BODIES OF DEAD ANIMALS (EXCERPT) Act 239 of 1982

287.654 Definitions; G to T.

- Sec. 4. (1) "Grinding" means the mechanical reduction of intact or whole animal tissues into smaller pieces.
- (2) "Groundwater" means that term as defined in section 8303 of the natural resources and environmental protection act, 1994 PA 451, MCL 324.8303.
- (3) "Normal natural daily mortality" means dead animals generated as a result of the ordinary death loss or tissue by-product accumulations associated with or as a result of the day-to-day operations of raising, keeping, and harvesting animals.
- (4) "Person" means an individual, partnership, corporation, limited liability company, cooperative, association, joint venture, or other legal entity or 2 or more entities in contractual relationships.
- (5) "Pile" means the mass or mound of compost within the forms of an open-pile, contained-pile within bin, or open-windrow.
- (6) "Rendering plant" means an establishment for the reduction by cooking or processing of dead animals to tallow and meat scrap, cracklings, or other items unfit for human consumption.
- (7) "Restaurant grease dealer" means a person who procures and transports cooking grease wastes from a restaurant.
- (8) "Static" means a compost pile that is left to stand motionless or idle and does not include a rotating drum in-vessel compost digester.
- (9) "Transfer station" means an establishment for the collection of dead animals that are to be transported to a facility licensed either under this act or the Michigan commercial feed law, 1975 PA 120, MCL 287.521 to 287.535.

History: 1982, Act 239, Eff. Oct. 1, 1982;—Am. 1993, Act 228, Eff. Feb. 4, 1994;—Am. 2005, Act 66, Imd. Eff. July 7, 2005.