PUBLIC HEALTH CODE (EXCERPT) Act 368 of 1978

333.10204 Prohibited conduct; felony; permissible practices; definitions; rules.

Sec. 10204. (1) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (2), a person shall not knowingly acquire, receive, or otherwise transfer a human organ or part of a human organ for valuable consideration for any purpose, including but not limited to transplantation, implantation, infusion, injection, or other medical or scientific purpose. A person who violates this subsection is guilty of a felony.

- (2) Subsection (1) does not prohibit 1 or more of the following practices:
- (a) The removal and use of a human cornea pursuant to section 10202, or the removal and use of a human pituitary gland pursuant to section 2855.
- (b) An anatomical gift pursuant to part 101, or the acquisition or distribution of bodies or parts by the department pursuant to sections 2652 to 2663.
 - (c) Financial assistance payments provided under a plan of insurance or other health care coverage.
- (3) Except as otherwise provided in part 101, only an individual who is 1 of the following may surgically remove a human organ for transplantation, implantation, infusion, injection, or any other medical or scientific purpose:
 - (a) A physician licensed under article 15.
- (b) An individual acting under the delegatory authority and supervision of a physician pursuant to section 16215(2), but not including an individual whose license has been suspended under article 15. This subdivision includes, but is not limited to, an individual described in section 16215(3).
- (c) An individual residing in another state and authorized to practice allopathic medicine or osteopathic medicine and surgery in that state who is called into this state by a physician licensed under article 15 and is authorized by a hospital licensed under article 17 to surgically remove 1 or more of the following organs for transport back to the other state:
 - (i) A heart.
 - (ii) A liver.
 - (iii) A lung.
 - (iv) A pancreas.
 - (v) A kidney.
 - (vi) All or part of an intestine.
 - (vii) Any other human organ specified by rule promulgated by the department under subsection (6).
 - (4) An individual who violates subsection (3) is guilty of a felony.
 - (5) As used in this section:
- (a) "Human organ" means the human kidney, liver, heart, lung, pancreas, intestine, bone marrow, cornea, eye, bone, skin, cartilage, dura mater, ligaments, tendons, fascia, pituitary gland, and middle ear structures and any other human organ specified by rule promulgated by the department under subsection (6). Human organ does not include whole blood, blood plasma, blood products, blood derivatives, other self-replicating body fluids, or human hair.
- (b) "Valuable consideration" does not include the reasonable payments associated with the removal, transportation, implantation, processing, preservation, quality control, and storage of a human organ or the medical expenses and expenses of travel, housing, and lost wages incurred by the donor of a human organ in connection with the donation of the human organ.
- (6) The department may promulgate rules to specify human organs in addition to the human organs listed in subsection (3)(c) or (5)(a).

History: Add. 1984, Act 390, Eff. Mar. 29, 1985;—Am. 1988, Act 63, Imd. Eff. Mar. 24, 1988;—Am. 1999, Act 60, Eff. Sept. 1, 1999;—Am. 2008, Act 39, Eff. May 1, 2008.

Popular name: Act 368