ESTATES AND PROTECTED INDIVIDUALS CODE (EXCERPT) Act 386 of 1998

PART 1

GENERAL PROVISIONS AND DEFINITIONS

700.7101 Short title of article.

Sec. 7101. This article shall be known and may be cited as the "Michigan trust code".

History: 1998, Act 386, Eff. Apr. 1, 2000;—Am. 2009, Act 46, Eff. Apr. 1, 2010.

Popular name: EPIC

700.7102 Scope.

Sec. 7102. This article applies to trusts as defined in section 1107. **History:** 1998, Act 386, Eff. Apr. 1, 2000;—Am. 2009, Act 46, Eff. Apr. 1, 2010.

Popular name: EPIC

700.7103 Definitions.

Sec. 7103. As used in this article:

- (a) "Action", with respect to a trustee, includes an act or a failure to act.
- (b) "Ascertainable standard" means a standard relating to an individual's health, education, support, or maintenance within the meaning of section 2041(b)(1)(A) or 2514(c)(1) of the internal revenue code of 1986, 26 USC 2041 and 2514.
- (c) "Charitable trust" means a trust, or portion of a trust, created for a charitable purpose described in section 7405(1) if the charitable purpose is a material purpose of the trust.
- (d) "Discretionary trust provision" means a provision in a trust, regardless of whether the terms of the trust provide a standard for the exercise of the trustee's discretion and regardless of whether the trust contains a spendthrift provision, that provides that the trustee has discretion, or words of similar import, to determine 1 or more of the following:
- (i) Whether to distribute to or for the benefit of an individual or a class of beneficiaries the income or principal or both of the trust.
- (ii) The amount, if any, of the income or principal or both of the trust to distribute to or for the benefit of an individual or a class of beneficiaries.
 - (iii) Who, if any, among a class of beneficiaries will receive income or principal or both of the trust.
 - (iv) Whether the distribution of trust property is from income or principal or both of the trust.
- (v) When to pay income or principal, except that a power to determine when to distribute income or principal within or with respect to a calendar or taxable year of the trust is not a discretionary trust provision if the distribution must be made.
 - (e) "Interests of the trust beneficiaries" means the beneficial interests provided in the terms of the trust.
- (f) "Power of withdrawal" means a presently exercisable general power of appointment other than a power that is either of the following:
 - (i) Exercisable by a trustee and limited by an ascertainable standard.
 - (ii) Exercisable by another person only on consent of the trustee or a person holding an adverse interest.
 - (g) "Qualified trust beneficiary" means either of the following:
- (i) A trust beneficiary whom the settlor intends to benefit as a material purpose of the trust and to whom 1 or more of the following apply on the date the trust beneficiary's qualification is determined:
 - (A) The trust beneficiary is a distributee or permissible distributee of trust income or principal.
- (B) The trust beneficiary would be a distributee or permissible distributee of trust income or principal if the interests of the distributees under the trust described in sub-subparagraph (A) terminated on that date without causing the trust to terminate.
- (C) The trust beneficiary would be a distributee or permissible distributee of trust income or principal if the trust terminated on that date.
- (ii) If on the date a trust beneficiary's qualification is determined there is no trust beneficiary described in subparagraph (i), a trust beneficiary to whom 1 or more of the following apply on the date the trust beneficiary's qualification is determined:
 - (A) The trust beneficiary is a distributee or permissible distributee of trust income or principal.
- (B) The trust beneficiary would be a distributee or permissible distributee of trust income or principal if the interests of the distributees under the trust described in sub-subparagraph (A) terminated on that date without causing the trust to terminate.

- (C) The trust beneficiary would be a distributee or permissible distributee of trust income or principal if the trust terminated on that date.
- (h) "Revocable", as applied to a trust, means revocable by the settlor without the consent of the trustee or a person holding an adverse interest. A trust's characterization as revocable is not affected by the settlor's lack of capacity to exercise the power of revocation, regardless of whether an agent of the settlor under a durable power of attorney, a conservator of the settlor, or a plenary guardian of the settlor is serving.
- (i) "Settlor" means a person, including a testator or a trustee, who creates a trust. If more than 1 person creates a trust, each person is a settlor of the portion of the trust property attributable to that person's contribution. The lapse, release, or waiver of a power of appointment does not cause the holder of a power of appointment to be treated as a settlor of the trust.
- (j) "Spendthrift provision" means a term of a trust that restrains either the voluntary or involuntary transfer of a trust beneficiary's interest.
- (k) "Support provision" means a provision in a trust that provides the trustee shall distribute income or principal or both for the health, education, support, or maintenance of a trust beneficiary, or language of similar import. A provision in a trust that provides a trustee has discretion whether to distribute income or principal or both for these purposes or to select from among a class of beneficiaries to receive distributions under the trust provision is not a support provision, but rather is a discretionary trust provision.
 - (*l*) "Trust beneficiary" means a person to whom 1 or both of the following apply:
 - (i) The person has a present or future beneficial interest in a trust, vested or contingent.
- (ii) The person holds a power of appointment over trust property in a capacity other than that of trustee or trust director.
 - (m) "Trust director" means that term as defined in section 7703a.
- (n) "Trust instrument" means a governing instrument that contains the terms of the trust, including any amendment to a term of the trust.

