) "Bank" means a bank that is organized under the laws of this state, any other state, the District of Columbia, or a territory or protectorate of the United States, or a national banking association chartered by the federal government under the national bank act, 12 USC 21 to 216d, and whose deposits are insured by an agency of the federal government.
- (e) "Board member" means a member of a board of directors, board of trustees, or similar governing body of an organization. In connection with a credit union board, the term does not include an associate board member.
 - (f) "Borrower" means a member who obtains a loan from a credit union.
- (g) "Branch" means, except as otherwise provided in this subdivision, an office or other place of business at which a credit union receives deposits, pays checks, or lends money. Branch does not include any of the following:
- (i) An elementary, middle, or high school at which an employee or agent of a credit union only accepts deposits.
- (ii) An electronic funds transfer facility that is made available to 2 or more depository institutions under 1978 PA 322, MCL 488.1 to 488.31.
 - (iii) A loan production office of a credit union.
- (iv) A mobile office. As used in this subparagraph, "mobile office" means a credit union office or facility that does not have a permanent location and is designed to be moveable from place to place.
 - (h) "Commissioner" means the director.
- (i) "Corporate credit union" means a credit union whose field of membership consists primarily of other credit unions.
 - (j) "Credit union" means a domestic or foreign credit union.
- (k) "Credit union board" means a board of directors, board of trustees, or other governing body of a credit union. A credit union board does not include associate board members.
- (*l*) "Credit union service organization" means a corporation or other legal entity that is engaged primarily in providing 1 or more of the products or services described in section 407 to credit unions or their members, that a domestic credit union may organize, invest in, or lend to under section 401(2)(gg), and that may or may not be controlled by 1 or more credit unions.
- (m) "Debt management" means that term as defined in section 2 of the debt management act, 1975 PA 148, MCL 451.412.
 - (n) "Department" means the department of insurance and financial services.

- (o) "Director" means the director of the department.
- (p) "Domestic credit union" means a cooperative, nonprofit entity organized under this act for the purposes of encouraging thrift among its members, providing a variety of financial services to its members, and providing an opportunity for its members to use and control their own money on a democratic basis in order to improve their economic and social condition.
- (q) "Eligibility record date" means a record date that is 1 year or more before the adoption of a plan of conversion by a credit union board and is set forth in a plan of conversion for determining eligible members of a converting credit union.
 - (r) "Emergency" means a condition, event, or occurrence that meets both of the following:
- (i) It has or may interfere with the conduct of normal business operations, or poses an imminent or existing threat to the safety and security of a person or property, at the principal place of business or 1 or more branches of a credit union.
- (ii) It is the result of a fire, flood, earthquake, hurricane, tornado, wind, rain, snowstorm, labor dispute or strike, power failure, transportation failure, fuel shortage, interruption of a communication facility, shortage of housing, epidemic or other natural or manmade catastrophe, riot, civil commotion, or any other act of lawlessness or violence.
 - (s) "Federal credit union" means a credit union that is organized under the laws of the United States.
 - (t) "Field of membership" means that term as established under section 352.
 - (u) "Financial institution" means a credit union, bank, savings bank, or savings and loan association.
- (v) "Foreign credit union" means a credit union organized under the laws of another state or territory of the United States or a federal credit union.
 - (w) "Insolvent" means a credit union that meets either of the following:
- (i) It is not able to pay its debts and other obligations, including those related to member shares, as they become due.
 - (ii) Its liabilities exceed its assets.

History: 2003, Act 215, Eff. June 1, 2004;—Am. 2004, Act 471, Imd. Eff. Dec. 28, 2004;—Am. 2016, Act 152, Eff. Sept. 7, 2016.

490.103 Definitions: M to S.

Sec. 103. As used in this act:

- (a) "Membership share" means a share of a domestic credit union equal in amount to the par value of the credit union's shares that is credited to an account of a member by the credit union, is required as a condition of membership in the credit union, and is subject to any withdrawal restriction or other standards established by the domestic credit union for membership shares.
- (b) "Mutual savings and loan association" means a savings and loan association that is not authorized by its articles of incorporation to issue capital stock.
- (c) "Mutual savings bank" means a savings bank that is not authorized by its articles of incorporation to issue capital stock.
- (d) "Net worth" means the sum of a credit union's undivided earnings and reserves. The term does not include allowances for loan and lease losses accounts.
 - (e) "Office of financial and insurance services" means the department.
- (f) "Officer" means the chairperson of the board, the vice-chairperson of the board, the secretary, the treasurer, the general manager, an individual whose title is "president", an assistant treasurer, or an assistant secretary of a credit union, or any other individual who is specifically designated as an officer of a credit union by the credit union board.
- (g) "Official" means a member of a credit union board or an officer, member of a credit committee or supervisory committee, or member of any other committee performing functions similar to a credit committee or supervisory committee, of a credit union.
- (h) "Person" means an individual, corporation, partnership, limited liability company, association, governmental entity, or any other legal entity.
 - (i) "Principal place of business" means the place where a domestic credit union keeps its principal records.
- (j) "Savings and loan association" means a savings association that is organized under the laws of this state, a savings and loan association, building and loan association, or homestead association that is organized under the laws of any other state, the District of Columbia, or a territory or protectorate of the United States, or a federal savings association organized under the home owners' loan act, 12 USC 1461 to 1470, and whose deposits are insured by an agency of the federal government.
- (k) "Savings bank" means a savings bank that is organized under the laws of this state, any other state, the District of Columbia, a territory or protectorate of the United States, or of the United States, and whose deposits are insured by an agency of the federal government.

- (1) "Senior management employee" means any individual who is designated as a senior policy-making employee of a credit union by the board of the credit union.
- (m) "Service center" means a place of business of a credit union, other than the principal place of business or a branch, where the credit union may transact business authorized by the credit union board.
- (n) "Stock savings and loan association" means a savings and loan association that is authorized by its articles of incorporation to issue capital stock.
- (o) "Stock savings bank" means a savings bank that is authorized by its articles of incorporation to issue capital stock.

History: 2003, Act 215, Eff. June 1, 2004;—Am. 2016, Act 152, Eff. Sept. 7, 2016.

490.104 "Credit union"; use in name or title; restrictions; "corporate" or "corporate central"; use in name.

Sec. 104. (1) A person shall not use the words "credit union" in its name or any assumed names, unless it is 1 of the following:

- (a) A domestic credit union or a foreign credit union.
- (b) A credit union trade association.
- (c) A credit union service organization.
- (d) An organization that is wholly owned by 1 or more domestic credit unions, foreign credit unions, credit union trade associations, or credit union service organizations.
- (e) A separate segregated fund established under section 55 of the Michigan campaign finance act, 1976 PA 388, MCL 169.255, or a political action committee under federal law.
- (2) A credit union may not use the word "corporate" or the words "corporate central" immediately before the words "credit union" in its name unless it is a corporate credit union organized under this act, the laws of another state or territory of the United States, or the laws of the United States.

History: 2003, Act 215, Eff. June 1, 2004;—Am. 2004, Act 471, Imd. Eff. Dec. 28, 2004.

490.105 Domestic credit union; exemption from tax; exception; stock transfer tax.

Sec. 105. A domestic credit union is exempt from taxation by this state or a political subdivision of this state except property taxes on real property. The shares of a domestic credit union are not subject to a stock transfer tax when issued by the credit union or when transferred from 1 member to another.

History: 2003, Act 215, Eff. June 1, 2004.

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