History: 1998, Act 386, Eff. Apr. 1, 2000;—Am. 2009, Act 46, Eff. Apr. 1, 2010;—Am. 2012, Act 483, Imd. Eff. Dec. 28, 2012;—Am. 2018, Act 664, Eff. Mar. 29, 2019;—Am. 2024, Act 1, Imd. Eff. Feb. 21, 2024.

Popular name: EPIC

700.7104 Repealed. 2024, Act 1, Imd. Eff. Feb. 21, 2024.

Compiler's note: The repealed section pertained to notice or knowledge of facts involving a trust.

Popular name: EPIC

700.7105 Duties and powers of trustee; provisions of law prevailing over terms of trust.

Sec. 7105. (1) Except as otherwise provided in the terms of the trust, this article governs the duties and powers of a trustee, relations among trustees, and the rights and interests of a trust beneficiary.

- (2) The terms of a trust prevail over any provision of this article except the following:
- (a) The requirements under sections 7401 and 7402(1)(e) for creating a trust.
- (b) Except as otherwise provided in sections 7703a and 7703b, the duty of a trustee to administer a trust in accordance with section 7801.
- (c) The requirement under section 7404 that the trust have a purpose that is lawful, not contrary to public policy, and possible to achieve.
 - (d) The duration limits specified in all of the following:
 - (i) Section 7408 for the care of animals.
 - (ii) Section 7409 for other noncharitable purpose trusts.
 - (iii) Section 7409a for nondisclosure periods.
- (e) The power of the court to modify or terminate a trust under sections 7410, 7412(1) to (3), 7414(2), 7415, and 7416.
- (f) The effect of a spendthrift provision, a support provision, and a discretionary trust provision on the rights of certain creditors and assignees to reach a trust as provided in part 5.
 - (g) The power of the court under section 7702 to require, dispense with, or modify or terminate a bond.
- (h) The power of the court under section 7708(2) to adjust a trustee's compensation specified in the terms of the trust that is unreasonably low or high.
 - (i) The obligations imposed on a trust director in section 7703a(4) and (5).
- (j) Except as provided in section 7409a, the duty under section 7814(2)(a) to (c) to provide beneficiaries with the terms of the trust and information about the trust's property, and to notify qualified trust beneficiaries of an irrevocable trust of the existence of the trust and the identity of the trustee.
- (k) The power of the court to order the trustee to provide statements of account and other information under section 7814(4).

- (1) The effect of an exculpatory term under section 7703a(5)(b) or 7908.
- (m) The effect of a release of a trustee or trust director from liability for breach of trust under section 7703a(8).
 - (n) The rights under sections 7910 to 7913 of a person other than a trustee or beneficiary.
 - (o) Periods of limitation under this article for commencing a judicial proceeding.
 - (p) The power of the court to take action and exercise jurisdiction.
- (q) The subject-matter jurisdiction of the court and venue for commencing a proceeding as provided in sections 7203 and 7204.
- (r) The requirement under section 7113 that a provision in a trust that purports to penalize an interested person for contesting the trust or instituting another proceeding relating to the trust must not be given effect if probable cause exists for instituting a proceeding contesting the trust or another proceeding relating to the trust.
- (s) The requirement under section 7703b(2)(d) regarding the eligibility of a trust's sole beneficiary to be a separate trustee as that term is defined in section 7703b.

History: 1998, Act 386, Eff. Apr. 1, 2000;—Am. 2009, Act 46, Eff. Apr. 1, 2010;—Am. 2010, Act 325, Eff. Apr. 1, 2010;—Am. 2018, Act 664, Eff. Mar. 29, 2019;—Am. 2024, Act 1, Imd. Eff. Feb. 21, 2024.

Compiler's note: Enacting section 1 of Act 325 of 2010 provides:

"Enacting section 1. (1) Except as provided in subsection (2), this amendatory act takes effect April 1, 2010.

"(2) Section 3207 of the estates and protected individuals code, 1998 PA 386, MCL 700.3207, as amended by this amendatory act, takes effect on the date this amendatory act is enacted into law."

Popular name: EPIC

700.7107 Governing law.

Sec. 7107. The meaning and effect of the terms of a trust are determined by the following:

- (a) The law of the jurisdiction designated in the terms of the trust unless the designation of that jurisdiction's law is contrary to a strong public policy of the jurisdiction having the most significant relationship to the matter at issue.
- (b) In the absence of a controlling designation in the terms of the trust, the law of the jurisdiction having the most significant relationship to the matter at issue.

History: Add. 2009, Act 46, Eff. Apr. 1, 2010.

Popular name: EPIC

700.7108 Principal place of administration.

Sec. 7108. (1) Without precluding other means for establishing a sufficient connection with the designated jurisdiction, terms of a trust designating the principal place of administration are valid and controlling if any of the following apply:

- (a) A trustee's principal place of business is located in or a trustee is a resident of the designated jurisdiction.
- (b) A trust director's principal place of business is located in, or a trust director is a resident of, the designated jurisdiction.
 - (c) All or part of the administration occurs in the designated jurisdiction.
- (2) A trustee is under a continuing duty to administer the trust at a place appropriate to its purposes, its administration, and the interests of the qualified trust beneficiaries.
- (3) Without precluding the right of the court to order, approve, or disapprove a transfer, the trustee, in furtherance of the duty prescribed by subsection (2), may transfer the trust's principal place of administration to another state or to a jurisdiction outside of the United States.
- (4) The trustee shall notify the qualified trust beneficiaries in writing of a proposed transfer of a trust's principal place of administration not less than 63 days before initiating the transfer. The notice of proposed transfer must include all of the following:
 - (a) The name of the jurisdiction to which the principal place of administration is to be transferred.
 - (b) The address and telephone number at the new location at which the trustee can be contacted.
 - (c) An explanation of the reasons for the proposed transfer.
 - (d) The date on which the proposed transfer is anticipated to occur.
- (e) In a conspicuous manner, the date, not less than 63 days after the giving of the notice, by which a qualified trust beneficiary must notify the trustee in writing of an objection to the proposed transfer.
- (5) The authority of a trustee under this section to transfer a trust's principal place of administration without the approval of the court terminates if a qualified trust beneficiary notifies the trustee in writing of an objection to the proposed transfer on or before the date specified in the notice.

- (6) In connection with a transfer of the trust's principal place of administration, the trustee may transfer some or all of the trust property to a successor trustee designated in the terms of the trust or appointed under section 7704.
- (7) The view of an adult beneficiary must be given weight in determining the suitability of the trustee and the place of administration.

History: Add. 2009, Act 46, Eff. Apr. 1, 2010;—Am. 2018, Act 664, Eff. Mar. 29, 2019.

Popular name: EPIC

700.7109 Notice; methods; waiver.

- Sec. 7109. (1) Notice to a person under this article or the sending of a document to a person under this article shall be accomplished in a manner reasonably suitable under the circumstances and likely to result in receipt of the notice or document. Permissible methods of notice or for sending a document include first-class mail, personal delivery, delivery to the person's last known place of residence or place of business, or a properly directed and identified facsimile or electronic message.
- (2) Notice otherwise required under this article or a document otherwise required to be sent under this article need not be provided to a person whose identity or location is unknown to and not reasonably ascertainable by the trustee.
- (3) Notice under this article or the sending of a document under this article may be waived in writing by the person to be notified or sent the document.
- (4) Notice of a judicial proceeding shall be given as provided in sections 1401 to 1403 and as otherwise provided by court rule.

History: Add. 2009, Act 46, Eff. Apr. 1, 2010.

Popular name: EPIC

700.7110 Others treated as qualified beneficiaries.

- Sec. 7110. (1) A charitable organization expressly named in the terms of a trust to receive distributions under the terms of a charitable trust has the rights of a qualified trust beneficiary under this article if 1 or more of the following are applicable to the charitable organization on the date the charitable organization's qualification is being determined:
 - (a) The charitable organization is a distribute or permissible distribute of trust income or principal.
- (b) The charitable organization would be a distributee or permissible distributee of trust income or principal on the termination of the interests of other distributees or permissible distributees then receiving or eligible to receive distributions.
- (c) The charitable organization would be a distributee or permissible distributee of trust income or principal if the trust terminated on that date.
- (2) A person appointed to enforce a trust created for the care of an animal under section 7408 or another noncharitable trust under section 7409 has the rights of a qualified trust beneficiary under this article.
- (3) During the nondisclosure period of a trust described in section 7409a, a person granted a nondisclosure correlative right or protection power over the trust has the rights of a qualified trust beneficiary under this article.
- (4) The attorney general of this state has the following rights with respect to a charitable trust having its principal place of administration in this state:
- (a) The rights provided in the supervision of trustees for charitable purposes act, 1961 PA 101, MCL 14.251 to 14.266.
- (b) The right to notice of any judicial proceeding and any nonjudicial settlement agreement under section 7111.

History: Add. 2009, Act 46, Eff. Apr. 1, 2010;—Am. 2024, Act 1, Imd. Eff. Feb. 21, 2024.

Popular name: EPIC

700.7111 Nonjudicial settlement agreement.

- Sec. 7111. (1) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (2), interested persons may enter into a binding nonjudicial settlement agreement with respect to any matter involving a trust.
- (2) A nonjudicial settlement agreement is valid only to the extent it does not violate a material purpose of the trust and includes terms and conditions that could be properly approved by the court under this article or other applicable law. A nonjudicial settlement agreement shall not be used to accomplish the termination or modification of the trust.
 - (3) Matters that may be resolved by a nonjudicial settlement agreement include any of the following:
 - (a) The interpretation or construction of the terms of the trust.

- (b) The approval of a trustee's report or accounting.
- (c) Direction to a trustee to perform or to refrain from performing a particular act or to grant to or to withhold from a trustee any power.
 - (d) The resignation or appointment of a trustee and the determination of a trustee's compensation.
 - (e) Transfer of a trust's principal place of administration.
 - (f) Liability of a trustee for an action relating to the trust.
- (4) Any interested person or trustee may request the court to approve or disapprove a nonjudicial settlement agreement. On a determination that the representation as provided in part 3 was adequate, that the agreement does not violate a material purpose of the trust, and that the agreement contains terms and conditions the court could have properly approved, the court shall enter an order approving the agreement.
- (5) As used in this section, "interested persons" means persons whose consent would be required in order to achieve a binding settlement were the settlement to be approved by the court.

History: Add. 2009, Act 46, Eff. Apr. 1, 2010.

Popular name: EPIC

700.7112 Rules of construction.

Sec. 7112. The rules of construction in sections 2605 to 2608 that apply in this state to the interpretation of and disposition of property by will also apply as appropriate to the interpretation of the terms of a trust and the disposition of the trust property.

History: Add. 2009, Act 46, Eff. Apr. 1, 2010.

Popular name: EPIC

700.7113 Penalty clause for contest of trust.

Sec. 7113. A provision in a trust that purports to penalize an interested person for contesting the trust or instituting another proceeding relating to the trust shall not be given effect if probable cause exists for instituting a proceeding contesting the trust or another proceeding relating to the trust.

History: Add. 2009, Act 46, Eff. Apr. 1, 2010.

Popular name: EPIC

700.7114 Trustee having insurable interest under life insurance policy; conditions.

Sec. 7114. A trustee of a trust has an insurable interest in the life of an individual insured under a life insurance policy that is owned by the trustee of the trust acting in a fiduciary capacity or that designates the trust itself as the owner if, on the date the policy is issued, both of the following are true:

- (a) The insured is 1 of the following:
- (i) A settlor of the trust.
- (ii) An individual in whom a settlor of the trust has, or would have had if living at the time the policy was issued, an insurable interest.
- (b) The life insurance proceeds are primarily for the benefit of 1 or more trust beneficiaries that have 1 of the following:
 - (i) An insurable interest in the life of the insured.
- (ii) A substantial interest engendered by love and affection in the continuation of the life of the insured and, if not already included under subparagraph (i), who are 1 of the following:
- (A) Related within the third degree or closer, as measured by the civil law system of determining degrees of relation, either by blood or affinity, to the insured.
 - (B) Stepchildren of the insured.

History: Add. 2014, Act 8, Imd. Eff. Feb. 11, 2014.

Popular name: EPIC